Afon, at Mr. Thomas Spring MARES at Thirty Shiffing and, if paffured, at Forty, and, unless the Cash be sensual. (W3).

the 2d Infl. from the Ship Fall Sailor, named John Fiebs, about a Feet Eight Inches high, wan is pitted with the Small-Pot Looks pleafant. Had on whe

looks pleafant: Had on who d green Jacket, and Dutch Cap ids the above John Fipps, and is

the Subscriber may have him

C O

d can have to WILLIAM FARE felling the Leafe of the Lot and possesses.

LIS RACES. cond Day of May next, a Sweet for SIXTY GUINEAS, will for SIXTY GUINEAS, will Ground, near this City.

Il be run for, a PURSE of ONE UNDS Current Money, the Lord of the cach Heat: If rifing Four Year, of Celding, the best of Three ach Heat: If rifing Four Year, to carry 8 Stone 4 Pounds, luded; Five Years old, 9 Stone, and to be run for, upon the same inder of the Subcription Money, noc.

Every Person that runs a ding; for the Wednesday's Purfe, with Mr. WILLIAM GREEN, of the Race, with whom shall be ners of his, or her Age; and, at Subscriber, he shall pay 50% if Entrance.

For the Thursday, 50% shall be entered on the Wednesday of the Wednesday, and he was the content of the Wednesday. Entrance.—For the admission of the West of fatisfactory Vouchers produced, and pay Entrance, if a Subferithers, 40%—The Time of

thers, 407. The Time of ween One- and Three o'Clock in Judges will be appointed to debich may arife; and, at the Westhey are at Liberty to put off the D, by GERRARD HOPKINS, all Sorts of Cabinet and Chair-Manner, and genteelest Taffe, n Gay-Street, near the Upperown, where all foreign Orders unctually complied with; and, walnut, and Cherry-Tree, he it will be in his Power to give

atisfaction. above Furniture may be had (w6)

-Marlberough, March 20, 1769 r has moved to the House lately Scott, of this Place, where he AVERN stand, as he has been providing for the same in the this Method of informing the deavours will not be wanting to our him with their Custom.

WILLIAM: URQUHART ber has provided a good Hoftler, the best Provision and Pastu-

OLIS RACES, in: May mixt, OLIS RACES, in May min, to the BEST BIDDER.

RE, with Food by OTHELLO.

By James Budenan, of Glagow, pril 1762 i She was got by Spor, ARTNER, out of a full Sifter to Dam by Cake, his Grand-Dam by Cake, his Grand-Dam by Cake, a by Sepayar, her great great been, out of a Barb Mare, out of a Barb Mare, out of a Barb Mare. orie Year old, out of the above

got by OTHELLO.

, a dark grey Filly, rifing Three is got by SELIM, and her Dam

th grey March rifing. Five Years by Tauz Reston, and her Dam umberland a EBONY. MARRI rifing. Eight Years by Dabster, out of a Three TARE, and is now with Foal by

, at the PRINTING-ADVERTISEMENTS, tinuance. Long Ones oft kinds of BLANKS, h their proper Bonds NG-WORK performed O N D O N, Jamery 28. T is faid that the Inflructions agreed upon on Thursday, to be given to the Representatives of the City of Westminster, are to be carried round to every Housekeeper there, for their Approbation; which is to be expressed by the signing their Names to the Instructions.

A Person is at this Time

mployed to find out such of the Creditors of John Vilkes, as are in low Circumstances, to whom he pays os, in the Pound, with legal Interest, since the Debts

os. in the Pound, with legal interest, came due respectively.

A great Personage remarked, upon hearing an eleant State Carriage was now building, intended for a refent to Mr. Wilkes, that it was like giving a Man Pair of Boots to wear, after his Legs were cut off.

We hear that a celebrated Speech, made a few Days to extremely pathetic, as to draw Tears

nce, was so extremely pathetic, as to draw Tears om several of the Hearers.

from feveral of the Hearers.

It is faid a Lady is just arrived in England, from France, where she was carried by her Husband, a Man of considerable Fortune, 13 Years ago, and by him onfined in a Convent, where she was used with great everity, but from whence she has lately found Means o make her Escape, and intends to apply for Justice in her Husband, who has been married to another wife a Years.

Wife 8 Years.

They write from Vienna, of January 7, that Orders and just been issued for a very considerable Body of Austrian Troops, to be ready to take the Field by the Middle of March next, though it was given out those Proops are only intended to form Two Armies of Observation.

Jes. 31. It is faid, That by a Clause in a late Will, to Part whatever of the deceased's Effects can in any rife, either now or hereaster, devolve to a certain po-

ular Gentleman.

It is said, that a young Lady, possessed of every external Beauty, and of a Mind also stored with every neemal Embellishment, gave the following remarkable Instance of her filial Affection. Upon her being informed a large Fortune, the Bequest of a near Relation, would come to her on attaining the Age of 21, he exclaimed, "Would to GOD the Period was now trived, that I might be able to affist my injured Fahre!"

The Hague Gazette of Jan. 20, under the Head London, Jan. 13, has the following Article: "The Count de Czernichew, Ambaffador from the Court of Petersburg, hath, from Time to Time, Conferences with the King's Ministers, which, we have Reason to believe, are relative to the approaching War between Russa and the Porte. We cannot say with Certainty, whether, or in what Manner, Great-Britain will sur-nish Succours to the some of those Powers."

They write from Leghorn, that Three of Paoli's Cor-

nish Succours to the former of those Powers."

They write from Leghorn, that Three of Paoli's Corfeirs had fallen in with a new 16 Gun Frigate, built at Geno2, on her Passage to Toulon, manned by Genoese Sallors, which the Corsicans made Prize of, and had carried her safe into Port.

It is now considently reported, that the Fleet fitting out for the Mediterranean, is to proceed farther up, and to bombard a certain Capital City, at no very great Distance from another Strait, famed for the Story of Two Lovers, celebrated in Poetical Tale. This, as we are told, is at the Requisition of a certain Power, in Alliance with Great-Britain.

Feb. 2. Some Letters from Algiers mention, that the Consul of a certain Power, labours hard to persuade the Dey and Regency to a Rupture with the Confusae, and to send a Number of his Corsairs to cruize on the Coasts of that Island.

By the last Letters from Lamaies, we are informed.

By the last Letters from Jamaica, we are informed, that the Governor of the Havanna had received a positive Order from Old Spain, not to discharge any of the foreign Shipwrights employed therein, on any Condition whatever; so intent are they to complete their Naval Force, to be in Readiness to act on the lift Emperature.

fift Emergency.
It is remarkable, that Two Gentlemen, Brothers on a late and North-Britons, gave their Approbation, on a late Occasion, in Favour of a very popular Person.

1. The following is faid to be an authentic Extract from a Letter of a Great Man Abroad, to a Man

eract from a Letter of a Great Man Abroad, to a Man of Diffinction here in England; "I am here a voluntary. Exile for the Quiet of my K—; would it not have been better, if my virulent Opponent had continued fo too, for the Quiet of his Country."

We hear that Two particular Gentlemen have rectived Penfinons each, one of social, the other 1200 l.

ceived Pensions each, one of socol, the other 18001.

per Annum.

Feb. 8. We are told by Letters from Poland, that the Preparations making by the Russians and Turks, forebode a great Essuage of Blood. The Court of Russia, if they should be wanted, will bring 300,000 Men into the Field, and the Turks propose to attack them on all Sidesa but in Proportion as they strip their Provinces. Tumpits will probably arise there, of which the Russians may greatly avail themselves.

By the Nimber of Caders going out in the East-India Shipa; it is computed their usual Army of 12,000 Men, will soon amount to treble that Number.

A great Patriot, it is said, will repair to Holland to loss as he is at 1 berry; and from themse open a scene, selative to the British. Cahinet, which will assonish all Europe.

We are informed that a great Number of Freeholders of the County of Middlefex, Gentlemen of independent Fortunes, are come to a Resolution of subscribing sool, each, for the Support of Mr. Wilkes in his Election, and to enable him to go through his other Prosecutions.

It is the general Opinion, that the last Address of a certain popular Gentleman, will be deemed a Libel.

Extrall of a Letter from Rome, Jan. 7, 1769. "This Day Lord B—, under the Name of Stuart, with his Son and Two other Gentlemen, arrived here. He was met by Four of his Countrymen, who belong to the Pretender's Court; and who had been fent there

to attend his Arrival."

