Inspectors of Tobacco shall commence on the first Monday of March next ensuing their appointment.

Dyer v. Bayne, 54 Md. 87. Smoot v. Somerville, 59 Md. 84. Merrill v. School Commrs. Garrett Co., 70 Md. 269. Commrs. Calvert Co. v. Hellen, 72 Md. 603. Sappington v. Slade, 91 Md. 645.

Sec. 14. If a vacancy shall occur during the session of the Senate, in any office which the Governor and Senate have the power to fill, the Governor shall nominate to the Senate, before its final adjournment, a proper person to fill said vacancy, unless such vacancy occurs within ten davs before said final adjournment.

Vacancy during session.

Smoot v. Somerville, 59 Md., 84. Ash v. McVey, 85 Md., 119.

Sec. 15. The Governor may suspend or arrest any military officer of the State for disobedience of orders or other military offence; and may remove him in pursuance of the sentence of a Court Martial; and may remove for incompetency or misconduct, all civil officers who received appointment from the Executive for a term of vears.

Courts martial.

Cantwell v. Owens, 14 Md., 215. Harman v. Harwood, 58 Md., I. Townsend v. Kurtz, 83 Md., 331. School Commrs. v. Goldsborough, 90 Md., 195.

Sec. 16. The Governor shall convene the Legislature, or the Senate alone, on extraordinary occasions: and whenever from the presence of an enemy, or from any other cause, the Seat of Government shall become an unsafe place for the meeting of the Legislature, he may direct their sessions to be held at some other convenient place.

Extra sessions of Legislature.

Sec. 17. To guard against hasty or partial legislation veto power. and encroachments of the Legislative Department upon the co-ordinate, Executive and Judicial Departments, every Bill which shall have passed the House of Delegates, and the Senate shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the Governor of the State; if he approve he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it with his objections to the House in which it originated, which House shall enter the objections at large on its Journal and proceed to reconsider the Bill; if, after such reconsideration, three-fifths of the members elected to that House shall pass the Bill, it shall be sent with the objections to the other House, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if it pass by three-fifths of the members elected to that House it shall become a

Vetoed bills: