HEL HILL, estate of the out the same ieular marks ging to Mr. pper Maribo-County,

l be given for ing said neagain, or \$50 all reasonable rome. vessels and om receiving. they will be

leward. ne subscriber. Prince Geor-RRY,

w.

nulatto, round six feet high, quick and im ent carpenter colour; if close while at work, a gritting of county, and many years. l be given for ngton city or

law8w.

PINDLE. inform the ci d county, that eriff's election

idate for their experience in ice will entitle

D. Clagett.

orge W. Duvall,

James Muuroe. P M. New Arrangement of Days.

THE STEAM BOAT

MARYLAND,

will continue to run as heretofore until the last day of the present month .-But afterwards she will take her routes us follows: On Sunday the first of April, she leaves Easton at 8 o'clock, and will proceed to Annapolis, learing there at half past 2 o'clock, for Baltimore, and arrive at 6 o'clock the same day: leaves Commerce street wherf Baltimore, on Wednesday at 8 o'clock, and returns by Annapolis to Easton at 6 o'clock, the same evening: And so leaves Easton at the same hour, and by the same route, every Sunday and Thursday, and leaving Baltimore is like manner, every Wednesday and Saturday. In every route she will touch at Todd's Point, the Mills and at Oxford, if hailed, to take and land passengers. On Monday of every week she will leave Baltimore at nine o'clock for Chestertown, and arrive there in the afternoon; and on Tuesday morning leaves at 9 o'clock Chestertown and returns to Baltimore; touching in both routes at Queen's town, to take and land passengers, She will take freights from and to the respective places above mentioned, so as not to incommode the passengers, their Horses or Carriages. Passengers wishing to go to Philadelphia will find it the most convenient and expeditious route, as she meets the Union line of steam boats, when they can be put on board, and arrive in Philadel. phia the next morning by 9 o'clock.

& All baggage, of which due care will be taken, will nevertheless be at the risk of the owners as heretofore.

March 22

tf.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership of Warfield and Ridgely having this day been dissolved by mutual consent, all persons having claims against said firm are requested to appear a than to either of quested to present them to either of the subscribers, who are duly autho-rised to receive and pay all debts des

to and from said firm. Those indebted to the firm aforesaid, by notes a bonds, are requested to make payment, and those indebted on open account are desired to call and pay the same, or give notes or bonds, on or before

1st April 1821.

William Warfield,
David Ridgely.
The business will be conducted in future under the firm of

D. Ridgely, & Co. Who have on hand, and will constantly keep, a good assortment of

Dry Goods & Grocerits And who respectfully solicit a conti nuance of the custom of their friends and the public. March 1.

SHERIFFALTY.

WILLIAM O'HARA.

March 20.

Having understood that a report of circulating of his having declined by ing a Candidate for the office of sherif, tukes this opportunity of declaring the same to be unfounded. He begs the public not to suffer themselves to be leceived by reports of this kind, as he is the same of the sam is still, and means to continue & Can didate for their suffrages for the above appointment, and respectfully solicit

MARKEAND GAZETTE AND POLITICAL INTERIGENCER

LYOL LXXVII.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, AUGUST 2, 4851.

No. 81.]

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED

JONAS GREEN,

THURCH-STREET, ANNAPOLIS.

Price-Three Dollars per Annum. From the London New Monthly Magazine for June 1821. THE HARP—A TALE.

