MARTLAND GAZETTE.

R TUNE T H

Signed per Order of the Vestry,
THEO. HANSON, Register, To be SULD as ILBLICK FENDLE the Premijes, en Saturday the 29th Day of June, ju

W. A. N. T. B. D. A. N. OROGANIST for Port-Tobarco Parish, in Charles, County — The Salary is Four Pounds of Tobacco per Poll; there are about One Thousand

Nine Hundred Taxables in faid Parish, and it is mostly paid off at 'Twelve Shillings and Six-pence per Cent. Any Person incl.nable to undertake the faid Organs, is defired to apply to the Rev. Mr. Thomas Thornton, Rector of faid Parith, who will

have a Veilry called for that Purpofe

Eills of Exchange, or Sterling Cafe,

LOΓ, HOUSES, and PLANTATION A joining thereunto, with Horses, Hogs. Cartle, &c. &c. There is a good Garden paled in, and a Yard towards the River, wherein is a good Dwelling House, Kitchen, Stable, Milk-House, and Meat-House: The Situation is very pleasant on Patuxent River, and the Lot is contiguous to the In-specting-House. The Conveniencies of which, need PHILEMON YOUNG. not be enumerated.

N. B. The above Land will be fet up by the Acre.

Annapolis, May 22, 1771. W E the Administrators of Eurward Derfey, Eq; and Henricita Maria Derjey, his Daughter, deceased, have authorifed and appointed Mr. Reuben Meriwether, of Annapelis, to fettle the Bu-finess of the faid Edward Dorfey, Esq; and Henriuta Maria Dorfey's Estate, to receive all Monies due to, and pay all that may be owing by the faid Estate. We earnesly request all those indebted to the Effate, by Bond, Note, or open Account, to come and make immediate Payment, to prevent Suits being brought against them, as we are determined to give no further Indulgence.

Whereas there have been feveral Judgments obtained and Executions iffued, and not returned or fatisfied by the Sheriffs, we give this last Notice, that unless they are without Delay, we shall proceed against the Sheriffs.

ELY DORSEY, (w4) THO. BEALE DORSEY.

Baltimore, February 22, 1771. On Saturday the 15th Day of June next, will be exposed to publick Sale, at the House of ir. John Little. near the Market-House, Baltimore-Town, at Th.a o'Clock in the Afternoon,

HE following Tracts and Parcels of Land, fituate in Baltimore County, and from 6 to 15 Miles Distance from Baltimore-Town, on the great Roads to York and Frederick-Towns, convenienty fituated for Church, Meeting, Mill, and Market, and all good Lands fit for farming; fuch Tracts as have Tenants will be parcelled out, that the Tenants may have an Opportunity of purchasing. To be fold for Sterling Cash, Bills of Credit, at the then Current Exchange, or in good Bills payable in

North-Carolina, containing and laid out for 945 Jones's Farm, adjacent thereto, Carolina Felix,

646 Batchelors Choice, thereunto adjacent, 100 Drunkard's Hall, Part of Spicer's Inberitance, within One Mile of

Baltimore-Town, having some Improvements thereon,

Stuartsylvania, on the River Patapseo, opposite to Fell's-Point, which is adjoining to Balti-mere-Town, and contains

Point Lock-out, near to Stuartsylvania, and op-

posite to Fell's-Point,
The Lands were the Property of Mr. James RICHARDS, and by him conveyed to me in Trut, for the Use of himself and Creditors. The Lands may be viewed, and the Title examined, on applying to (ts) DANIEL CHAMIER.

General Post-Office, New-York, Jan. 22, 1771. HIS MAJESTY's Post-Master General, having (for the better facilitating of Correspondence between Great-Britain and America) been pleased to add a Fifth Packet Boat to the Station betwen Falmouth and New-York: Notice is hereby given, that the Mail for the future will be closed at the Post-Office in New York, at Twelve of the Clock at Night, on the First Tuesday in every Month, and dispatched by a Packet the next Day for Falmouth.

By Command of the D. Post-Matter General. (12m) ALEXANDER COLDEN, Secretary

VEXEXEXEXEXEXEXEXEXEXEXEXEXEXEX

GREEN, at the PRINTING. 12s. 6 d. a Year, Advertisements, ch Week's Continuance. Long Ones eady Printed, most kinds of BLANKS, eral Sorts, with their proper Bonds nner of PRINTING-WORK performed ONSTANTINOPLE, March 4.

