afide their austere Behaviour to the Subjects of Great-Britain, and have permitted them to enjoy much greater Advantages, with regard to Trade, than they have done for some Time past.

" The Portuguese now carry on a confiderable Trade with the Americans, especially for Corn, which the former pay for in Caft; but their other Articles they Barter for, however the Americans have carried from hence valt Sums of Money at different Times, by which Means they have been enabled to enlarge their Commerce, and are freed from those Embarrallments which the great want of Cash had often driven them to; and their carrying on such an extensive Trade here will make them less dependant on their Mother Country. They certainly are a very industrious People, and having good Ground to work upon, produce a prodigious Increase, and the Corn is no way inferior to any that has ever been brought from any other Country.

" They are building several Men of War here, and at other Ports, and the Army (such as it is) is kept to strict Discipline, which intimates that they are apprehensive a War is near at Hand.

"The many Executions which have been of late are shocking to human Nature, Gentlemen dragged from their Houses to a Dungeon, and without any Form of Trial, in the Dead of the Night, have their Heads severed from their Bodies, from false Informa-tions. The Crime they were charged with is said to be groundless, because they have never attempted to prove it. I hope I shall be able soon to settle my Affairs, that I may return to my native Country, a Land of Liberty; for I am heartily weary of livin Country, where such Scenes of Cruelty are daily prefented."

Sept. 12. A diffinguished Personage, who made a conspicuous Figure in the Opposition, during the last political Campaign, has hinted to the Premier, that he is willing to shake Hands with him, upon certain Con-

On the other Hand it is afferted, that notwithstanding the Wavering and Inconstancy of some, and the Desection of others, of a certain Society, the patriotic Band have a masqued Battery to play off against next Winter, which will astonish all the Tools of Admini-

We hear from very good Authority, that the Par-liament will not fit for the Dispatch of Business 'til after Christmas, on Account of the American Affairs being likely to terminate fo well.

It is afferted that fresh Overtures of Peace have been made to the Czarina, on the Part of the Grand Signior, which are likely to procure a Ceffation of Arm.

A Letter from Italy, dated August 17, says, "All the Artillery which the Turks had landed at Scio, and fome other Islands, for the better Defence of those Places, is failen into the Hands of the Russians. The Turks who escaped, and flew to Smyrna, after the to-tal Deseat of their Squadron, have massacred all the Greeks they found there."

Extrast of a Letter from a Merchant at Lisbon to a Gen-

tleman in London, dated August 7.

"On the 4th Inst. Mr. Dennis Connell was committed to Jail in a most arbitrary Manner, by an inferior Officer of the City Magistrates, in violation of the Privileges granted to the British Nation by the most folemn Treaties, confirmed by many Royal Decrees, for refusing to sign a Claim made by Brokers, for Brokerage on Sales, at which they were not employed, nor had any Thing to do with. It is done with a View to subject all Sales to the Charge of Brokerage; on which Pretence there is a Law-Suit now depending between the Body of Brokers and the British Factory, as a Claim on an ancient Royal Grant, though often denied them on Appeals to Courts of Justice. It is a stale Attempt at Abuse revived, and made with Vio-lence to intimidate us into Acquiescence. A Design to lay our running Trade and Traders under Contribution. It is, in fhort, an Insult on our Country, and an actual Violation of our Rights. We shall see what our Government will do, as a Representation of the Affair from the Consul and Factory is going to England. Our Judge conservator officially interposed, but without Effect. The Privileges were violated by sending Mr. Connell to a common Prison for a pretended civil Offence. Had it been a real one, it was his right to be sent to the Castle; but he was removed thither Yesterday. to lay our ruining Trade and Traders under Contrithither Yesterday.

Sept. 13. On Friday Morning last the Comptroller of

Sept. 13. On Friday Morning last the Comptroller of the General-Post-Office, with One of the Clerks, were sent Express, in a Chaise and Four, to Falmouth, after the last dispatched New-York Bag, with Orders, that if they did not overtake it there, immediately to get a Yessel, and follow the Packet for that Purpose; supposed to be the Consequence of some Change of Sentiments in the Ministry respecting the New York timents in the Ministry, respecting the New-York Importers.

