en were committed the fame Day of the County, and, though they ege an Acquai tance, may proba the Six advertized in the Virginia iway from the Thornton Capt. Ridd RALPH FORSTER, Sheriff

aft Vessels f.om London and Urino, the Subscribers, at their Store Clady omas Williams and Com.) on the polis, by Wholifale or Retail, Affortment of European and Iulia uitable to the different Sealons: ife, Wine, Rum, Melafics, Sugir, te, Myrtle Wax, &c. Ce. All ld on the most reasonable Terms, , Indian Coen, or short Credit.

JOSEPH & JAMES WILLIAMS. te Partpership of Thomas Williams wexpired. All Persons indebted are defired to make speedy Paynd fames, Williams, who are imve and fetcle all Accounts relative

hereby given, that a Number of tante of Cacil County do intend to to the next General Affimbly of aying a Removal of the Courts of from where they are now held, to are in Charles-Town, allotted for the Commissioners for faid Town, t of Assembly patied in 1749 -

Act to pals for the Allelment of Quantity of Tobacco, as, may be for erecting a Court House and

Annapolis, June 1d, 1772. of the Land-Office having representxcellency the Governor, that there ber of Certificates in their Office y of them are recurred by virtue of issued more than Two Years ago, the Two Years are near expiring; being defirous that those who purin the Lifetime of the late Lord I'ro. have the Benefit of fuch Warrants, n to give publick Notice Ithat Paout as usual, and that Applications ler the Proclamation will be receivrants issue to the first Discoverer, ia other Person, whenever the Office

AM STEUART, Cl. Ld. Office.

Ballimore; fulr 4, 1772.

A.M. HAM M.O.N.D.

d. In the Hope; Capt. Hopper; the apt. Coward. From London; and the Handy! I from Liverpool. II.

All Affortment of European London; and Eafort Company of European Company ods, Tuitable to the Seafon, Which defale, at the Store in Mi. Gagb's very reafonable Terms, for Calls, or for the Country of the Country of the Calls of

riber gives this Notice to Gentlemen ad the edduing Provincial Court, that ing Hotes to Pasture, having very
Pasturage and Stabling, and a tareok after Horses. Those Gentlement
Horses may have them sed agreeable
and at a cheaper Rosa than in Town
THENRY GASSAWA

EXEXEXE XIIX EXEXE X EXECUTE E O.N. at the PRINTING ear ADVERTISEMENTS, Continuance. Long Ques mon kinds of BLANES, with their proper Bond NTING-WORK performed

Lake the State Contraction

XVIIIth YEAR.)

MARTLAND GAZETT

H U R S D A Y, SEPTEMBER 24, 1772.

WARSAW, June 13.

AYNIEC is at last lest by the Russians, and has surrendered

to the Austrians. June 23. The Ruffian Ambassador here bas received dispatches from Field-Marshal Count Romanzow, confirming the account of the conclusion of-the armistice between the Ruffians and Turks at Giuro, on the 30th of last month.

N

une 25. On Monday near 200 Blacks, with their dies, had an entertainment at a publick house in standard to celebrate the triumph which their the Somerset had obtained over Mr. Stuart his ster. Lord Mansfield's heath was echoed round the m, and the evening was concluded with a ball. e tickets for admittance to this black affembly were Chillings each.

Just 29. Friday morning, at nine o'clock, came on ore Dr. Bettefworth, in the Prerogative Court, flor's Commons, the final pleadings relative to the ation of Lady Wairen against Sir George, her band, for cruelty, and thereby requiring a separate intenance, and separation, a mensa et thore.

The Council for the defendant refled the cause in to the plaintiff's council, by going into the ion at large, and examining, from the principles christianity, the civil and canon laws, what causes ald establish divorces. In respect to the first, they erred, that our Saviour had fettled that matter inreply to certain fects, when asked for what reasons oman should be divorced from-her husband, who wered, "except a woman commit adultery she shall the put away;" and in respect to the latter, both civil and canon laws faid, that nothing but a feries cally, in which it could be fairly proved-a woman an evident risque of her life, could legally obtain frorce. Now, faid they, on the whole of this matnothing appears, on these principles, that can-Eff a separation. They likewise observed, that the sent charge principally turned on two particular into the one, an assault made by Sir George on his cy, one morning, on the rath of March, 1771, and ecther on the 8th of May following, and that in thinkee cases he was, as a husband, justified in so ing; as by the first he only wanted that confolation enevolence which is the privilege of every husband at, whenever he thinks fit (though they granted time, being a little after breakfast, and was rather usual;) and by the latter, it was the natural confemæ of her forcibly refusing to go down to his untry feat at his request.