N the 18th paft, at Midnight, a dreadful Fire happened at Galata, which confumed 2,500 Houfes and Shops. It broke out near the Gate of Tophana, and a very high Northerly Wind foread the Flames with rapid Vehemency; so that the Fire raged for 15 Hours. The miferable Inhabitants were chiefly

recks, Armenians, and Jews, and suffered much am the Cold, which was so intense, that a conti-al Snow sell to the Ground, frozen like Hail; some silden and sick People are said to have lost their nidren and next todo not hear that any perished in it; but we do not hear that any perished in it; by by it; but we do not hear that any perished in it. Two other Fires began the same Night Continuint ople; the one laid Twelve Houses in the state Three. It is faid to be discovered, that the Three Fires were caused by Incendiaries, ed tuat an Attempt was made the same Night to set reto the Quarter of the Greeks at Fanal in Conftan-

BASTIA, March 12. A foreign Ship having cast Anor in our Read, the Captain was asked if he had any contraband on board? Though he answered in Negative, fome Sufficions having arisen, his Ship is suched, on board of which were found 3000 Suits Regimenta's, with Powder and Firelocks. On which e Captain was feized, and committed to Prison.

Plais, March 29. The Conversation of this City is specified by the Protest made to the King the 13th rant, by the Princes of the Blood against what has done to the Prejudice of the Parliament, and deered that Day to his Majesty at Choify by Mr. de in, first Gentleman of the Bed-Chamber to the Duke ollesn. This Proceeding of the Princes of the b.d. induced the King to call a Council the Friday Liwing, in which it was debated whether the Princes the Bood should not be banished; but such violent occedings meeting with great Opposition, nothing

BERLIN, April 6. By the lateft Accounts from Po-BERLIS, April 6. By the latest Accounts full re-nained quiet in their respective Whiter Quarters, the prerity of the Weather, and extreme Backwardness of the Scason, not yet permitting them to take the field, and such is said to be the Scascity of Forage and luch is laid to be described on the deficiency of the differential of the two described in the described ions till towards the Middle of next June.

0 ' N D

Itil 6. All Kinds of Provisions were never known elo dear in this Metropolis as at present. Muiton din St. James's Market To day for Fivepence Half-eany and sixpence per lb. Beef was at the fame Price, and the prime Pieces even fold at 9d. per lb. A Quar-er of Lamb was not to be had for lefs than 8s. Veal

We can allure the Publick from the best Authority, We can assure the Publick from the best Authority, hat a Bill is prepared to give to the Court of Aldernan for the survey at 20 put an absolute Negative on all the Resolutions and Measures of the Livery and Common Council. This is the first Step to be ken by the Committee of 21, appointed by the Carlim-House junto:—And by this they think to bridle the Citzens of London, and to rob them quietly of all the Rights and Liberties. It is not difficult at first light (without the Gift of Second fight) to foresee that the Locusts will be disappointed.—It will not be borne a Minute.

Three French Battalions are ordered to embark at farfeilles to quell the Rioters in Corfica, who, to the mount of some Hundreds, harbour in inaccessible

laces in the Mountains.
The Earl of Holdernesse is appointed Governor to is Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.

Dr. Markham, Bishop of Chester, is appointed Pre-Leonard Smelt, Esq; Sub-Governor; and Mr. Jack-

on, Sub-Preceptor. The rest of his Royal Highness's Houshold is to he

ppointed in a few Days.

Yefterday Lord North, at the opening of the Budtt, proposed as the Ways and Means for raising the
purplies, that the Sum of 200,000l. should be raised 7) Way of Lottery; which, together with the Sums ring from the Malt and Land-Tax, and the Surplus the finking Fund, would amount to upwards of 7 llions, and be sufficient for the Service of the pre-

The finking Fund has produced in the Course of the

The finking Fund has produced in the Louise of the All Year upwards of Two Millions. It is also proposed to pay off acceptable of the Navy Debt out of the Supplies of the present Year.

April 8. It is said, at the West-End of the Town, lat the Lord Mayor and Mr. Oliver are guilty of a seth Breach of Privilege in having refigned the Warall for the Prosecution of Whiteham the Messager.

We are affured, that a great Personage most severely checked one of the ministerial Party for speaking ludicroufly of the Citizens of London

We hear a Great Lady has declared her Intention to

quit England, and never to return.

After the Decision of Chief Justice De Grey's on Friday laft, Mr. Oliver wat carried, according to pointment, before Lord Manifield, at his Chambers, in Serieants Inn.

