anent disposition to appear able to the other: and this is air answer to those who are of supposing, that a high deof knowledge would make woruther the rivals than the comons of men. Presupposing such re to please, it seems much probable, that a common purshould be a fresh s urce of int, than a cause of contention. ed to suppose that ally mode of ation can create a general jeaand rivalry between the sexes, very ridiculous, that it requires to be stated in order to be refut-The same desire of pleasing, seall that delicey & reserve hare of such inestimable value to n. We are quite astonished, in ng men converse on such sub-, to find them attributing such tiful effects to ignorance. It ldappear, from the tenor of such ctions, that ignorance had been great civilizer of the world. Woare delicate and refined, only use they are ignorant;---they matheir household, only because are ignorant; -they attend to r children, only because they w no better. Now, we must ly confess, we have all our lives so ig forunt as not to know the e of ignorance. We have al s attributed the modesty and the ned manners of women, to their ng well taught in moral and reli is duty, to the hazardous situain which they are placed, to that petual vigilance which it is their y to exercise over thought, word, action-and to that cultivation he mild virtues, which those who ivate the stern and magnaniis virtues expect at their hands er all, let it be remembered, we not saying there are no objectito the diffusion of knowledge ong the female sex. We would hazard such a proposition res ting any thing; but we are sav-, that, upon the whole it is the t method of employing time; and t there are ewer objections to than to an other method. There , perhaps, 50,000 females in eat Britain, who are exempted by cumstances from all necessary lair; but every human being must something with their existence;

the pursuit of knowledge is, up-

the whole, the most innocent,

most dignified, and the most

ful method of filling up that idle-

s, of which there is always so

leasure is meant one, the large a portion in nations far which can be easily ana- vanced in civilization. Let man reflect; tod, upon the solita situation in which women are pl ed,-the ill treatment to which ti are sometimes exposed, and whi they must endure in silence; & wir out the power of complaining, a piness of a woman will be materi ly increased, in proportion as ed cation has given to her the ha and the means of drawing her sources from herself. There are a few common phras

in circulation, respecting the dut of women, to which we will to p some degree of attention, becau they are rather inimical to those pinions which we have advanced this subject. Indeed, independer ly of this, there is nothing whi requires more vigilance than t current phrases of the day, of wai there are always some resorted in every dispute, and from the versign authority of which it is ten vain to make an appeal. T true theatre for a woman is thes chamber;'- Nothing so honoura to a woman as not to be spoken. at all.' These two phrases, the light of Noo iledom, are grown i common places upon the subject; are not infrequently employed extinguish that love of knowled in wo nen, which, in our humbie pinion, it is of so much importato enerish. Nothing, certainly, so ornamental and delightful in men as the benevotent virtues; time cannot be filled up, and life; ployed, with high and impassion ver ues. Some of these feelings of rare occurrence—all of shore ration-or nature would sink un them. A scene of distress and guish is an occasion where the fin quanties of the female minimay displayed; but it is a monstrous aggeration to tell women that the are born only for scenes of distr and anguish. Nurse father, mon sister and brother, if they want it would be a violation of thepli est duties to neglect them. I when we are talking of the comm occupations of life, do not let mistake the accidents for the oc pations; when we are arguing h the twenty-three hours of the are to be filled up, it is idle to tel of those feelings and agitations hove the level of common existen which may employ the remain hour. Compassion, and every ott virtue, are the great objects we ought to have in view; but no n (a d no woman) can fil up thetw ty-four hours by acts of virtue. one is a lawyer, and the other ploughman, & the third a mercha and then acts of goodness, and tervals of compission and fine eing, are scattered up and down t common occupations of life. V know women are to be compa si ate: but they cannot be compassion ate from S o'clock in the morning twelve at night; -and what are to to do in the interval? This is

by literary education. (To be continued.)

only question we have been putti

all along, & is all that can be me

## TO THE PUBLIC.

It has been reported to me, th bout ten or twelve years ago my fat and mother, at their death, repeat that the administrators should and much money, and their two gold waters, from England, to me in the Unit States of America, I being the cheir alive. The money and wate were deposited in an iron chest, sent a certain ship, and landed in the mo of Patuxent river, in Calver coun and sent by a certain General Will son to the city of Washington. I money was sent to me about sere years ago, and I think it hard that should be treated in this manner. believe there are three men now ! that will prove the money is in the of Washington, and I am disposed iet the public know their names, henry Rutter, James Madewell, John Bond, are the three men, that silves will prove the same and the same and

alive, will prove the same.
YOUNG WILKINSON

# FOR RENT.

The subscriber offers for real targe three storied BRICK BUIL ING in the city of Annapolis, oppo

the Church.