Laft Night a Messenger arrived at St. James's from the Court of Petersburg, with some secret Dispatches f Importance which were immediately forwarded to Richmord.

The Report is now current in all the publick Offices, that this Nation is on the Eve of a War with some of

the continental Powers

We hear Orders are just given for Eleven Thousand Tons of Shipping to be immediately taken up on Government Contract, to be employed as Transports.

A Fleet of Observation is actually fitting out for Channel Service, and to cruize to the Westward as

far às Cape Finitterre.

A Board of Admiralty is to be held on Tuesday next, on Assairs of great Importance.

We hear. Three Regiments of Insentry on the Irish. Establishment, are ordered to be, in: Readiness to em-

bark for foreign Service.

A Squadron of Spanish Men of War, consisting of Nine Sail besides Transports, were lately seen near off the Bermuda Islands, steering to the South-West, Last Night it was reported that the Spanish Ambas-

fador fet out-on his Journey to Madrid.

Fifteen per Cent. Infurance, against a: War, for One Month was offered yesterday at Lloyd's Coffee House.

We can assure the Publick, that Orders are issued from the Admiralty Office, to equip and completely man Sixteen Sail of the Line, which are to have Three Months Provisions on board: Their Destination is not yet made publick, but from this, and other concurring Circumstances, it seems as if we were not far from the Eye of a War; at least our Ministry wisely put them-selves upon their Guard against any studden Stroke; indeed the amazing Number of Strive that the second indeed the amazing Number of Ships that are getting ready at the feveral Perts of France and Spain, is a Circumstance that demands their most cautious Atten-

Several Transports are taken up to carry Troops and Stores to Gibraltar, to relieve that Garrison; and as a proper Convoy of Men of War must necessarily be appointed to attend them, it is conjectured by the rational Part of Mankind, that this Circumitance has given an Opportunity to the Bulls and Bears to propa-gate the Report of a War, in Order to make a Prey of the Ignorant and undifcerning. In Confequence of this artful Scheme, the Stocks have already fallen

Three or Four per Cent.
It is reckoned that the Sixteen Men of War of the Line, now fitting out, will require 10,000 Sailors to man them.

It is faid that the E- of C-- has been particu-

recommends the restoring the Seals immediately to Lord Camden.

A Gentleman latiy arrived from Italy reports, that the Earl of B-- attends Mass abroad with great Fervency and Devotion.

It is actually said, that a Detachment from the Troops in Halifax is ordered to march into the Province of New-York, to secure the Merchants against the Threats of the Populace.

Lord Hillsborough's and the Attorny General's Visit

at this Time to a Neighbouring Kingdom, has given Rife to many Conjectures, fome of which reflect but little Honour either to the Negociation or Negociators. There is nothing talked of in the City but a Spanish

War, and the Merchants, inflead of being apprehen-five of the Confequences, labour to bring it about. This Day Bank Stock has fallen Three per Cent. and the other Stocks in Proportion; but we have not yet been able to learn the Cause.

It is said very large Insurances on French and Spanish

Property are now making at the East End of the Town, Premiums.

The strictest Orders are fent to New-York to support the Friends of Government in that Colony with the utmost Exertion of both the Naval and Military

Lords Weymouth, Rochford, March, and Sir Edward Hawke, as well as Earls Gower, and Northington, were prefent at the Council held yesterday at St. James's.

It was observed by a great Man at a late most respectable Meeting, that France and Spain were unfaithful as to the Observance of the Treaties substituting between them and this Nation; but that the Behaviour of Portugal, for a long Time pait, has been Ingratitude it-

Another Council will be held in a few Days; when the Affair of the Imprisonment of Mr. Connell (a British Merchant in Portugal) will be taken into Conside-

Mr. Sheriff Townsend, in a late Conference with fome of the Members of Administration, relative the exonerating himself from the Contract he is at sent engaged in, was, after some Conversation, to that no Sum of Money should acquit him. Well then, Gentlemen, replied the Patriot, though you Force me to be your Servant, you may, depend on it I shall never be your Tool.