The Countellors Mr. Glynn and Mr. Lee, knowing that Lord Manfield had been that Morning with the Chief Justice De Grey, and having neard it faid by a Judge, that a Man, charged with a Crime, may have the Benssit of the Act, but that a Man charged with no Crime cannot; the Countellors refused to plead before Lord Mansfield. When Mr. Oliver came before Lord Mansheld. When Mr. Oliver came before Lord Mansheld, his Lordship asked, If he had not Counsel? He antwered, No. "I thought you had Counsel." "I have none." His Lordship then asked, if Mr. Oliver had any Thing to urge? Mr. Oliver said, No, that his Lordship knew how he ought to determine:

Lord Mansfield then, after hearing the Warrant and Affidayit read, declared, that "he was bound by Law and Precedent not to bail or discharge in this Case, the Parliament being still fitting; that the Alderman must be resumeded."

April 9. There is something singular in stationing that very Company of the Third Regiment, which committed the Massacre in St. George's Fields, close by Mr. Oliver's Windows. The very Man who was accused of Allen's Murder, keeps Sentry under his Nose. It is to be hoped that no military Execution is intended. therefore be remanded." intended.

It is faid that the King of Prussia has declared an Intention to pass some Months in England in a private Character the enfuing Summer, and that Directions are already given for fitting up a Seat, within a finall Diftance from London, for his Reception and Accom-

A Court of Aldermen is fummoned to meet this Day at Guildhall, relating to the Proceedings of the House of Commons, against the Lord Mayor and Mr. Alderman Oliver, and on other Business.

April 11. It is said, that in the Partition Treaty now finally settled between the Emperor of Germany,

the Empress of Russian and the King of Prussia, it is agreed, that Austrian Silesia is to be ceded to the Empresor, that Polish Prussia, and the Maritime Town of Dantzick, are to be guaranteed to the King of Prussia and that most of the new conquered Countries, lately Part of the Turkish Dominions, are to be guaranteed to the Empreis of Russia. This is the great Outline of the Treaty, and will begin to be carried into Execution; as foon as the Forage sufficient for the Enter-tainment of Three such great Armies is ready for the

tainment of Three such great Armies is ready for the Scythe, which will be early in June next.

Lord North, in opening the Budget on Wednesday last, amonst other Things said, that the present sessions opened with Demurring, Plague, and a War, but that was all blown off; however, that we were still in a critical Situation with Spain, for we did not know how soon we might have a War there: But he board the Peace would last a long Time, and he hoped the Peace would last a long Time; and he assured the House, if there was no War, he would, next Sessions, move for the Land Tax to be Three

next Sessions, move for the Land Tax to be Infee Shillings in the Pound, instead of Four.

From the general Face of Peace over all Europe, and the Inability of France to enter into a War at present, Lord North, in opening his Budget, on Wednesday, took Notice, there would be no need of any supply to be granted this Year to his Majesty. This Declaration had a general Effect upon all the Stocks, that is to say, they all rose in nearly the same Proportion, which is one of the best Barometers in the Alley. which is one of the best Barometers in the Alley.

Lord North's Departure from the Treasury and Ex-

chequer is looked upon as certain.

Lord Chatham actually disapproves of the Conduct of the House of Commons in the Affair of the Prinbut he is too infirm at this present Juncture to exert himfelf in a Struggle, which he knows would turn to no Account.

turn to no Account.

Yekerday being the first Day of the Quarter Sessions at Guild-Hall, there being no Locum Tenens, the Court was opened by the Recorder, Sir William Stephenson, Mr. Alderman Peers, and Mr. Alderman Wilkes, the only Magistrates present. They proceeded to swear in the Grand Jury, who Yesterday Asternoon found Bills of Indictment against W. Whitham, who Messages of the House of Commons, for assulting the Messenger of the House of Commons, for assaulting the Mellenger of the House of Commons, for assulting and taking into Custody John Miller, Printer; and against B. Twine Carpenter, for assulting and seizing the Body of J. Wheble, without lawful Authority.

The Attorney General has moved the Trial of Whitham the Messenger, into the Court of King's Beach.

A Noli Profequi will certainly issue to stop the Profecutions against the Messenger: But that cannot hinder the Printers from bringing Actions of Assult and false Imprisonment, it can only stop the present Mode of proceeding by Indistment, as the Clown is in this Case the Profecutor.