The subscriber deems it unnecess
to describe this house particularly,
is certainly well adapted for a Bo
ing-House, being situated in the ces
ing-House, being situated in the ces of the town, and convenient to Stadt House. Possession will be g after the 9th day of November ner SARAH CLEMENTS

July 23.

# MARYLAND GAZETTE AND POLITICAL INTELLIGENCER.

to suspect that such slave or slaves

have been stolen by such person or

persons, or received by them knowing

them to be stolen, or that they had

knowingly aided therein, in such cases

the recognizance shall provide for their

answering such offence; and of such

person or persons, so having such

slave or slaves, shall refuse or neglect

to enter into such recognizance, then

such judge or justice of the peace shall

commit said person or persons, and

such slave or slaves, to the gaol of the

county; and the said judge or justice

of the peace shall make return of said

commitment to the county court, or

Baltimore city court if then in session

and if not in session then to the next

term of said courts respectively; or if

such person, having entered into such

recognizance, shall refuse to appear a

greeably thereto, or if having appeared

it shall appear that such slave or slaves

is or are entitled to freedom, then the

court shall adjudge them free, and it

said court shall adjudge them to be

slaves for life, or for a term of years,

and it shall appear that said slave or

slaves shall have been purchased with

intent to remove them from the state

of Maryland, and no bill of sale for the

same shall have been taken for such

slave or slaves, or a false or fraudu

lent hill of sale, then the said court

shall order such slave to be sold for

the time such slave may have to serve.

for the benefit of the county, or for the

mayor and city council of Baltimore

if the aforesaid proceedings should be

had in Baltimore city court; but if any

slave or slaves, after a term of years.

or upon any contingency, then the said

servant or slave shall become imme

diately the right and property of the

said person entitled to such reversion

or remainder, in the same manner as

if the event or time in which the re-

version or remainder was to accru-

had actually occurred: Provided, that

the said person, so entitled to the re-

version or remainder, shall pay the

costs of the proceedings which may

the said servant or slave shall be sold

for the use of the county, or the may

or and city council of Baltimore, for

the time he or she may have been

hound to serve the person who sold

said servant or slave; provided, that nothing herein contained shall be con-

strued to extend to the case of any ci-

tizen removing from the state of Ma-

ryland with his servants and slaves,

provided such citizen shall have resi-

ded within the state one year next pre-

ceding such removal, or to any per-

son travelling with his or her servants

or slaves in or through the state, not purchased with intent to export the

same within the meaning of this act.

6. And be it enacted, That hereaf.

ter when any servant or slave shall be

committed to the gaol of any county in

this state, as a runaway, agreeably to the laws now in force, and the notice re

quired to be given by law by the she-

riff shall have been given, and the time

for their detention expired, and no per-

son or persons shall have applied for

and claimed said suspected runaway, and proved his, her, or their title to

such suspected runaway, as is now re-

quired by law, it shall be the duty of

the sheriff forthwith to carry such slave

or slaves before some judge of the county court, or judge of the orphans

court, with his commitment, and such

judge is hereby required to examine

and inquire, by such means as he may deem most advisable, whether such

suspected runaway be a slave or not.

NOL. LXXVI.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, AUGUST 6, 1818.

State of Maryland, sc.

And o-Arundel county, Orphans Court,

April 25, 1818.

ordered that he give the notice required

sive weeks in the Maryland Gazette and Political Intelligencer.

John Gassaway, Reg. Wills,

That the subscriber of Anne-Arun-

del county, hath obtained from the or-

by law for creditors to exhibit

A. A. county, deceased, it is

for A. A. County.