The Council for the plaintiff principally confined emfelves, in reply, to these last charges, and they d, "That, in respect to the first, the night preeding his affault after breakfast, the parties had lain the same room together, and that it was hardly proble that a man married feven years, having that adauge, should be folicited the very next morning-by echims of a woman whom he had previously so the at command; that therefore the bruises and alther she received in this southle were not, nor ald be accidental, as were alleged, or the effects of clent love, but rather of predetermined malice; in respect to the second charge, that of hurryher into the country against her consent, sie was lifed in refusing, and using resistance, as from the peated bad behaviour of Sir George, with the cir-mancer of being packed into a hackney-coach, at unfeatonable time of night,-without-any-other-atdant but her maid, and two strange men of Sir orge's appointing, the had reason to believe he art to convey her to a private mad-house. They it therefore, on the whole, of opinion, that she not by sired from the dictates of self-preservation in both inflances, but that the had good grounds to exfrom the decision of the Court, a separate main-

Ince fuitable to her rank and dignity." ...
These pleadings being finished, Dr. Bettesworth refentence to the following purport: He observed, hat it always gave him great pain to interfere in iding on the interests of two people, whole happis and concerns should be so interests of onnected. man and wife; but that fitting in his then capacity, was obliged to it. Being therefore under this preament, he faid he could not confult his own parti-ar feelings as a man, but give opinion according to tho there were fome witnesses on the part of the iniff, who appeared, they believed the latter, yet it lently appearing to him, from their postive testing, that no such danger was to be dreaded i he therefore induced to dismiss the citation in favour in George 17. George Warren, the defendant.

The pleadings on this cause took up ar hours, beginning at nine o'clock in the morning, and ending at eight at night. One of the Council for the defendant (Dr. Barrell) had the bumanity to keep the Court and audience sweating exactly three hours and forty-five minutes; and what was more entertaing, above three bours and forty minutes of it were taken up in going over the same ground of the Council who had spoke before on the same side.

Friday morning fix foldiers belonging to the guards, faid to be all Scotchmen, were flogged in St. James's Park, for firing three rounds each, on Saturday laft, by way of bravado, over young Allen's grave, in the church-yard of Newington-Butts, Surry.

July i. Yesterday the Sherists had another attachment against them for the ill conduct of the city officers for 520l. It is a peculiar grievance of their office, that officers are appointed by the Court of Aldermen, who connive at their misconduct in the present Sheriffalty. They cannot be displaced by the

Sheriffs as they may in the county,

July 3. A correspondent in the North of Ireland,
remarks on the latter part of the Lord Lieutenant's
speech, where his Lordship says, I flatter myself that
those deluded persons are fully convinced of the atrociousness of their attempts, and the impossibility of effecting any of the purposes intended by them; the writer assures us, what designs some delutes persons might have is unknown; but it is plain that food and work were the wants of the greatest part, and which he is concerned that they are told by his Lordship, it is impossible to effect.

Another profecution is commenced against Mr. William Woodfall, by Mr. Garrick, for having infinuated in a certain poem, intitled, The lamentation of Roscius for the Loss of his Nyky, that Mr. G. had been guilty of a detestable crime in conjunction with Bickerstaff, the author, who has absconded. Mr. G. has, we hear, laid his damages at 20,000l. Dr. Kenrick is the presumed author.

rick is the prefumed author.

The profecution commenced against the same Printer by the Carron Company, is compromised on his asking pardon, and paying sixty guineas to the fund-established-for-the-decayed workmen at the Carron-Foundery. Mr. Priddle, an attorney, has entered an action against the same printer, for inserting a letter figned "Robert Holloways" in which Mr. P's. character is faid to be afperfed. Mr. Priddle was concerned for Somerset, the Negro, against Mr. Stewart, his mafter-

Extraß of a Letter from the Borders of the River Wichfel, June 18.

The Prussian Troops are in possession of all Polish Prussia, except Dantzick and Thorn; and they will come under the protection of the King of Prussia as

foon as peace is concluded."

July 6. The last letters from Hamburgh advise, that the famous Marshal of the Consederates of Poland, Pulawsky, was lately surprized and taken at Lubienier in Silesia, by the Prussian Major de Reitzenstein, who sent him to Potsdam, from whence he will probably be sent to Warfaw, where he will meet with his pun-ishment, unless he can clear himself from the accusa-tion laid against him of being the author of the at-tempt which was made against the life of the King of

Poland. It appears that there has been within the last five years, a circulation of paper credit, with the name of Fordyce affixed to it, to the amount of four million

and upwards. Friday there was a Common-Hall, for the purpose of declaring the election of Sheriffs for the year enfuing , when, fome time previous to the opening, Capta Allen addressed the Livery from the gallery on the right hand side of the steps leading to the Council

Chamber; to the following purport.

That being prevented the preceding Common-Hall from having the instructions to the City Reprefentatives then recorded, he thought it his duty as a Liveryman, and one interested in the welfare and prosperity of the city, to warn them against such artifices on that day; and as, from the frequent fpeci-mens they had of the conduct of the Lord Mayor, they had little to hope: He therefore warmly resommend ed to them to-have the introctions recorded previous to any other bufiness being entered into.