At the late Visit of a certain Ambassador to Lord Weymouth, it is faid, that he insisted on knowing the Destination of our Men of War now fitting out; but his Lordship assured him, that the English would by no Means be accountable to any Nation on that Head; upon which the Ambassador replied, that if the English would be a country into a War his country into a War his thought proper to drive his Country into a War, his Court fhould be prepared for it; and immediately turning upon his Heel, abruptly left the English Mini-

The Ruffians, by their Land Forces, have not yet made Progress enough to secure the Navigation to the Black Sea, wich is indeed the grand Point aimed at: Till this is accomplished, there will be no Cessation of Arms, and all Reports to that Purport are groundless. Bank Stock has fallen Six per Cent, in one Week.

We are informed that the Russians have Sept. 14. erected an Hospital for their Sick, at Scio; but when the last Letters came away, they had not fer Foot in Asia or Egypt, nor yet attempted the Passage of the Dardanelles, which is but narrow, being no more than Three Quarters of a Mile over, the Current exceeding rapid and contrary, and secured by Batteries

on the Two opposite Shores.

By the latest Accounts from the East-Indies, we hear, that though Hyder Alli has not formally broke with the English in those Parts, yet he has cantoned his Troops within Twenty Miles of their principal Settlements, so as to be able in Two Days to draw together an Army of 50,000 Men, to a Distance less than a Day's March from Madrass.

hursday arrived and remain in the Downs the Russian Squadren, consisting of Three Ships of Was

Russian Squadren, consisting of Three Ships of War, and Sixteen Transports, commanded by Admiral Arff.
Letters from Warlaw, dated Augustas, brought by this Day's Mail, affire us, that the Plague has already carried off 30,000 Souls in the Neighbourhood of Zasan, Ortrog, Chmielnik, Consantnow, Dubno, and Zbarat. In Consequence of these Advices, the Entrance into the Frincipal Cities of that Kingdow is forbidden to all Strangers, who are unprovided with Bills of Health, as well for themselges, as their Riffolia.

PORTSMOUTH, Angel, 21. Yesterday, Order, can't to the Officers here, for their opening. Places of rendezvous to enter Sallors on board the following Measof War here and at Plymouth, vizy the Archites, 60

Guns; Centaur, 74; Saint Antonio, 64; Belloni, Guns; Centaur, 74; saint raintenie, 64; Bellons, 74; Arrogant, 74; Ajax, 74; Dorfethire, 70; Rippon, 64; Hero, 74; Cofnwall, 74; Tamerlane, 74; Burford, 70; Bellide, 70; Firm, 64; and Edgar, 64; and that they may be manned as form as possible, great Encouragement is offered to all able Seamen that will state of the sainten and the s enter.—It is said, that as soon as these Ships have got their Complement of Men, they will be stationed in the Mediterranean as a Fleet of Observation.

B O S T O N, Odober 29. On Thursday last the Honourable House of Reprefentatives chose Dr. Benjamin Franklin Agent for the

House.

The Superior Court of Judicature, and Court of Assize and general Gaol Delivery, met at the Court House in this Town, on Tuesday last, according to Adjournment, for the Trial of criminal Gases, The Trial of Capt. Preston began on Wednesday Morning, and continued every Day since, (Sunday excepted) and it is thought the Trial will be sinished this Day. The Jury (which consists of Inhabitants both of Town and Country) has not been permitted to senagate during all Country) has not been permitted to separate during all this Time.

PHILADELPHIÂ, Nov. 1.

The Captains Sparks and Osborn, from London, have brought no Goods, except such as are allowed of by our late Agreement, but have, on the contrary, brought near 10,000l. in Cash, the Property of Perfons in this City; this being some of the Golden Fruits of the Non-importation, it is hoped that the People of the Non-importation, it is hoped that the People of this Continent will fo far fee their Interest, as to manufacture whatever lays in their Power, so that instead of sending Millions to maintain our Task-masters in

England, we may receive Thousands from thence.
Arrivals from Philadelphia, Captains Davidson, and
Scot, at Briffol; Currie, at Cork; and Captain Williams, at Lisbon.

