RTS.

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mands against the faid Estate, are defired to give in the same to LETTICE WARDROP,
ALEXANDER SYMMER,
JOSEPH BELT, junior,

ALEXANDER SYMMER,
JOSEPH BELT, junior,

River, a Mile below the Ferry, being beautifully

fituated, containing about 200 Acres; on it there is a large Dwelling-House, with Five Fire Places,

HEREAS there is a Vacancy for a Mafter in Somerfet County School: Any Person properly Qualified, upon applying to the Visitors, will meet with such Encouragement as the Law relating to Free Schools will support them in. Signed by Order,

ARNOLD ELZEY, Register.

To be RENTED or LEASED for a Term of YEARS,
VALUABLE Tract of LAND, containing

A 1000 Acres, lying in Fairfax County, in Virginia, about 40 Miles above Alexandria, on the main Road leading from thence to Winchefter. The faid Land will be laid out in Tenements of One or Two Hundred Acres, and has a Quantity of rich Meadow Ground upon it.

For Terms, enquire of the Subscriber, living in Prince-George's County, Maryland.

THOMAS BROOKE, Son of Walter.

A SCHEME of a LOTTERY, OR Raising the Sum of Two Hundred and Fifty Pounds for Enlarging and Repairing the PUBLIC WHARF, and Erecting a GRAMMAR SCHOOL, in Alexandria, viz.

3 Tickets	at £	. 50	£. 150
3 Ditto	at	25	75
10 Ditto	at	10	100
20 Ditto	at	5	100
40 Ditto"	at	2	80
745 Ditto	at	. 3	745
821 Prizes. 2179 Blanks.		Sum raised 250	

3000. Tickets at 10 s. £. 1500 HE above is not three Blanks to a Prize. without any Deduction.

The Drawing to begin the 23th Day of Odeber The Prizes to be published in the Virginia and

Maryland Gazettes, and the Money to be paid as foon as the Drawing is finished. All Prizes not demanded in fix Months after

Publication, will be deem'd as generously given to the Uses aforesaid. The following Gentlemen are appointed Managers, George William Fairfax, William Ramfay,

John Carlyie, Gerard Alexander, John Dalies, George Johnston, George Mason, John Hunter, Robut Adam, and John Muir, Trustees of the said Town, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath that they faithfully discharge the Trust reposed in them.

Charles County, June 22d, 1760.

Charles County, June 22d, 1760.

AN away last Night from the Subscribers, two Convict Servants, viz.

James Williams, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, of a fair Complexion, short dark Hair, and the two fere Fingers of his right Hand cut off (as he says by his Mother.) Had on an Osnabrigs Shirt and Trowsers, a blue Sailor's Jacket, old Shoes and Stockings, and an old Hat.

Thomas Orford, a Lad, about 5 Feet 4 or 5 Inches high, sand Hair, white Eye-brows, and freckled Face. Had ea a black Que Wig, pretty good Hat, Shoes and Stockings. It is suspected they will sheal other Cloaths, and that they have a forzed Pass as Sailors.

It is suspected they will hear oute.

have a forged Pass as Sailors.

Whoever secures both or either of the said Servant, is that they may be had again, shall have Four Pistoles Resard for both, or Two Pistoles for either, paid by

BENJAMIN FENDALL,

JOHN FENDALL.

WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING. ere all Persons may be supplied with this moderate Length are taken in and inferted after, and in Proportion for long Ones.

## MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, October 2, 1760.

NEW-YORK, September 22.

Proceedings of the Army under General AMHERST, from the Time they embarked at Ofwege (on the 10th of August) to the happy Reduction of Mont-REAL, the 8th of September following, viz.

HAT, arriving the first Night after they set off, at the River Sable, they continued there till Noon the next Day, when they pushed forward and got to the River l'Assemption; thence they proceeded to Bay Niora, from thence to Isle Cauchon, Isle Cheverill, and on the 16th landed on Point Auberie. At 11 this Night (the French Brig lying about 15 Miles off) Colonel Williamfon, and the five Row Gallies, together with the Grenadiers and Light Infantry, were dispatched to take her, which they did at Fight in the Morning of the 17th, after a fmart Fire: In this Affair we lost a Serjeant of Artillery, and two private Men; the French had 3 killed, and 12 wounded; and we took 100 Prifoners. The Brig mounted Twelve 14 Pounders. Embarking from this Point, we arrived at Oswegatchie, and encamped on a Hill to the Eastward of the Fort, where we renained till the 18th, when we rowed down towards Isle-Royale. Here our new acquired Brig anchored within Cannon Shot of the Enemy's Battery, when a Cannonading began; and while they were thus employed, our Light Infantry and Grenadiers got below the Fort. At Noon, a Party was ordered to cut a Road to the Point on the Eastern Shore, which is about 700 Yards from the Fort. At Five o'Clock this Day, Commodore Lorring, and our two other Vessels, went down to affilt the Prize, where they amused the Enemy, while our Works were going on, on the Weitern Side; 20th of August, at Day-break, a Captain and 2 Subalterns from each Regiment, and 160 Men, went to make Pascines. At Noon, Colonel Murray, 6 Captains, 6 Subalterns, and 300 Privates, went to take Post at the East Side of the River, below the Fort; and the Fascines being got ready, a Battery was erected. The Enemy continuing their Cannonade, our Ships hauled off from

