2006 LAWS OF MARYLAND

- (I) THE INMATE WAS SERVING A SENTENCE FOR A VIOLATION OF \$\ \circ\ 3 \circ\ 5 \circ\ 3 \circ\ 5 \circ\
- $\frac{(II)}{HAD}$ THE PAROLE WAS REVOKED FOR A FINDING THAT THE INMATE
 - 1. COMMITTED A VIOLENT CRIME WHILE ON PAROLE;
- 2. COMMITTED A VIOLATION OF § 3-307, § 3-308, § 3-315, § 3-321 THROUGH 8-324, OR § 3-602 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; OR
- 8. COMMITTED A VIOLATION OF § 11 721 OR § 11 722 OF THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE ARTICLE.

Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings

4 301.

- (b) Except as provided in § 4-302 of this subtitle, the District Court also has exclusive original jurisdiction in a criminal case in which a person at least 18 years old or a corporation is charged with:
- (21) Violation of §§ 16 801 through 16-804 of the Election-Law Article;
 - (22) Violation of § 3 203(c) of the Criminal Law Article; OR
 - (23) VIOLATION OF § 11 721 OF THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE ARTICLE.

4 - 302

- (a) Except as provided in § 4 301(b)(2), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), [and] (22), AND (23) of this subtitle, the District Court does not have jurisdiction to try a criminal case charging the commission of a felony.
- (d) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the jurisdiction of the District Court is concurrent with that of the circuit court in a criminal case:
- (i) In which the penalty may be confinement for 3 years or more or a fine of \$2,500 or more; or
- (ii) That is a felony, as provided in § 4 301(b)(2), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), [and] (22), AND (23) of this subtitle.

Article - Criminal Law

3 303

(a) A person may not: