

SOLD.
TENT LAND, lying on
ver, in Cecil County, com-
act as a Plantation, formerly
/on, and now in the Tenure
/on. For Terms apply to
Charles Town.

W GLASS,
AT THE
AL STORE,
IN
more Town.

BY
YD, & Company,
WITH
Galenicals, Perfumery,
Medicines, Paints, Court

LEMONS,
UMENTS, SHOP FURNI-
URE, &c.

is put up in the neatest
with the greatest Care,

MEDICINE CHEST, 9

have already tried, has given
on. The Directions are print-
ell approved of by some of
the Continent. As we pur-
ole Attention to this Business,
l in the Province) and shall
and compleat Assortment of
Way, we hope thereby to
ment of the Public.

regularly twice a Year; but if
any Articles before the Ar-
ion, we shall supply such De-
ug-Store in Philadelphia, as
portunities from thence to this
Customers may always depend
rs compleatly executed, with-
Price.

ce as usual, by Way of Met-
Riith.

APP, WATCH-MAKER,

Method to acquaint the Pub-
as provided an Assistant in the
B BUSINESS, which will
er to Dispatch the Work of
have, and may employ him.
endeavours in that Way, may
definitive End. It is manifest
e, that Numbers of Watch-
ignally well executed) have
the unskilful and injudicious
who assumed the Knowledge
ch they were only Pretenders
have been many Years in
ity Wore, he will engage to
en New; and will at a very
rep, those he repairs, in Or-
all Damages excepted which
om Accidents, such as a Fall,
Main Spring, which the most
cannot often Account for.

Supply any Gentlemen with
Watches, or PLAIN WATCHES,
Quality to be equal to any
one.

the Subscriber, living near
at the last of Year, a Molass
about 5 Feet high; he is
incline to turn inward, has
low of Speech; he has
his much. Had on a Clock
with yellow Metal Buttons,
and old Leather Breeches.

he said Fellow home, shall
a Reward. If taken out of
Shillings, and reasonable
home, paid by
GERARD HOPKINS, junior,
belonged to Capt. Thomas
County, and is a stout

street. All Persons
NTS of a moderate
ines in Proportion.

The MARYLAND GAZETTE.²³¹

[XXth Year.] THURSDAY, November 8, 1764. [N^o. 1018.]

From the PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.
PHILADELPHIA, November 1.

ON Wednesday, the 24th Instant, ISAAC NORRIS, Esq; Speaker of the Assembly, having signified to the House his Inability to attend that Service, from the present State of his Health, the House unanimously chose JOSEPH FOX, Esq; Speaker in his Stead.

And on Friday last the House adjourned to the 7th of January, having appointed BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, Esq; to embark immediately for Great-Britain, to join with, and assist, the present Agent in transacting the Affairs of this Province, for the ensuing Year.

From the PENNSYLVANIA JOURNAL.

Mr. BRADFORD, The Subscribers, at the Close of the late Debate in Assembly, concerning the sending Mr. Franklin to England as an Assistant to our Agent there, having offered a PROTEST against that Measure, which was refused to be entered on the Minutes, it is now thought proper to take this Method, of laying before the Public the Reasons on which their Dissent was founded.

WE whose Names are hereunto subscribed, do object and Protest against the Appointment of the Person proposed as an Agent of this Province, for the following Reasons.

First. Because we believe him to be the Chief Author of the Measures pursued by the late Assembly, which have occasioned such Uneasiness and Distraction among the good People of this Province.

Secondly. Because we believe his fixed enmity to the Proprietors will preclude all Accommodation of our Disputes with them, even on just and reasonable Terms;—So that for these two Reasons, we are filled with the most affecting Apprehensions, that the Petitioners lately transmitted to England, will be made use of to produce a Change of our Government; contrary to the Intention of the Petitioners; the greatest part of whom, we are persuaded, only designed thereby to obtain a Compliance with some equitable Demands.—And thus, by such an Appointment; we, and a vast Number of our most worthy Constituents, are deprived of all Hopes of ever seeing an End put to the fatal Difficulties of our Country; it being our firm Opinion, that any further Prosecution of the Measures for a Change of our Government at this Time, will lay the Foundations of unceasing Feuds; and all the Miseries of Confusion, among the People we represent, and their Posterity. This step gives us the more lively Affliction, as it is taken at the very Moment, when we are informed by a Member of this House, that the Governor has assured him of his having received Instructions from the Proprietors, on their hearing of our late Dispute, to give his Assent to the Taxation of their Estates in the same manner that the Estates of other Persons are to be taxed, and also to confirm, for the Public use, the several Squares, formerly claimed by the City. On which Subjects, we make no doubt, the Governor would have sent a Message to the House, if this had been the usual Time of doing Business, and he had not been necessarily absent to meet the Assembly of the Lower Counties.

And therefore we cannot but anxiously regret, that, at a Time when the Proprietors have shown such a Disposition, this House should not endeavour to cultivate the same, and obtain from them every reasonable De-

mand that can be made on the part of the People; in vigorously insisting on which, we would most earnestly unite with the rest of this House.