MINTED AND PUBLISHED

JONAS GREEN; GECRCH-STREET, ANNAPOLIS.

hit Three Dollars per Annum

IN COUNCIL, March 18, 1818. Ordered, That the Act passed a member session eighteen hundred werenteen, entitled, An act to preretuenteen, entitled, An act to present the unlawful exportation of necessard mulattoes, and to alter and und the laws concerning runaways, applicated once in each week, for hispare of six months, in the Maryled Gesette at Annapolis, the Federal facts and Federal Republican at his of the Frederick town Herald, to the Light at Hayer's town, the te Torch Light at Hager's town, the Herald at Cumberland, and Leston Gazette By order, NINIAN PINKNEY,

Clerk of the Council. AN ACT

event the unlawful exportation of gross and mulattoes, and to ther planend the laws concerning run-

Whereas, the laws heretofore enact Ifor preventing the kidnapping o. m negroes and mulattoes, and of asporting out of this state negroeadmilations entitled to their freedom be sterm of years, have been found sufficient to restrain the commission furtherimes and misdemeanors; and tath been found moreover, that sernt, and slaves have been seduced name service of their masters and men, and fraudulently removed out his state; and that the children of augrees and mulattoes liave been imped from their masters, protecmulbarents, and transported to rint places, and sold as slaves for to prevent therefore such heinous faces, and to punish them when com-

be I Be it enacted by the General

bembly of Maryland, That from and for the publication of this act, no

tron shall sell or dispose of any ser-morslave, who is or may be entit-diofreedom after a term of years, afterany particular time, or upon spendingency, knowing the said ser-worshive to be entitled to freedom worshid, to any person who shall sbeat the time of such sale a bona bresident of this state, and who has of been a resident therein for the me of at least one year next precedgach sale, or to any person whom aver who shall be procured, engaged temployed, to purchase servants or ares for any other person not being sient as a foresaid, and if any per achiming possessing, or being enordispose of him or her to any non who is not a resident as afore-knowing that such person is tiresident as aforesaid, or to any wa who shall be procured, engaged employed, to purchase servants or ra for any other person not beso resident, knowing the per to buying or receiving such seret or slave to be so procured, en cloremployed, or who shall sell toose of such servant or slave for ears, or for a longe than he or she is bound to serve. queh person making any such disposition contrary to the aing and intention of this act, shall have to indictment in the county nof the county where such seller eless shall reside, or sale be made. a conviction shall be sentenced to go confinement in the penitentiabra term not exceeding two years. rding to the discretion of the court sich servant or slave who may been sold contrary to the provisi of this act, to any person who is reident as aforesaid, or to any no who shall be procured, engaged exployed, to purchase servants or raifor any other person not a residuatoresaid, shall be sold by the of the court for the time he or my have to serve, for the benefit county where such conviction be had, or for the use of the maycity council of Baltimore if the ion shall be had in Baltimore

And be it enacted, That if any who is not a bona fide resident ustate, and who has not resided for the space of at least one test preceding such purchase, parchase or receive on any conby such servant or slave, who is be entitled to freedom as aforeknowing that such servant or tentitled to freedom as aforesaid. any person whomsoever who or procured, engaged or employparchase servants or claves for

led to freedom as aforesaid, with an ter into any such house or place where intention to transport such servent or such slave or slaves may be, and to deslave out of the state, every such person making any such purchase or contract, contrary to the meaning of this act, shall be liable to be indicted in any county court in this state where he may be found, and on conviction shall undergo continement in the penitentiary for a term 'not exceeding two years, and such slave or slaves shall be sold by order of the court for the unexpir-ed time of their servitude, for the use of the county in which such conviction shall be had, or for the use of the mayor and city council if such conviction shall be had in Baltimore city court; provided nevertheless, that if any such person who shall have purchased or received such servant or slave, without knowing of his or her title to freedom after a term of years, or after any particular time, or upon any contingency, shall immediately after knowing thereof, give information on oath, or affirmation, to one of the justices of the peace of the county where the seller shall reside, or in the county where such person may reside, or the sale may have been made, of such sale and purchase, the person so purchasing or receiving shall not be liable to prosecu ion or the publishment as aforesaid.

3 And be it enacted. That no sale

of any servant or slave, who is or may

he entitled to freedom after a term of years, or after any particular time, or upon any contingency, or in whom the seller is entitled for a term of years or limited time, with the reversion in some other person or persons, shall be valid and effectual in law to transfer any right or title in or to such servant or slave, unless the same be in writing. under the hands and seals of both the seller, or his or her authorised agent. and the purchaser, in which the period and terms of servitude or slavery, and the interest of the seller, and also the residence of the purchaser, shall be stated, and the same be acknowledged by said purchaser and seller, or his or her authorised agent, before a justice of the peace in the county where such sale shall be made, and recorded among the records of the county court of said county, within twenty days after such acknowledgment; and if any such sale should be made, and a bill of sale so as aforesaid should not be so executed. acknowledged and recorded, or in case the true time or condition of the slavery or servitude of such servant or slave, and the residence of said purchaser, should not be therein stated. then and in such case every such servant or slave, entitled to freedom after a term of years, or after any particular time, or on any contingency, shall be thereupon free, unless the court or jury who may decide upon the question in a trial, if a petition for freedom, under the foregoing provision, shall be of the the omission of any one of the requisites aforestid, and in case any other person shall be entitled to a reversion. or remainder in said slave, then the said servant or slave shall become the right and property of the said person entitled immediately to such reversion or remainder, in the same manner as if the event or time in which the reversion or remainder was to accrue had actually occurred, unless the court or jury who may decide upon the accrual of such remainder or reversion under the foregoing provision, shall be of the opinion that no fraud was intended by the omission of any one of the requi-

