

1 in most of the State Constitutions that we now have.
2 That was his first point. That we asked him, and I have
3 forgotten how many he said. Maybe you remember, Mr. Chair-
4 man, but my recollection was that the overwhelming majority
5 of states provide that the person who is in charge of the,
6 and responsible for the fiscal affairs of the State should
7 be elected, or is elected.

8 Now, the second point he made was that this is
9 a salutary provision because it does provide a system of
10 checks and balances. By that he meant that if a person
11 is elected by the people and feels directly responsible
12 to them, then in the most important aspect which government
13 deals with them, namely their pocketbook, he is free to
14 report to the people the fiscal facts as he sees them and
15 is not bound by what the Governor may say.

16 He pointed to his own experience in this past
17 administration, almost past administration, when the
18 Governor advocated a tax increase and when he campaigned
19 very strongly that there was no necessity for a tax in-
20 crease and brought that matter to the attention of the
21 people, and, of course, he was later proven to be right