

§ 37. No law, enacted by the general assembly, shall relate to more than one subject, and that shall be expressed in the title.

§ 38. The general assembly shall not change the venue in any criminal or penal prosecution, but shall provide for the same by general laws.

§ 39. The general assembly may pass laws authorizing writs of error in criminal or penal cases, and regulating the right of challenge of jurors therein.

§ 40. The general assembly shall have no power to pass any act, or resolution, for the appropriation of any money, or the creation of any debt, exceeding the sum of one hundred dollars, at any one time, unless the same, on its final passage, shall be voted for by a majority of all the members then elected to each branch of the general assembly; and the yeas and nays thereon entered on the journal.

ARTICLE III.—*Concerning the Executive Department.*

§ 1. The supreme executive power of the commonwealth shall be vested in a chief magistrate, who shall be styled the governor of the commonwealth of Kentucky.

§ 2. The governor shall be elected for the term of four years, by the qualified voters of the state, at the time when, and places where, they shall respectively vote for representatives. The person having the highest number of votes shall be governor; but if two or more shall be equal and highest in votes, the election shall be determined by lot, in such manner as the general assembly may direct.

§ 3. The governor shall be ineligible for the succeeding four years after the expiration of the term for which he shall have been elected.

§ 4. He shall be at least thirty-five years of age, and a citizen of the United States, and have been an inhabitant of this state at least six years next preceding his election.

§ 5. He shall commence the execution of the duties of his office on the fifth Tuesday succeeding the day of the general election on which he shall have been chosen, and shall continue in the execution thereof until his successor shall have taken the oaths, or affirmations, prescribed by this constitution.

§ 6. No member of congress, or person holding any office under the United States, or minister of any religious society, shall be eligible to the office of governor.

§ 7. The governor shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation, which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the term for which he was elected.

§ 8. He shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of this commonwealth, and of the militia thereof, except when they shall be called into the service of the United States; but he shall not command personally in the field, unless advised so to do by a resolution of the general assembly.

§ 9. He shall have power to fill vacancies that may occur, by granting commissions, which shall expire when such vacancies shall have been filled according to the provisions of this constitution.

§ 10. He shall have power to remit fines and forfeitures, grant