

(3) ANY CHILD RESIDING WITHIN THE PARTY'S HOUSEHOLD, INCLUDING A CHILD OTHER THAN THE CHILD WHO IS THE SUBJECT OF THE CUSTODY OR VISITATION PROCEEDING.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect July 1, 1991.

April 30, 1991

The Honorable R. Clayton Mitchell, Jr.
Speaker of the House of Delegates
State House
Annapolis, Maryland 21401

Dear Mr. Speaker:

In accordance with Article II, Section 17 of the Maryland Constitution, I have today vetoed House Bill 459.

This bill would clarify when blind or hearing-impaired pedestrians have the right-of-way.

Senate Bill 453, which was passed by the General Assembly and was signed by me on April 30, 1991, accomplishes the same purpose. Therefore, it is not necessary for me to sign House Bill 459.

Sincerely,
William Donald Schaefer
Governor

House Bill No. 459

AN ACT concerning

Vehicle Laws - Right-of-Way - Blind, Deaf, and Hearing Impaired Pedestrians

FOR the purpose of altering certain provisions of law relating to handicapped pedestrians to remove certain limitations on when a driver must yield the right-of-way to certain handicapped pedestrians; removing certain prohibitions from existing law; clarifying language; and generally relating to requirements regarding the yielding of the right-of-way to certain blind, deaf, and hearing impaired persons.

BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

Article - Transportation

Section 21-511

Annotated Code of Maryland

(1987 Replacement Volume and 1990 Supplement)

SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows: