

# MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1770.

COMMITTED to Anne Arundel County Jail, as a Runaway, Negro SUE, she says she belongs to Benjamin Skinner, of Calvert County. Her Master is desired to take her away and pay Charges. JOHN CLAPHAM, Sheriff. N. B. She has a Child with her.

Baltimore-Town, January 20, 1770. STOLEN out of the Subscribers Pasture, on the Twelfth of October last, a large black roan HORSE, a natural pacer, shod before, trim'd with hanging and standing Mane, his Tail trim'd, branded C H, he is about Ten Years old, and being used to the Draft is dull. Whoever will bring the said Horse and Thief, to the Subscriber, shall receive as a Reward for the Thief, Fifty Shillings, on Conditions he be convicted of the Theft, and Fifty Shillings for the Horse without the Thief, paid by CORNELIUS HOWARD.

POST-OFFICE, Annapolis, January 11, 1770. THE Delivery of LETTERS out of the Office, without immediate Pay, is not only attended with great Inconvenience, but a considerable Loss: I have therefore determined for the future, that no Letters shall be delivered to any Person whatever, without the Money being paid; and I beg any Gentlemen who send their Servants to the Office, for Letters, may attend to this Notice, which will prevent the disagreeable Necessity of my sending them back without their Errand. ANTHONY STEWART, D. P. M.

W A N T E D. MASTER for Charles County Free-School. Any Person qualified, and comes well recommended, may enter immediately, as the said School is now vacant. WALTER HANSON, THO. CONTEE, SAM. HANSON, JA. CRAIK, Visitors.

January 6, 1770. To all SEAFARING GENTLEMEN. RICHARD BLAKE, Captain of a SLOOP bound to the West-India Islands, left Patuxent River, Three Years next August; and there being various Reports, that he is yet alive, and under Confinement at the Bay of Honduras, in Hispaniola, or on some Part of the Spanish Main, and could have been redeemed for Twenty-five Pounds: We the Subscribers do certify, that he has an Estate of his own worth some Hundreds of Pounds, in Calvert County, in Maryland; therefore his own Obligation is sufficient Surety to any Gentleman that will be good enough to make Enquiry for him, and procure his Enlargement, should he be in Confinement: We do also beg of all Seafaring Gentlemen, to enquire in all their Travels, and if they can hear any Thing of the said Capt. RICHARD BLAKE, or of John Wilkingson, his Mate, to be either alive, or dead, to give Intelligence, by a Letter, to Mr. Charles Crabtree, at Lower-Marlborough, on Patuxent River, in Maryland, and the Favour will be acknowledged, by THOMAS BLAKE, JOSEPH BLAKE, WILLIAM DARE.

January 12, 1770. RAN away last Night from Piquetaway, a white Servant Boy, named JAMES TAYLOR, belonging to the Rev. Mr. Boutwell, of Virginia. He is about 16 Years of Age, pretty lively, has short light colour'd Hair, and is of a ruddy Complexion: Had on and took with him when he went away, a black Velvet Cap, blue Duffel Great-Coat, Drab Frizz Coat, with Cape and Sleeves, with plain Silver Buttons, plain blue Broadcloth Waistcoat, with a like Button, Leather Breeches, and Boots and Shoes. Whoever apprehends the said Servant, and brings him to his Master, shall be rewarded for his Trouble. JOHN BAYNES.

To be SOLD, or LET, on Lease, for TEN YEARS, THE valuable WATER-MILLS, in Charles County, on the Head of Allen's Fresh. Twenty Acres of Land, on which the Mills, &c. stand, were condemned, and a Lease granted for a Number of Years, about 72 of which are to come.—There are 4 Pair of Stones on 1 Dam, 2 Tub Mills, and a Double-geared Under-shot Mill, which carries 2 Pair of Stones and 2 Bolting Clothes, all new and well fixed.—On the Premises are a good Dwelling-House and Store adjoining, a Brick Bake-House, with an Oven that will draw 125 lb of Bread at once, a Granary, Kitchen, and several Out-Houses, it is likewise well situated for Custom, and convenient for Trade.

Any Person that inclines to purchase, may have Seven Years Time of Payment, on giving Bond and Security, if required, and paying the Interest annually; or, if on Lease, the Rent must be paid annually. THOMAS CONTEE, JAMES SWANN.

M GREEN, at the PRINTING-2s. 6d. a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS, each Week's Continuance. Long Ones ready Printed, most kinds of BLANKS, and all Sorts, with their proper BONDS, and of PRINTING-WORK performed

L O N D O N, October 21. Extra of a Letter from a Gentleman at Madras, to his Friend in London, March 7, 1769.

HAD Sullivan or Rouse, whoever of them is at the Helm, but a little of my Advice, Hyder Ali would be made a faithful Ally. He is a Man of Sense, of Course of that Honour which Interest invariably dictates. Having had the Honour of a private Audience of our amiable and most sensible Nabob, Mahomed Ali Cawn, I asked his Excellency what ought to be done to subdue Hyder Ali: He pointed to his Sabre, then to the Beagle Leaf; the one an Expression of Revenge, the other of Friendship. He spoke Wisdom in these Signs. Hyder has been injuriously treated by certain G—rs. War should only be carried on in strokes here, otherwise the Secret would be discovered. Were Hyder properly guaranteed in the Mysore, and treated as a Friend, we should never have any Thing to fear from the Morattoes;—but he must be extirpated, is the general Cry.—He has heard it. He'll die hard, as the Saying is at Sea.

"I must not forget to tell you, that our Melancholy was magnificently dispelled on the First of January last, at a superb Entertainment, which our noble Nabob gave in Honour of his Majesty. Eastern Princes mix Politics with their public Shews and Feats. I make no Doubt but Mahomed Ali had his Views in the Entertainment he gave us; but I have for once seen the Effusion of sincere Friendship from a Prince in Favour of a superior King. He, it seems, had wrote a Letter to his Majesty, and accompanied it with Presents by G—r P—k. The most illustrious and virtuous of Monarchs made a suitable Return to Mahomed, and, among other Tokens of his Friendship, sent him his Picture, and that of her Majesty, set round with Diamonds. All the World was invited, a magnificent Entertainment was prepared, and the Nabob came in all the State of his Station, the Pride of the East, and the Figure of a Prince. A Herald then approached, and, on a Bed of Gold, brought the King's Letter and Present. The one was read in all the Languages, and the other handed about. Then the Nabob rose up, and made a speech in Favour of his Majesty, which, for Dignity of Expression, and Beauty of Metaphor, was, as I understood it, the finest that was ever pronounced. Towards the Conclusion, Tears of Friendship dropped down his Beard. We all felt the Scene, and I could not but reflect, that there was a singular Happiness in our receiving a warmer Sense of the Virtues of our Sovereign, from the generous Sensibility of a Mahomedan. What ought Englishmen to feel, when Foreigners shed Tears of Admiration for the Humanity, Equity, Virtue, and Merits of their King?"

Q<sup>u</sup>. 26. The ruined Finances, and internal Weakness of France, appear daily more and more. They now pay one Half in French Livres, and the other Half in French Promises. The Swedes are heartily sick of their Alliance with them; and the Turks perceive themselves Dupes to the so much boasted Assistance of France, who, God help her, is not able to assist herself; and having herself, for these Fifty Years past, had no other Subsistence but by fishing in troubled Waters.

Lord Bute is not now going abroad, as mentioned in a Morning Paper, but is arrived at his House in South Audley-Street for the Winter Season: However, if the Parliament don't meet 'til February, we will not say he will be present at the Opening of the Session.

It is certain, that large Sums of our Gold Coin have been lately drawn out of the Bank of England, by some Scotch Bankers, and placed in the Bank of Scotland, with what View this has been done, it is very easy to guess.

A very great Patriot, in the Eyes of the Public in general, but of the Livery in particular, has, we are assured, within Two Days, declared, "that the Expectations of the People shall be complied with;" and that "if Petitions alone will not do, Remonstrances must follow."

Q<sup>u</sup>. 31. By a Gentleman returned from a Journey of near 350 Miles, we learn, that the Cause, not the Person, of Mr. Wilkes, is generally and heartily espoused.

Nov. 3. We are informed, that the true Reason for the late Meeting of the Parliament, is to give Time for settling the American Complaints; which, we hear, will be the first Object, and that a late Governor will return thither, early in the Spring, with a Douceur that will insure his Welcome.

We are informed, that the M—y are vastly embarrassed whether to take any, or what Notice, at the Opening of the Session, of the various Petitions that have been presented.

It is imagined, that the Earl of Buchan will be elected one of the 16 Scotch Peers, in the Room of the late Lord Eglington.

Several Persons are talked of to succeed Col. Montgomery, now Earl of Eglington, as Deputy Ranger of St. James's Park; on the Presumption, that his Lordship will not now chuse to continue in that Post.

Among others, Mr. Thynne, Brother to Lord Weymouth, is mentioned on this Occasion.

HARWICH, Q<sup>u</sup>. 28. Mr. Heppensall, remarkable for purchasing Curiosities, is just arrived in Town.

