

- (III) A BLACK;
- (IV) AN ESKIMO;
- (V) A HISPANIC;
- (VI) AN ORIENTAL;
- (VII) A PUERTO RICAN; OR
- (VIII) A WOMAN.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This subsection is new language derived without substantive change from former Art. 41, § 483(a)(2) and (4).

In paragraph (1)(i) of this subsection, former Art. 41, § 483(a)(2), which defined "[d]isadvantaged person", is combined with the first and second sentences of § 483(a)(4), since the former term "disadvantaged person" and the former, similar words "[t]he disadvantage" appeared only in those sentences of former § 483(a)(4). Therefore, a separate definition of "disadvantaged person" was unnecessary.

Also in paragraph (1)(i) of this subsection, the former phrase "chronic economic circumstances of background" is deleted as unnecessary in light of the existing broader reference to any "economic disadvantage".

In the introductory clause of paragraph (2) of this subsection, the former language "but is not limited to" is deleted as unnecessary in light of the use of the defined term "includes".

In paragraph (2)(iii) of this subsection, the term "Black" is substituted for the former reference to "Negroes", since the Office of Minority Affairs indicates that "Black" is the preferred term.

In paragraph (2)(v) of this subsection, the term "Hispanic" is substituted for the former reference to "Spanish speaking Americans", since "Hispanic" is the preferred term.

In paragraph (2)(viii) of this subsection, the noun "woman" is substituted for the former word "females" since, while the former word may be used either as a noun or adjective, its preferred usage is as an adjective.

Defined terms: "Includes"; "including" § 1-101