CORK, Jan. 5. The Silence observed by France, in not publishing the least Account of the Embarkation of Troops, from her Ports, to the West-Indies, Africa, &c. of late, is very remarkable, and particularly as several Transports were lost in the Bay of Biscay, on board of which, it is said, there were 1200 Men, being Part of a much greater Number, bound for Martinico and Guadaloup.

A COPY of a LETTER supposed to be written by a Secretary of State to Daniel Ponton, Esq; Chairman of the Quarter-Sessions at Lambeth, April 17, 1768, with Mr. Wilkes's prefatory Remarks, as published in the St. James's Chronicle, Dec. 10, 1768.

Mr. BALDWIN,

I SEND you the following authentic State-Paper, the I Date of which, prior more than Three Weeks to the fatal 10th of May, shows how long the borrid Massacre in St. George's Fields, had been planned and determined upon before it was carried into Execution, and bow long a bellish Projest can be broaded over by some infernal Spirits, with out one Mament's Remorfe.

AVING already fignified the King's Pleasure to the Lord Lieutenant of the County in which you reside, with Regard to the Measures to be taken in general for preserving the Peace, at a Time so very riotous, a Disposition has discovered itself among the common People, I make no Doubt but either some Steps have, or will immediately be taken, by him on that Head; and I take it for granted, that, as Chairman of the Sessions, you will meet the Gentlemen who act in the Commission of the Peace for the Borough of Southwark and East Hundred of Brixton, to consult together, and fix upon some Plan, for securing the public Tranquility against any Mischiefs that may happen, should the same indecent Spirit of Tumush and Disorder which has appeared in the City and Liberties of Wessminster, spread itself in those Parts which are within the Line of your Duty. And, tho' I am persuaded it is unnecessary to suggest to you, or the Gentlemen who will meet you, any Part of your Duty on such an Occasson, yet, after the recent alarming Instances of Riot and Consuscion, I cannot help apprizing you, that much will depend upon the preventive Measures you shall, in Conjunction with the other Gentlemen in the Commission of the Peace, take on your Meeting; and much is expected from the Vigilance and Activity, with which such Measures will be carried into Execution, when I inform yon, that every possible precaution is taken to support the Dignity of your Office; That upon Application from the Civil Magintrate, and to act according as he shall find it expedient and necessary. I need not add, that if the Public Peace is not preserved, and if any riotous Proceedings, which may happen, are not supposed to, the Blame will most probably be imputed to a Want of prudent and fignited conduct in the Civil Magistrate. As I have no Reason to doubt your Caution and Discretion, in not calling for their Aid, and making Use of them effectually, when there is Occasion. That Occasion always presents itself when the Civil Power is trisled with, and insulated a n AVING already fignified the King's Pleasure to

To the Gentlemen, Clery, and Freeholders of the County

Gentlemen,

Hold myself accountable to you for every Action
of my Life, which respects the Public. I defire to
stand, or fall, by your free and unbiassed Judgment.
I wish to be directed by your Counsel and Instruction
in all Matters of Importance. It is my great Ambition to shew myself not quite unworthy of the Choice
you have made of me as your Representative, nor of
being the Colleague of the worthy Patriot, Mr. Glynn,
whom I thank you for having joined with ine in the
facted Trust.

Incred Truit.

I rake the earliest Opportunity, Gentlemen, of flating to you the following Farticulars. I caused to be printed and published, in the St. James a Chronicle of December the roth, a Letter of the Secretary of State, Written from St. James's, on the 17th of April; to Mr.

Justice Ponton, with some presatory Remarks. I avow the Publication of both. I will go surther, and declares that I first, several Months ago, transmitted to the Press the Letter of the Secretary at Ware, dated May the 11th, returning Thanks, in the King's Name, to the Officers and Soldiers of the Third Regiment of Guards, for the rank and soul Murders committed in these Fields, on the 10th of that Month. My Hand trembled while I copied what I blushed to read, and I gave it to the Public, in the only Way my present Situation could admit, with the Hope of promoting a Parliamentary Enquiry into that Bloody Transaction, which, I trust, this Second Publication will now accomplish, and, because, I think, this free Nation has a Right to be fully informed of the Conduct of Administration, in so important a Concern, as the Loss of the Lives of many Subjects.