sites aforesaid. 4. And be it enacted. That whenever any person shall purchase any slave or slaves within this state, for the purpose of exporting or removing the same beyond the limits of this state it shall be their duty to take from the seller a bill of sale for said slave or slaves, in which the age and distinguishing marks, as nearly as may be, and the name of such slave or slaves, shall be inserted, and the same shall be acknowledged before some justice of the peace of the county where the sale shall be made, and lodged to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the said county, within twenty days, and the clerk shall immediately on the receipt thereof, actually record the same, and deliver a copy thereof, on demand, to the purchaser, with a certificate endorsed thereupon, under the seal of the county of the same being duly recorded, on receiving the legal fees for so

recording and authenticating the same. 5. And be it enacted, That if any person who shall so have purchased any slave or slaves for exportation or removal from the state of Maryland, shall have the same in any county within this state, and information be lodged with any judge or justice of the peace, supported by oath or affirmation, that the deponent or affirmant has reasonable ground to believe that such person, who shall so have such slave or slaves in his possession, is about to export and rewhise person not being resident as law, it shall be the duty of such judge to believe the may remand such the house or place where such slaves suspected runaway to prison, to be contact any such servant or slave lied to freedom as aforesaid, know- may be, and such judge or justice is fined for such further or additional.

ing that such servant or slave is entit- hereby empowered and required to en | time as he may judge right and promand of the person or persons in whose custody the said slave or slaves may be, an inspection and examination of said slave or slaves, and also of the bills of sale for them respectively, and if upon such demand and examination no bill or bills of sale are produced for either or any such slave or slaves, or if the bills of sale produced shall not have been executed, acknowledged and re corded, agreeably to the provisions herein contained, that the description of any such slave, or slaves shall be, in the judgment of such judge or justice of the peace false or fraudulent. then it shall be the duty of such judge or justice of the peace to cause slave or slaves, for whom no bill of sale is produced, or for whom a false or fraudulent bill of sale is produced, to go before some judge or justice of the peace of the county aforesaid, and the person or persons who has or have said slave or slaves in possession shall also appear, &enter into a recognizance before the same judge or justice of the neace, with two sufficient securities in the sum of one thousand doilars, for every such servant or slave in his, her, or their possession, without bills of sale as is herein provided for, to appear at the next county court to answer to the more county court petition of said slave or slaves; and if such judge or justice shall have reason

8 And be it enacted. That this law shall not take effect until after the first day of July next, and the governor and council be directed, and they are hereby directed, to publish this law once a week for six months from the passage thereof in the newspapers in which the laws or orders of this state are general ly published

#### SHERIFFALTY.

At the solicitation of many of his friends the subscriber is induced to of fer himself as a candidate for the office of sheriff of this county, at the ensu ing October election; and pledges him self should he be honoured with the confidence of a majority of his fellow citizens, that in the execution of the duties of that office, no pains will be spared to give general satisfaction.

BENJAMIN GAITHER. Anne Arundel county July 30. tf

Planters Bank of Prince-George's County,

July 16th, 1818. The stockholders of the said Bank are notified, that the second instalment, of five dollars on each share, will become due on Saturday the 15th of August next, and if the same is not punctually paid, the first instalment, accord ing to the charter, is forfeited for the use of the bank

Notes of the Banks in the District of Columbia, and Cities of Baltimore and Annapolis, will be received in payment of the second instalment.

By order, TRUEMAN TYLER, Cash'r July 30. 3w.