Thirdly. Because the Gentleman proposed, as we are informed, is very unfavourably thought of by several of his Majesty's Ministers; and we are humbly of Opinion, that it will be disrespectful to our most gracious Sovereign, and disadvantageous to ourselves and our constituents, to employ such a Person as our Agent.

Fourthly. Because the Proposal of the Person mentioned, is so extremely disagreeable to a very great Number of the most serious and reputable Inhabitants of this Province of all Denominations and Societies (one Proof of which is, his having been rejected, both by this City and County at the last Election, though he had represented the former in Assembly for 14 Years) that we are convinced no Measure this House can adopt, will tend so much to inflame the Resentments and imbitter the Divisions of the good People of this Province, as his Appointment to be our Agent.—And we cannot but sincerely lament, that the Peace and Happiness of Pennsylvania should be sacrificed for the Promotion of a Man, who cannot be advanced but by the Convulsions of his Country.

Fifthly. Because the unnecessary haste with which this House has acted in proceeding to this Appointment (without making a small Adjournment; tho' requested by many Members, to consult our Constituents on the Matters to be decided; and) even before their Speaker has been presented to the King's Representative, tho' we are informed that the Governor will be in Town the Beginning of next Week;—may subject us to the Censures and very heavy Displeasure of our most gracious Sovereign and his Ministers.

Sixthly. Because the Gentleman proposed, has heretofore ventured, contrary to an Act of Assembly, to place the Public Money in the Stocks, whereby this Province suffered a loss of £.6000; and that sum added to £.5000 granted for his Expences, makes the whole Cost of his former Voyage to England, amount to ELEVEN THOUSAND POUNDS; which expensive kind of Agency we do not chuse to imitate, and burden the Public with unnecessary loads of Debt. For these and other Reasons, we should think ourselves guilty of betraying the Rights of Pennsylvania, if we should presumptuously commit them to the Discretion of a Man, against whom so many and just Objections present themselves.

Lastly. We being extremely desirous to avert the Mischiefs apprehended from the intended Appointment, and as much as in us lies to promote Peace and Unanimity among us and our Constituents, do humbly propose to the House, that if they will agree regularly to appoint any Gentleman of Integrity, Abilities, and Knowledge in England, to assist Mr. Jackson as our Agent, under a Restriction not to present the Petitions for a Change of our Government, or any of them, to the King, or his Ministers, unless an express Order for that Purpose be hereafter given by the Assembly of this Province, we will not give it any Opposition. But if such an Appointment should be made we must insist (as we cannot think it a neces-

The Money here meant was a sum granted by Parliament as an Indemnification for part of our Expences in the late War, which by Act of Assembly was ordered for its better Security to be placed in the Bank.

Dr. FORMAN was mentioned by the Subscribers as a proper Person.

fary one) that our Constituents, already labouring under heavy Debts, be not burthened with fresh Impositions on that Account; and therefore, in Condescension to the Members, who think another Agent necessary, we will concur with them, if they approve of this Proposal, in paying such Agent at our own Expence.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
THOMAS WILLING,
GEORGE BRYAN,
AMOS STRETTELL,
HENRY KEPPELE,
JOHN DICKINSON,
DAVID MCANAGHY,
JOHN MONTGOMERY,
ISAAC SAUNDERS,
GEORGE TAYLOR.

October 20, 1764.

N. A. P. L. E. S. July 24.

FROM the beginning of the epidemical Distemper, to the last Day of June, it is computed that 572,000 Persons have died in this Kingdom.

Lyons, Aug. 18. A Swedish Vessel arrived here Yesterday from Algiers, and has brought home the Consul, who sailed there on the Part of this Dutchy, in Consequence of a Declaration of War by the Bey of Algiers against the Emperor, Grand Duke of Tuscany. This sudden rupture is said to be occasioned by a Vessel under Tuscan Colours, which was taken by the Algerians, and released on the Representation of our Consul; but was afterwards found to be a Neapolitan.

Genoa, Aug. 14. Paolo continued to block up St. Florent both by Sea and Land. Sickness, Scarcity, and Distraction weaken the Place daily.

Algiers, Aug. 21. A Genoese Polacre, under English Colours and Passport, with 14 Men on board, arrived here a few Days ago to pay Corn (The Day, informed of the Fraud, immediately told the Vessel and Crew. The Captain of this Genoese Polacre, a Greek by Birth, has informed the Day that there are now, at Sea, 25 Genoese Vessels, all furnished with the Passports and Flags of Great Britain. As many Ships take Advantage also of the Colours and Passports of Denmark, the Day, we are assured, is on the Point of declaring War against the Powers, as he has just done against Tuscany.

LONDON, Aug. 8. The celebrated Morgan, the Highwayman, has had four narrow Escapes for his Life's Run, he had like to have been hanged at the late five in Newgate; Secondly, he escaped hanging by receiving his Majesty's Clemency. Thirdly, he was near Drowning in his Voyage from New-York to Philadelphia; Fourthly, and lastly, he has again escaped hanging for a Time, by breaking out of Newgate on Tuesday Morning last.

A Letter is now circulating universally