Administration, complains of me for having published the Letter of the Secretary of State. I complain to the Nation that such a Letter has been written: This is not a Letter on any personal Business or Pleasure; I would have scorned to have published any such: This Letter was from a Secretary of State, to the Chairman of the Quarter-Selkons at Lambeth, and is written in Characters of Blood. It affects deeply the Constitution of this Country, and every Man in our Island. I will at present leave it to the honest Indignation of every Englishman: I shall now only add, that if I have not given to the Public, a most accurate and faithful Copy, I ask Pardon of the Secretary of State. If I have, then I will fay, that for the innocent Blood of our Countrymen spile in Consequence of that Letter, the Writer ought to ask Forgiveness of GOD and his Country,

men spik in Consequence of that Letter, the Writer ought to ask Forgiveness of GOD and his Country, and pass the Remainder of his Life in Penitence and Tears.

I am, with great Deference and Effeem,
GENTLEMEN,
your faithful and obedient bumble Servant,

KING's-BENCH Prifon, JOHN WILKES. Saturday, Dec. 17, 1768. The above State Paper occasioned the following Resolves.

The above State Paper occasioned the following Resilves.

Veneris 17, Die Decembris, 1768.

A Message from the Lords, by Mr. Harris and Mr. Cuddon; that the Lords do desire a present Conference with this House, in the painted Chamber, touching a Matter highly concerning the Peace and good Order, as well as the Dignity of his Majesty's Government. And then the Messengers withdrews

Resilved, That this House doth agree to a present Conference with the Lords, as is desired by their Lordships. And the Messengers were again called in. And Mr. Speaker acquainted them; that this House had considered their Message; and did agree to meet the Lords, at a present Conference, as their Lordships do desire.

And then the Messengers again withdrew.

Ordered, That a Committee be appointed, to manage the said Conference. And a Committee was appointed accordingly. And the Names of the Managers were called over; and they went to the Conference. And being returned; the Lord North reported the Conference; and that it was, to acquaint this House, that the Lords, having taken into Consideration the Contents of a News-Paper, intituled, "The St. James's Chronicle, or the British Evening Poss, from Thursday, December the 3th, to Saturday; December the 10th, 1768," their Lordships had come to the following Resolution, viz.

Chronicle, or the British Evening Post, from Thursday, December the 10th, 1763," their Lordships had come to the following Resolution, viz.

Resolution, Esquire, in Parliament affembled, that the Introduction to the Copy of a Letter, addressed to Daniel Ponton, Esquire, Chairman of the Quarter-Sessions at Lambeth, and dated St. James's, the 17th April, 1768, contained in a certain News-Paper, entitled, "The St. James's Chrownicle, or the British Evening Post, from Thursday "December 2th, to Saturday December 10th, 1768, printed by Henry Baldwin, at the Britannia Printing
ing-Office, No. 103, Fleet-Street," is an insolent, seandalous, and seditious Libel, tending to inslame, and fit up the Minds of his Majesty's Subjects to Sedition, and to a total Subversion of all good Order and legal Government. Which Resolution, together with the said News-Paper, their Lordships had directed to be communicated to this House, and desire the Concurrence of this House to the said Resolution. And that the Conference was also to acquaint this House with what Conference was also to acquaint this House with what had appeared, by Evidence given at their Lordships Bar upon Oath, touching the said Libel being sent to the Press, and with the Names of the Persons examined the Preis; and with the Names of the Persons examined with Respect to that Matter. And likewise to communicate to this House certain Manuscripts, produced to their Lordships by one of the said Witnesses. And the said Report and Part of the said News-Paper, and the said Manuscripts, were read,—And the said Resolution being read a Second Time—

Ordered, That the said Report be taken into surther Consideration on Monday Morning next.

Ordered, That Henry Baldwin and John Swan do attend this House at the same Time.

attend this House at the same Time.

Lune, 19, Die Decembris, 1768.

THE House (according to Order) proceeded to take into further Confideration the Report of the Conference held on Friday hist with the Lords. And the House being informed, that Henry Baldwin and John Swan attended according to Order; the faid Henry Baldwin was called in and the printed News-Papers, intitled, so The Br. James's Chronicle, of the British Evening Post, from Thursday December the 3th, to Saturday of December, the 10th, 1768; printed by Henry Bald.