provided nevertheless, that if the frames or logs aforesaid, shall not be so closely united and joined together as to prevent the earth carried into the space included as aforesaid, from being washed out between the logs and timbers of the frames aforesaid, and from being drifted into the port, in such manner as to obstruct or endanger the navigation thereof, the wardens aforesaid shall have full powers and authority to direct the owner or owners of such wharfs, to make the frames thereof so tight, compact and close, as to prevent the earth from being washed out and drifted as aforesaid; and if they shall neglect or resuse to comply with the direction and order of the said wardens, for the space of eight weeks after the same have been duly notified unto them, in that case such owner or owners shall forseit and pay such fine or sines as may be imposed by the mayor, recorder, and aldermen, or any other person, for contravening the

Wardens oath. provisions of this act.

VII. And he it enacted, That said wardens shall take the following oath, or affirmation, as the case may be; "I, A. B. do swear or affirm, that I will discharge the trust of warden of the port of the city of Annapolis to the best of my ability, without favour, affection or partiality."

An appeal shall lie, &c.

VIII. And he it enacted, That in all differences that shall arise between any citizen of Annapolis and said wardens, touching the discharge of their duty as such, an appeal shall lie to the said mayor, recorder, and aldermen.

Fines appropriated. IX. And he it enasted, That all fines that may arise in consequence of this act, shall go to the use of the city of Annapolis, in such manner as said mayor, recorder, aldermen, and common council-men, shall from time to time direct.

C H A P. XXVII.

Passed Mar. 6. An ACT to establish permanent salaries for the chanceller and the judges.

Preamble.

HEREAS the independence and uprightness of judges are essential to the impartial administration of justice, and a great security to the rights and liberties of the people; and by the declaration of rights it is directed, that the chancellor, and all judges, should hold their commissions during good behaviour, and that salaries liberal, but not profuse, should be secured to them during the continuance of their commissions; and that the chancellor, or any judge, ought not to hold any other office, civil or military, or receive sees or perquisites of any kind: And whereas the chancellor and the judges, from the nature of their office, must necessarily dedicate the far greater part of their time to qualify themselves for the faithful discharge of their duty, and it is just and proper that they should receive from the public a reasonable, adequate, and permanent compensation, for their services;

Salary to chancellor, arc.

II. Be it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the chancellor, and the judges, shall be entitled to receive at the rate of the following annual salaries, in current money, during the continuance of their commissions, to wit: To the chancellor six hundred and sifty pounds current money; to the chief judge of the general court six hundred pounds; to the other judges of the general court, each sive hundred pounds; to the judges of the court of appeals, each two hundred pounds; to the judge of the court of admiralty two hundred and sifty pounds.