From Virginia, Cartains Dunsley, and Dobbie, in London; Sampson, at Bridol; Breakhill, and Quintey, at Liverpool; Jorden, at Dover; and Captain Ritchie,

Ayr. From Maryland, Captain Jordan, in London.

ANNAPOLIS, NOVEMBER 15. To Messeurs John Hall, Thomas Johnson, jun. William Paca, Samuel Chase, Benjamin Mackall, Stephen Bordley, jun. Thomas Jenings, and James Tilgh. man, 3d, Efquires, Attornies at Law. GENTLEMEN,

TOUR Advertisement in the last Week's Gazette, Y that you are willing to receive the several Fees due to you, for Services done this Year in the Law Way, at the Rate of Ten Shillings common Money, mult be of great Service to the good People of this Province, and more especially to the poorer Sort of them, who often Times are involved in heavy and expensive Law Suits: It is therefore resolved unanimously, by the Grand Jury for the Body of Ann Arundel County, that their uncere Thanks be returned to you, and to affure you, that fuch a Measure, at this Time, bespeaks a noble and patriotic Spirit of our constitutional Liberty; and we pray God that all Officers may follow such a worthy Example, and may your Names be handed down from Generation to Generation for acting so worthy a Part, at this Time, to the good People of this Province, with the greatest Respect and Veneration.

Signed per Order of the Grand J. NATHAN HAMMOND, Foreman.

BY the Committee appointed to inspect the publick Offices, and to inquire from the several Officers, their Deputies, Registers, or Clerks, into the annual Amount of the Fees that have accrued due to the said Officers of this Province for Seven Years last past.

In Obedience to the Order of the Honourab'e House, your Committee have inquired into the Amount of Fees in several of the Offices, and do report as follows: SECRETARY'S FEES in the Provincial Court.

SECRETARY'S	FEE	S in	the	Chancery Court.	
1769	•	•	•	244,990	
1768	•	-	•,	255,7637	4
1767	•	•	-	230,929	
1766	-	-	•	209,334	
1765	•	- ~	-	212,141	
1764	•	-	,	229,208	•
1763	•	-		180,496	
				· 括 Tob.	

f Tob. 45,237

1765 34,685 38,238 1767 1768 40,136 1769: 42,098;

Two of your Committee applied to the Examiner, for the Account of his Fees for Seven Years last past, who answered, in generally that he had not made any Lists of Fees but what the first to the Sherists annually, and could only know the Amount by having Recourse to their Accounts and Returns, and at present was simple to doit. unable to do it.

Your Committee applied also to the Register of the Your Committee applied also to the Register of the Commission. Office, and were informed, by I et at from him, that he was so unwell as to be incapable of leaving his Bed; that he was ready to give all the Information in his Power; that to the best of his Remembrance the Pees in 2763, and 1764, amounted to about a 2460; in 2763, and the following Years down sto 2769, to about a 30,000; and in 1769, by Reason of Papers not coming timely to Hand to thange in the pressing Yan's Fees, they amounted to about \$50,000.

Your Committee afterwards uniterliantly Mr. Fee.

Your Committee afterwards uniteritanding Mr. Vallette was better, went to his Office again, and obtained

sight of hi added up or the Amoun Letters, the being acqua amine, parti mount \$36,6 168,149. The Amo Land-Office

2766 1767 1768 1769 All which is ourable Ho 08. 3, 177

1764

1765

SIC BY the Co Amount of t Since givin Framiner-Ge mittee have and Examine he Fees in be 1768, and 17 CLER

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1769

All which is sourable Hou 08. 12, 1 FRI On Motion Committe app to inquire fr Registers, or Province for Odober; and of the Twe fi Week's Mary Week's fucces

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