their Battery, it blowing hard, and very rainy.

At 12 on Friday the 22d, we marched below the Fort, and our Rear joined us in their Boats between Twelve and One in the Morning of Sa.

The 23d, at Day-break, our Batteries began to fire. At Ten our Vessels were ordered down: Capt. Phips, in the Mohawk, led, and ran close along Side the Fort, where he brought to, with a spring on his Cable, and kept up an incessant Fire of Great Guns, and Small Arms, which silenced the Enemy much; but their Shot at length cut the Cable of the Mohawk, who drove down with the Stream, and being much damaged, and in Want of her Anchor, was forced to run a-ground. Our Men in this Affair behaved extremely well. Com-Men in this Affair behaved extremely well. Commodore Lorring, in the Onondago, and Captain Sinclair, in the Williamson (the French Brig that was) bore down between 10 and 11, but too late to affist the Mohawk; however, they ran close to the Fort, poured in their Broadsides, and Small Arms from the Tops; our Batteries going at the same Time, and the Enemy not idle with their Artillery and Musquetry, made very pretty Music. At Three o'Clock, Captain Sinclair's Brig being disabled, was obliged to fall below the Fort, and the Commodore getting a-ground close to it, was such that the Enemy, whose Fire raked him, and dismounted his Guns. In this Condition he was difmounted his Guns. In this Condition he was obliged to furrender, being wounded withal, and the French attempted feveral Times to go on board to hoift a White Flag, and carry our People on Shore; but they were as often disappointed, for our Battery Guns drove their Boats into the Air, while their Crews went to the Bottom. At Six o'Clock, Lieut. Penning, with a Party of Grena-

diers, in two Whale-Boats, set off from the Grand Battery, and proceeding through a Fire of Grape Shot and Small Arms, as thick as Hail, got safe on board the Onondago, and hoisted the English Colours, but, to his Misfortune, found her full of Water. In this Exploit he lost fix Grenadiers, and had feveral wounded. Our Ships being entirely disabled, our Mortars and Haubitzers played all the Night following, every Shell falling within the Island, which though small, was extremely well fortisted all round, to the Water's Edge, and commanded by M. Pausheau. We have had Abundance of Rain lately.

Sunday, August 24. All our Mortars continued playing very smart: No Likelihood of recovering the Commodore's Ship. The Mohawk was most

horribly torn. All Night our Mortars played. August 25. All Night our Mortars played. Another new Battery, which was begun Yesterday, will be ready to open To night; and our two Vesfels are getting ready with all Expedition, to go up and cover the Boats intended for a general storm To-morrow. The Enemy kept a brisk Fire Yesterday, and this Morning. About 4 P. M. the French beat a Parley, and at Seven our Grenadiers took Possessing. The Enemy had about 80 killed and wounded; and we had near 50 killed and wounded. The 26th and 27th, employed in delroying our Patteries, and recairing the Damadestroying our Batteries, and repairing the Damages of the Fort.

28th. Still employed in repairing the Fort, and endeavouring to weigh the Onondago, and moved our Camp to Abbey Picquets Island.

29th. Employed as before.

30th. This Day arrived a Party of French Indians, who report General Murray's being near

30th. This Day arrived a Party of French Indians, who report General Murray's being near Montreal, with a large Fleet of Frigates.

31st. Set off from Abbey Picquets Island, and proceeded down the River for Montreal. The Stream this Day was pretty strong. We landed at Eve, and waited till September 1st, when we put off again, and passed the Rapids, or Long Falls, and encamped 3 Leagues from Lake St. Francis.

Tuesday, September 2. Received Orders, in

Tuesday, September 2. Received Orders, in case of an Attack, to land, and charge any Enemy that prefented themselves to us, and the Party so landing, to make an obstinate Resistance, as they might depend on being supported.