The Sheriffs then ascended the Hustings, when the flate of the poll was declared to be in favour, of Mr. Alderman Oliver, and Witkin Lewes, Efg. which being, as usual, reported, the Lord Mayor, attended by Alderman Rolleter, Mr. Common Serjeant; and the Sheriffs, opened the Court anew. As foon as his Lordship had taken his feat, Capt. Allen applied to him to have the inftructions recorded, which the other would not permit: This refulal brought on the killes and groups of the Livery, at the same time that the business of the election was declaring; which being shifted, the Lord Mayor, got up; and immediately

As foom as his Lordship was gone, Capt: Allen addressed the Livery in a short speech, telling them; that he had been, before the opening of the Common-Halls apprehentive of what would happen ; and

that they might blame themselves for permitting any buliness to be done till their infiructions were, first attended to."

The Lord Mayor was on the Hustings at zz o'clock; which prevented the Hall from being to full as may be expected, the usual hour of his attendance being one o'clock; and so great a hurry was he in to be gone, that, as foon as the election was declared, be went of without recollecting to adjourn the Hall, or giving time to the Sheriffs elect to return thanks to the Livery for their election.

It is afferted that the affociation at the Feathers, having acted in contradiction to certain antient penal flatutes, will be attacked hext winter by the Bishops in Westminster-Hall. The design was meditated be-fore the presentation of their petition, but prudently dropped till their orthodox emissaries could prepare the temper of the nation to admit the insiction of wholesome severities.

The Ohio petition being now disposed of, the patition of 180 gentlemen for lands in the neighbourhood of the Millifippi, which was lately presented to the Privy Council, is expected speedily to be heard; as well as the petition for erecting, a civil government in that part of the British territories.

Extrall of a Letter from Austria, June 14.

"The affairs of Poland will not be foon-adjusted as we once had reason to hope. It is however assured, that the Court will publish a manifesto, setting forth that it has no intention to difmember Poland; but only to take possession of territories which formerly be-longed to Hungary. The courier expected from Petersbourg arrived at Vienna the 13th inth but the

contents of his dispatches have not yet transpired."

July 7. In consequence of the unwearied applications of the cabinet-makers, the Treasury Board have at length given orders for the seizure of a large quantity of contraband goods, lately imported under the sanction of the Venetian Resident; and on Friday and Saturday last, several officers of the Customs, attended by some cabinet-makers, seized in the houses of Messes. Walle and Reilly in Sherrard-street, Golden-square, and Mr. Cullens in Greek-street, Soho, several hundreds of chairs and sofas, near a ton of curled hair, a large quantity of brass nails, a great number of marble tables, some very rich slab frames, carved and gilt, filk lace, tapeftry, &c. The whole of which was immediately conveyed to the King's warehouses at the Custom house. Although the quantity of these goods is amazingly great, yet they are faid to be not above one fourth of the before-mentioned importation; configned to Baron Berlendii, the Venetian Refident. The abovementioned tapeftry was faid by Mr. Reilly to belong to his Royal Highness the Duke of Glouces. ter, and he infifted the feizing officer had nothing to do with it.—The officer very deliberately examined it; and replied, "His Royal Highness is a very goodman, but you need not be under any apprehension for its fafety, for I will lock it up very carefully in his brother's warehouse."

July 8. The following is a certain fact:—Some papers of importance to the Wal—family, were carried by an-attorney of Lincoln's-Inh) one day laft week, to a celebrated Countess, erroneously reported to be a r-l Du-s, with a declaration on the part of the lawyer, that they must; to be valid, be also signed by her illustrious confort. This threw her Ladyship into great confusion, and put her to the necessity of satisfying him; which she at last most implicitly did! that the fignature he required, in reality, had no legal

connection with her affairs.

The squadron of men of war lately sailed for Newfoundland, under the command of Commodore Shuld ham, consists of 13 sail, including sloops.

A new redoubt, and half-moon are ordered to be built at Dover Cassle, on the side next the sea, the former to recover the latter of more

former to mount ia, the latter 26 guns.
July 9: Application has been made to a Great Perfon, by the principal creditors, to have Mr. P. fent of for from France; and we are told, that if he does not appear to the flatute, which ends the 16th inff. appli-cation will be made to the Court of France to have him delivered up.

Extract of a Letter freis Peland.

er On the iath of June one of the Pruffian Generals). with a detachment from the main army, went to the town of Braikow, where there is a [mall garrifon] now in the hands of the Crown, and demanded the keys of the Castle in his master's name. The Commandant answered him, that the castle had been enterprised to him to guard by the King, of Poland, his against and share he would not surrender it to any one. mafter, and that he would not furrender it to any one but to him, or his express order. The Prussian Genbut to him, or his express order. The Prussian Gen-standing he was threatened with a warm reception, if he used any force, dispatched a messenger to the Grand Camp at Marienwerder, to receive orders from his master how he should proceed. But the King not-liaving yet returned from Lithuania, the affair is still in suspence. We are impatient to hear how it will be determined.

July 26, Our Court, says an anonymous correspon-

dent; have actually refused to acted to the new treaty,