The Grove Mandatas were issued Vesterday, forbid-

Tresfury Mandates were iffued Yefterday, forbidding the ministerial Members to go out of Town, the

whole Force of the Majority being required in support of some Measures which were expected to be the Sub-ject of immediate Discussion. We hear that the City Militia will be ordered out in

We hear that the City Militia will be ordered out in a few Days to patrole the Streets till the Loid Mayor and Mr. Oliver are discharged, to prevent any Riots or Disturbances from happening. This Proposition was made on hearing a certain Court Alderman deciare, that he would lend for the Guards to do Duty in the City, in order to preferve himself and his fellow Citizens, from being insu ted by the Mob. A patriotic Alderman replied, that if he acted conformable to the Oath he had taken, and str. Cry endeavoured to prevent the Laws from being trampled under Fors. to present the Laws from being trampled under F ot, he might walk along the birects without having his Ears shocked with the Hilles and Groams of a much injured Peop'e.

Thuisday last the Lord Mayor, and the Alders men Wilkes and Oliver, figured a fres Certificate of the Recognizances for profecuting the Mellenger of the House of Commons; the first having been erased by

the House of Commons.

A Correspondent says, we shall now see whether any Court of Justice dares put a stop to the Law, and tell us plainly that we are Saces. If any of them refules to take Cognizance of the Affair, and submit it to a Jury, we are undone; we have no further Inheritance in the

It is currently reported, that a certain great Lady, concerned at the Complaints of the People, has been very preffing to her Confort in Favour of Two confeience us Manistrates, as she calls the m; and it is imagined the has been tuccessful, that for the future there will be but one Cabinet.

All the Ships of the Line of Battle, in Commission

at Plymouth, are ordered up to the general Rend-z-vous at Spithead.—This occasions some Sp cula-

Notwithstanding the Ships of War destined for Falkland's Islands are failed, for repessing us of Port Egmont, yet many Bets are laid among the Politicians at the West End of the Town, that they will return without accomplishing the Task.

April 15. Yesserday a Manuscript Paper, of a trea-

fonable Nature, was found fluck up in one of the Avenues leading to the House of Commons, which was ordered to be taken down and destroyed.

ordered to be taken down and deftroyed.

Lord North in opening the Budget, faid, that the Opposition had studiously contrived to lead the House into such Dilemmas, that they could not be moderate, without being accused of Timidity; or vigorous, without being charged with Opposition. Mr. Burke, in his Answer observed, "that most People, who had been brought into Dilemmas, were content to take only one Part of the Alternative, but this Minister. only one Part of the Alternative; but this Ministry had managed Matters so, as to fall into both the evil Extremes They had, with great Dexterity, contrived Extremes They had, with great Dexterity, contrived to be at once remifs and rigorous, but in fuch a Manner, that their Moderation should always evidently appear to the World the Effect of Fear, and their Rigour the Effect of Injustice. They shewed their Spirit, by imprisoning Two Members of their own, who, in obedience and deference to their Orders, had put themselves in their Powers and they shewed their Lenity, by suffering Mr. Wilkes to escape, who had despised their Authority.

There are now at Spithead Eighteen Ships of the Line, Nine Frigates, and Four Sloops of War. In the Harbour, and at Dock, Twelve Sail of the Line, Four Frigates, and Two Sloops, all of which are to repair

Frigates, and Two Sloops, all of which are to repair to Spithead when ready; which will be about the Be-ginning of June. And it is faid that Lord Vicount Howe will have the Command of the Fleet at Spithead before the End of the Summer.

April 16. It is faid that a Diffolution of the Parlia-

ment has been strongly debated in the Cabinet, and determined on.—Lord North, it is reported, was distentient in the highest Terms.

According to private Letters from Madrid, Orders had just been given for a confiderable Body of Land Forces to be embarked at Cadiz for Manilla, where a Squadron of Six Spanish Men of War of the Line are

April 17. A Paper of the most daring and licentious
Nature, we hear, was found Yesterday Morning pasted on the Door of a certain great Man's House in the Neighbourhood of Welfminiter, which being torn down with Indignation by the Servants, the great Man, when he became acquainted with the Affair, only observed, that it was the Privilege of the English to throw Dirt at whom they pleased, because it was the Property of that Dirt never to flick, but by the ill Management of the Person so bespattered.

It is rumoured in the City, that in order to preferve Harmony amongst the Patriots, Mess. Oliver and Wilkes will be fet ali 'e, and Two other Gentlemen jominated to serve the Office of Sheriff for the enfuing Year.

Thursday several Gentlemen and eminent Merchants, well versed in the publick Funds, attended the Lords of the Treasury, in relation to the present languishing Condition of publick Crelit; and we hear that great Attention was given to their Reasoning and Remondificances, and that something will certainly be done in