He has been Seven Months in Foreign Parts, in order to collect such Rarities as may really engage the Attention of the Public. He has brought with him an amazing little Woman, named Maria Teresa, who was born in the Island of Corfica, on Mountain Stats Ota, in the Year 1743. She is only Thirty-two Inches high, extremely agreeable in her Person, of admirable Symmetry, and has a great Deal of Vivacity and Spirit. A Child of Two Years of Age has larger Hands and Feet, and she weighs but Twenty Six Pounds. She speaks Italian and French, and affords a pleasing Entertainment to every Spectator.

B O S T O N, January 4, 1770.

Extra of a Letter from a Gentleman in London, to one in Boston, dated November 1, 1769.

"Lord Hillsborough does not speak with that Certainty of a Repeal next Session, as he did some Months ago; and with Regard to the Duty on Tea, he is entirely for keeping it on, and only for taking off the Duties upon Paper, Glass, and Painters Colours.—As for Governor Bernard, he has desired in Answer to your Petition, to be heard before the King and Council; and the Proofs sent to support the Allegations in the Petition, will not have so much Weight, as his Conduct (as my Lord Hillsborough says) was by Order from the Ministry; however, they don't seem to have any Inclination to send him back to your Government, but only that he may resign with an Eclat."

Extra of a Letter from a Merchant in London, to his Correspondent in Boston, dated Nov. 4, 1769.

"The great End of Government is to unite all its Subjects in one Interest; to make every Part of the Empire, and every Individual in it, contribute to the Welfare of the Whole; and to apply the Force of the Whole, to the Protection of every Individual. Combinations therefore entered into by the Subjects in one Part of the Empire, against those of another, are a Kind of Treason to the Whole—are in their Nature contradictory to all the Principles of good Government, and ought never to be permitted in a well-ordered Empire. If your People build any great Expectations upon their raising Clamours and Tumults, in this Kingdom, by their distressing our Manufacturers, there does not seem to be the least Tendency to any Thing of that Kind.—Clamours enough we have of other Sorts; but such as proceed from a Fulsness of Bread, and a Plenty of Trade, rather than from the Want of it. In Truth your People greatly over-rate their own Importance; and are not aware of the Variety of Resources of Trade, of which this Nation is possessed, beside that of North-America: And in Fact, notwithstanding all your Combinations, our Trade has this Year been as great as ever. In our own House, I know, we have found no Want of it. But the Ground I go upon, is the Produce of the Sinking Fund, which is the sure and never-failing Pulse of the National Commerce; and that comes out now by the last Year, and the last Quarter's Account, made up to Michaelmas last, to be as great as ever. Nor are the Manufacturers disposed now again to adopt the same Sort of Clamour.—Once they were artfully led into it: They have since upon Reflection seen the Fallaciousness of it; it is now a stale Device, and will not do a Second Time. Certain it is, there are now no Complaints of Want of Trade."

Jan. 8. A Merchant of this Town, now in London, writes his Correspondent here, by Captain Johnson, that he finds, no Distress upon Trade in England;—that the Merchants of Birmingham, and other manufacturing Towns, have shipped a vast Quantity of Goods, as Wool-Cards, &c. in Hogheads and Boxes, directed to divers Apothecaries in New-England.

Extra of a Letter by the Packet, from a Gentleman in London, to his Friend in Boston, dated Nov. 3, 1769.

"During my Stay in Yorkshire, the Resolutions of your Merchants, and the capricious Resolves of many of your Assemblies, were frequently the Topic of Conversation amongst my Acquaintances in that Part of the Country. The Non-importation Scheme, which, on a former Occasion, operated so much to your Advantage, is now looked upon by the principal Merchants and Manufacturers, as an idle Menace, chiefly calculated to impose on the Credulity of the Vulgar.—Never could there have been a Time, when an Agreement of that Kind would have less affected the Manufacturers than the present.—The Combinations in the North of Europe, of which I see no Likelihood of a speedy Termination, have increased the Demand for our Woollens to such a Degree, that our principal Merchants are obliged to solicit those very Persons for their Manufactures, who, not above Eighteen Months ago, considered themselves, as under the greatest Obligations to them for their Customs.—The ridiculous and ill-timed Vaunts, which have been repeatedly thrown out in your News-Papers, such as that you will barter Great-Britain into your Terms, have had no small Effect in rousing the Resentment not only of the Ministry, but of the Nation in general against you."