September 3d. Eeing bad Weather, lay by all

September 4th. Set off, and crossed Lake St. Francis, and about 11 o'Clock arrived at the Town Francis, and about 11 o'Clock arrived at the Town of Gaspey. Here we passed large Falls, and lost an Officer and 85 Men, at Bloody Point, and a great Number of Boats. About 2 o'Clock we passed the Cedar-Town, and at 11 at Night landed on L'Isle Perrot, close to Montreal Isle. The Country very thick settled. This Island has 500 families on it. Families on it.

September 5. Lay by all Day to repair our Damages. Great Numbers of the Inhabitants took the Oaths of Allegiance, and are put in peaceable Possession of their Farms. No Soldier to plunder on Pain of Death. The Indians Yesterday took near 400 Prisoners off the Island of Montreal; and the Indian Sachem, who commanded the Party, told them, that tho' they were in their Power, they had Orders from the English General not to kill any of them, but carry them to their Farms, adding that the French used to bid them kill all. On this Occasion the Indians killed but one Man, who

attempted to run away.

About 5 o'Clock this Day (September 5) Lieutenant Elliott arrived from Col. Haviland, with an Account of L'Isle Soreile being taken; and at 7

Besides the Contents of o'Clock Lieutenant Crofton arrived from General Murray, when Orders were given out to embark at Day break. 6th of September the General beat at Day, and the General himself embarked Half an Hour after, the Army rowing by the right four Columns. At 11 o'Clock we landed on the Island of Montreal (nine Miles from Town) fixed haved so well, that they were looked upon to be

our Bayonets, and formed: We marched directly for the Town, along a most delightful Road, very thick inhabited. About 4 o'Clock we arrived be-fore the Walls of the Town, where we formed in Battle Array, expecting General Levy, with his Army, to come out. Some Skirmishes happened between the Enemy's Troop of Horse, and our Light Infantry. We lay on our Arms all Night,

getting our Cannon up.
September 7. Were posted in proper Columns.
This Day we learned that Monsieur Levy's Regulars were on an Island the other Side of the Town, to prevent Mr. Murray's landing. About eight o'Clock a Flag of Truce came from the City, demanding a Suspension of Arms till they should hear from France; but the Answer they got was, They should have till 12 o'Cleck to consider; and accordingly they began to capitulate. We lay upon our Arms all Night.

September 8th. General Murray's Army landed, and the General, and several of his Officers, came to our Camp. About the same Time arrived at our Camp, Major Christie, from Col. Haviland's Army. The Capitulation being finished the Grenadiers and Light Infantry marched into the Town, commanded by Col. Haldiman, in the following

Order of Procession, viz.

I. A Twelve-pounder with a Flag; and a De-

tachment of Royal Artillery.

II. The Grenadiers of the Line, commanded by Col. Massie.

III. The I ight Infantry of the Line, commanded by Col. Amherst, each with a Band of Music before them. And the eldest Ensign in General Amherit's Army to take Possession of the Colours

of the eight French Regiments. September 9th, 1760. Camp before Montreal.
The Colours of Shirley's and Pepperell's Regiments, lost at Oswego (in 1756) was marched out of Montreal by a Detachment of Grenadiers, and a Band of Music; and carried down the Right of our Line, to Head Quarters, where they were

General Orders; Camp before Montreal, September 9, 1760.

Parole,-King GEORGE, and-CANADA. THE General ices, with infinite Pleasure, the Success that has crowned the indefatigable Efforts of his Majesty's Troops, and faithful Sub-jects in America. The Marquis de Vaudreuille has capitulated; the Troops of France, in Canada, have laid down their Arms, and are not to ferve during the War; the whole Country submits to the Dominion of GREAT BRITAIN. The three Armies are intitled to the General's Thanks, on this Occasion; and he assures them, that he will take the first Opportunity of acquainting his Ma-jesty with the Zeal and Bravery, which has always been exerted by the Officers and Soldiers of the Regulars, and Provincial Troops, and also by his

faithful Indian Allies. The General is confident, when the Troops are informed that this Country is the King's, they will not difgrace themselves by the least Appearance of Inhumanity, or by unfoldier like Behaviour, in taking any Plunder, more especially as the Canadians become now British Subjects, and will feel the good Effects of HIS MAJESTY'S PROTEC-

Saturday last Major M'Clean arrived here from Montreal, which Place he lest the 13th Instant, in full Possession of General AMHERST, and the

Besides the Contents of the above Journal, we are told, that as foon as the Army commanded by General Amherst landed on the Island of Montreal, most of the Peasants laid down their Arms, and lest Monsieur Vaudreuille and Levy to obtain the best Terms they could for them; that our Indians, under the Command of Sir William Johnson, be-