ought to be free and frequent, and every white* male citizen having the qualifications prescribed by the Constitution, ought to have the right of suffrage.

Bevard v. Hoffman, 18 Md., 479.

Art. 8. That the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Separation of powers of Government ought to be forever separate and distinct from each other; and no person exercising the functions of one of said Departments shall assume or discharge the duties of any other.

- State v. Chase, 5 H. & J., 304. Crane v. Meginnis, 1 G. & J., 463. Mitchell v. Mitchell, 1 Gill, 66. Prout v. Berry, 2 Gill, 147. Miller v. State, 8 Gill, 145. Watkins v. Watkins, 2 Md., 341. Wright v. Wright, 2 Md., 429. Thomas v. Owens, 4 Md., 189. Gough v. Pratt, Adm'r, 9 Md., 526. Calvert v. Williams, 10 Md., 478. Mayor, &c., of Balto., v. State, 15 Md., 376. State v. N. C. R. W. Co., 18 Md., 193. Miles v. Bradford, 22 Md., 181. Mayor, &c., of Balto., v. Horn, 26 Md., 206. Green's Estate, 4 Md. Ch. Dec., 349. Waters v. Roche, 72 Md., 264. Van Witsen v. Gutman, 79 Md., 405. Mayor, etc., of Balto., v. Ulmán, 79 Md., 469. McCrea v. Roberts, 89 Md., 251. Roby v. Prince George's Co., 92 Md., 161. Beasely v. Ridout, 94 Md., 659. Board of Supervisors, Prince George's Co. v. Mitchell, 97 Md., 330.
- Art. 9. That no power of suspending Laws or the execution of Laws, unless by, or derived from the Legislature, laws. ought to be exercised, or allowed.
- Art. 10. That freedom of speech and debate, or proceedings in the Legislature, ought not to be impeached in any speech. Court of Judicature.
- Art. 11. That Annapolis be the place of meeting of the Seat of gov-Legislature; and the Legislature ought not to be convened, ernment. or held at any other place but from evident necessity.
- Art. 12. That for redress of grievances, and for amend-Meeting of ing, strengthening, and for preserving the laws, the Legisla- Legislature. ture ought to be frequently convened.
- Art. 13. That every man hath a right to petition the Leg-Right of peti-islature for the redress of grievances in a peaceful and tion. orderly manner.
- Art. 14. That no aid, charge, tax, burthen or fees ought Levying of to be rated, or levied, under any pretence, without the con-taxes. sent of the Legislature.
- Art. 15. That the levying of taxes by the pool is grievous and oppressive, and ought to be prohibited; that paupers Poll tax. ought not to be assessed for the support of the Government; but every person in the State, or person holding property.

*The word "white" omitted under the 15th Amendment to the Constitution of the United States.