MARYLAND. Anne-Arundel County, to wit: On application to me the subscriber, in the recess of Anne-Arundel county court, as one of the associate Judges of the third judicial district of Maryland. by petition in writing of Charles A. Harvey of said county praying the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session one thousand eight hundred and five, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms mentioned in the said act; a schedule of his property. and a list of his creditors, on oath, as far as he can ascertain the same, being annexed to his petition, and the said Charles A. Harvey having satisfied me, by competent testimony, that he hath resided in the State of Maryland for two years immediately preceding the time of his application, and having also stated in said petition, that he is now in acteal confinement for debt, and not on account of any breach of the laws of this State or of the United States; and having produced to me the certificate of the constable of Anne Arundel county to that effect, and prayed to be dis-charged from said confinement on the terms prescribed by the said act, and having given security for his personal appearance at September Court next. to answer any allegations that may he made against him by his creditors I do hereby order and adjudge that the same Charles A Harvey be discharged from his confinement, and that by causing a copy of this order to be in serted in some one of the news-papers in the city of Annapolis, for three months successively, before the 21st day of September next, he give notice to his creditors to appear before the County Court, at the Court house in the said County, at 10 o'clock in the morning of the first day, to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Charles A. Harvey should not have the benefit of the several acts of Assembly of this state for the relief of insolvent debtors, as prayed. Given under my hand and seal this 19th day of March 1818

Richard Ridgely. June 4, 1919.

per; and if he shall have reason to be-lieve that such suspected runaway is the slave of any particular person, he the sheriff, to such supposed owner, as ground to believe such suspected runa way to be a slave, he shall forthwith order such suspected runaway to be released, and if no person shall apply for such suspected runaway, after he may be so remanded, within the time for which he may be remanded, and prove his, her or their title as the law now requires, the said sheriff shall, at the expiration of such time, relieve and runaway shall be discharged, the expenses of keeping such runaway in confinement shall be levied on the county

7. And be it enacted, That in all cases where jurisdiction, power and authority, are given by this act to the several county courts in this state, for matters arising in said counties, the same power and jurisdiction is hereby exclusively in Baltimore city court, for all matters arising in Balti more county or city, and not in Balti-

shall cause such notice to be given by OAapplication by petition of Thomas Serman, administrator of John Cross, late of A. A. county, deceased, it is he may think most advisable, but if said judge shall not have reasonable claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six succesdischarge such suspected runaway, and in either case when such suspected as other county expenses are now le-

del county, hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of John Cross late of Anne Arundel county, deceased. All persons blaving claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 15th day of August next, they may other vise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 25th tate. Given under my hand this 25th day of April, 1818.

Thomas Sellman, Adm'r. Thon 2, 1818.

Dissolution of Partnership. The partnership lately subsisting beween the subscribers in the BRICK-MAKING business, has been dissolved by mutual consent.

WM ROSS, WALT. CROSS.

### WALTER CROSS,

Respectfully informs the public, that estill continues the Boot & Shoe mak. ing b siness, and that he has on hand will continue to keep an assortment of Ladies and Gentlemen's Shoes and Boots of the first quality.
Annapolis, July 30.

#### Coarse Linen Shirts.

The Charitable Society, having employed the industrious poor of this city, n manufacturing the above articles, they are deposited for sale at the stores of Joseph Sands and George Shaw. Annapolis, June 18, 1818

# SUBSCRIBERS To Robbins' Journal,

Are informed that the work is received and ready for delivery, at the Book Store of Mr. Geo Maw, nd at the Office of the Maryland Sezette. Feb 11.

Baltimore and West River Packet.

The subscriber having purchased of the Messrs. Barbers that large, convenient, and swift sailing Schooner, ED-WARD LLOYD, has commenced running heras a regular packet from West River to Baltimore. She will leave West River every Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock for Baltimore-returning, leave Baltimore every Saturday morning at 9 o'clock. He has engaged Capt. Henry Crandell, a skilful and industrious man, to take charge of her. Passengers may be assured that they will meet with the best accommodati

All orders left at his store at West River withbe punctually attended to.
WILLIAM NORMAN.
June 8

JUST PUBLISHED. And for Sale, at this Office, The Laws of Maryland, Passed December Session, 1817.

Price-8 1 50.

ALSO,

The Votes & Proceedings Of last Session. Price-8 1. 50.

## BLANKS

For Sale at this Office.

Declarations on Promissory Notes, and bills of exchange against Drawer, first, second, and third Endorser, in assumpsit generally.

Debt on Bond and Single Bill,

Common Bonds, Appeal do.
Tobacco Notes, &c. &c. June 11.

#### NOTICE.

The Devy Court of Anne-Arundel County, will meet on the second Monday of August next, in the city of Annapolis.

By order,
By order,
Wm. S. Gegen, Clk.
June, 18.