"Our Friend Mr. T—, with whom I dined Yesterday, informs me, that amongst other Things, it was proposed, at the last Meeting of the Ministry, that Orders should be sent to the several Governors in America, directing them to issue their Proclamations, assuring all such Persons, as were inclined to import Goods from Great-Britain, of every Protection which

the civil Power could afford; and if that proved insufficient, the Military should be called to its Aid.—If this Plan be adopted, which our Friend assures me, there is little Reason to doubt of, it will certainly be attended with very salutary Effects on your Side the Water, as it is universally believed here, that nothing prevents most of your principal Merchants from importing, as usual, but a Dread of the Resentment of a deluded People, under the Influence of a few Men, who, like some of the *Whigs* here, have too long carried on the *base* Designs, under the Mask of Patriotism, and the glorious Love of Liberty.—If you expect to avail yourselves of the Disturbances here, or that a Change in the Ministry would be productive of a Change of Measures, be assured, your Hopes are founded on the most fallacious Principles. All the Bawlings about Wilkes, Liberty, and ministerial Oppression, are nothing more, than the Clamour raised by the *Outs*, to work themselves into Place, but, the Moment they have gained their Point, which there is little Probability of at present, you may depend upon it, they will adopt those very Measures, which they now so loudly exclaim against."

Letters by the Packet inform, that John Hughes, Esq; Collector of his Majesty's Customs at Portsmouth, is appointed Collector of South-Carolina; Benjamin Hallowell, junr. Esq; Collector of Portsmouth, in the Room of Mr. Hughes; and George Melrose, Esq; Comptroller of this Port, in the Room of Mr. Hallowell.

OXFORD, in the County of Worcester, Dec. 24, 1769.

In about 29 Months past have died in this Town of the Throat Difterper, 144 Persons, mostly Children from 2 to 14 Years of Age, and 28 Persons have died of other Disorders, making in the Whole 172; which Number, according to a Calculation, is about one Seventh Part of the Inhabitants that were living in Oxford when the Sickness began in the Town.—31 of the aforesaid Number are buried in 15 Graves; and Three Families have buried 21 Children, viz: Two Families Eight Children each, and the other Five Children.—For some Weeks past the Sickness has stopped.

PROVIDENCE (Rhode-Island) January 6.

Captain William Black, who arrived here on Tuesday Evening, from Nantucket, informs, that Three Vessels were cast ashore on that Island the Week before last, viz: a Brig from Halifax, bound to Newport, and owned there by Mr. Lopez; the Vessel rove to Pieces, but the Crew and Part of her Cargo saved.—a Sloop from Maryland or Virginia, bound to Boston, with 300 Barrels of Flour, which it was thought would be saved—and a Sloop from Turks-Island, for Newberry, with Salt; Vessel and Cargo saved.

Captain Black saw a Sloop on Tuckanuck Shoals, without any Person on board, and it is feared the Crew have perished.

A Brig, bound for London; with 1000 Barrels of Oil on board, took Fire at Nantucket, about Two Weeks since; but the Flames were suppressed before much Damage ensued.

N E W Y O R K, January 19.

Saturday Night last, a Number of Men belonging to the 16th Regiment, quartered in this City, made an Attempt to cut down the Liberty Pole in the Fields, by sawing off the Spurs round it, and afterwards attempted to blow it up, by boring a Hole in the Pole, which they filled with Powder, and set Fire to it; but all their Endeavours were in Vain; the Pole being so well secured with Iron, that they could not penetrate it, so that they could not accomplish their Design.—They then fellied forth in a furious Manner, with their Bayonets drawn, upon a small Number of Gentlemen (who were standing near the House of Mr. Mountayne) when they entered the House, after having destroyed all the Front Windows;—one of the Soldiers made a Thrust with his Bayonet at a Person, which he parrying with his Hand, only received a slight Wound in the Forehead;—after which some of their Officers interposing, they retired to their Barracks.

A N N A P O L I S, FEBRUARY 1.

On Sunday Night last, Mr. Gaffney Rowlings, over South River, had the Misfortune of losing, by Fire, a Stable with Five Horses therein, and a Corn-House containing One Hundred Barrels of Corn.—A Negro, now in Jail, late the Property of Mr. Rowlings, is suspected of having committed the above Felony, in Revenge for his having been sold by his Master contrary to his own Inclination.—About 14 Days ago Mr. Rowlings lost a Chaise-House and Two Carriages, in the same Manner.

The Brigantine *Good Intent*, Capt. Errington, is arrived off this Harbour, from London, having on board *European* and *East-India* Goods, consigned to sundry Gentlemen, Inhabitants of *Anne-Arundel*, *Prince-George's* and *Baltimore* Counties. We are informed, that on Tuesday next there will be a new solemn Meeting of the Inhabitants of this County, in order to consider of, and determine what Measures ought to be pursued, relative to the Disposal of all or Part of the above-mentioned Goods in case they have been shipwrecked, contrary to the Association entered into the 20th Day of June last.