From the German of the Poet Korner: addressed to such as believe in the agency of spirits. The secretary Sellner had begun to taste the first spring of happiness with his youthful bride. Their union was not founded on that vague and evanescent passion, which often lives and dies almost in the same moment-sympathy and esteem formed the basis of their attachment. Time and experience, without diminishing the ardour, had confirmed the permanence of their mutual sentiments. It was long since they had discovered that they were formed for each other, but want of fortune imposed the necessity of a tedious probation; till Selfner, by obtaining the patent for a place, found himself in possession of an easy competence, and, on the following Sunday, brought home in triumph his long betrothed bride. A succession feremonious visits for some weeks ingressed many of those hours that he young couple would have devoed to each other. But no sooner was this onerous duty fulfilled, than they eagerly escaped from the intrusion of society to their delicious solitude; and the fine summer eve nings were but too short for plans and anticipations of forure felicity. Sellner's flute and Losephine's harp filled up the intervals of conversation, and with their harmonious unison seemed to sound the prelude to many succeeding years of bliss and concord. One evening, when Josephine had played longer than usu al, she suddenly complained of headache: she had in reality risen with this symptom of indisposition, but concealed it from her anxious husband; naturally susceptible of nerrous complaints, the attention which she had lent to music, and the emotions it excited in her delicate frame, had increased a slight indisposition to fever, and she was now evidently ill. A physician was called in, who so little anticipated danger that he promised a cure on the morrow. But, after a night spent a delirium, her disorder was proounced a nervous fever, which com-

"My dear Edward, Heaven can Itness it is with unutterable regret, that I depart from this fair world, where I have found with hee a state of supreme felicity; ut, though I am no longer permitd to live in those arms, doubt not hy faithful losephine shall still over round thee, and as a guardian agel, encircle thee 'till we meet gain." She had scarcely uttered ese words when she sunk on her low, and soon fell into a slumber, m which she awoke no more: d when the clock was striking e, it was observed that she had eathed her last. The agonies of lner may be more easily conceiv than described; during some days appeared doubtful whether he ould survive; and, when after a ifinement of some weeks, he was length permitted to leave his mber, the powers of youth seemparalyzed, his limbs were enbled, his frame emaciated, and sunk into a state of stupor, from hich he was only to be roused by bitterness of grief. To this ignant anguish succeeded a fixed lancholy; deep sorrow conseted the memory of his beloved: apartment remained precisely in state in which it had been left vious to her death;-on the ork table lay her unfinished task; e harp stood in its accustomed ok, untouched and silent; every ght Sellner went in a sort of pilmage to the sanctuary of his re; and, taking his flute, breathed [th. in deep plaintive tones, his vent aspirations for the cherish-

etely baffled the efforts of medi-

al tkill, and, on the ninth day, was

confessedly mortal. Josephine her-

elf was perfectly sensible of ner ap-

roaching dissolution, and, with mild

esignation, submitted to her fate. |

Addressing her husband, for the

ist time she exclaimed-

thought, when a broad gleam of moonlight fell on the open window, and from the neighbouring tower the watchman proclaimed the niath hours at this moment, as if touched by some invisible spirit, the harn was heard to respond to his flute in perfect unison. Thunder struck at this prodigy, Sellner suspended his flute and the harp became silent; he then began, with deep emotion, Josephine's favourite air, when the harp resumed its melodious vibra tions, thrilling with ecstacy. At this confirmation of his hopes he sunk on the ground, no longer doubtarms to clasp her to his breast, he seemed to drink in the breath of spring, and a pale glimmering light fitted before his eyes. "I know thee, blessed spirit" exclaimed the bewildered Seilner, "thou didst promise to hover round my steps, to encircle me with thy immortal love. Thou hast redeemed thy word; it is thy breath that glows on my lips; I feel myself surrounded by thy presence." With rapturous emotion he snatched the flute, and the harp again responded, but gradually its tones became softer, till the melodious murmurs ceased, and all again was silent. Sellner's feeble frame was completely disordered by these tumultuous emotions; when he threw himself on his bed it was only to rave deliriously of the harp: after a sleepless night he rose only to anticipate the renewal of his emotions; with unspeakable impatience he awaited the return of evening, when he again repaired to Josephine's apartment, where, as before, when the clock struck nine the harp began to play, in concert with the flute and prolonged its melodious accompaniment till the tones gradu ally subsided to a faint and tremu-

lous vibration, and all again was si-Exhausted by this second trial, it was with difficulty, that Sellner tottered to his chamber, where the visible alteration in his appearance excited so much alarm, that the physician was again called in, who with sorrow and dismay, detected aggravated symptoms of the fever which had proved so fatal to lose phine; and so rapid was its progress that in two days the patient's fate appeared inevitable. Selfner became more composed, and revealed to the physician the mysterious communications, avowing his belief that he should not survive the ap proaching evening. No arguments could remove from his mind this ta. tal presage; as the day declined, it gained strength; and he earnestly entreated, as a last request, to be conveyed to Josephine's apartment. Sellner no sooner reached the well known spot than he gazed with ineffable satisfaction on every object by affectionate

brance. The evening hour advanced; he dismissed his attendants, the physician alone remaining in the apartment. When the clock struck nine Sellner's countenance was suddenly illumined, the glow of hope and pleasure flushed his wan cheeks, and he passionately exclaimed--- Josephine, greet me once more at parting, that I may overcome the pangs of death," At these words the harp breathed forth a strain of jubilee, a sudden gleam of light waved round the dying man, who, on beholding the sign, exclaimed-"I come, I come, to thee," and sunk senseless on the couch. It was in vain that the astonished physician hastened to his assistance, and he too late discovered that life had yielded in the conflict. It was long before he could bring himself to divulge the mysterious circumstances which had preceded Sellner's dissolution; but once, in a moment of confidence, he was insensibly led to make the detail to a few intimate friends, and finally produced the harp, which he had appropriated to himself as a le gacy from the dead.

From the Federal Republican.

CASCA-No. VI. That the preceding numbers on this important subject, might be at-tentively read and well digested by the people, a suspension, by the author for a short time, has been given to the prosecution of his de-

Josephine's apartment, Jost in | doubt, but that every republican | that these bonest men will no longer | possible; made more perfect This into whose hands those essays have be mere tools, but that with one fallen, and every honest democrat | consent, they will think for them-(for there are many such) to whom | selves and act like freemen; that an opportunity was presented, have they will consider the high ground tofundamental principles." availed themselves of the means thus afforded of attentively perusing and duly analyzing and appreciating once stood, and know, that the same a political tract, so interesting in its character, and so fraught, in its them, whenever they return to whole context, with facts and principles, in the last degree important, to the citizens of these United States, both in a national and individual point of view.

The subject is now resumed, and permit me to assure all and every ing the presence of the beloved description of readers, that in the spirit; and whilst he opened his commencement, prosecution, and continuation of those essays, the love of country and a sincere desire to render essential service to my fellow citizens and the people generally, have been the sole causes, actuating and almost irresistibly impelling to so laborious and arduous

an undertaking.

To accomplish so desirable and Heavenly a purpose, nothing will be effectual, short of exterminating the root of that poisonous tree, the deleterious branches of which, in luxuriant growth, now overspread and overshadow the land of our revolutionary fathers, casting a sickly aspect on the face of the political horizion, and snatching the light of heaven itself from our vision and enjoyment. The Upas of Java in the vegetable and animal world, is not more hateful and calamitous, than in the political is this; it carries in the range of its widely extend-d ramifications, slavery, destruction, death! Its name is DEMO-CRACY!

This is the task now before us-

LIBERTY itself, and the sacred prin-

cipies of Republicanism, to aid in so giorious a cause, and it cannot be doubted, but by a steady persevirance, we shall meet the smile of Omnipotence himself, and effectuate a complete eradication of this political Upas and, by its fall, enjoy the full fruition of those high destinies as a nation, secured to us by the toils and blood of our revolutionary heroes and statesmen. and guaranteed, by our inimitable constitution. By this course, resulting as it must, in this happy eventuation, republicanism will a gain be enthroned, and the foul, hydra-headed monster, so long polluting her sacred sceptre, hurled with indignant precipitancy, into annihilation, from its unnatural and usurped elevation .- These ideas are not chimerical, they are not the offspring of first thought-they flow from mature deliberation and deep reflection, and are based on the truth and reason. Democracy, that by them. The enemy is vigilant. game, which is that of taking a bit bane of a Republic, has been fully, and I trust satisfactorily unfolded guing; they are in unison. Be upon small thing, and after shifting it to view; its hideous deformity, as a national association, has been unmasked: its latent evils have been eviscerated; its spirit and character analyzed. The votaries and disci ples of this absurd and hateful, and spurious kind of compact, have been candidly and impartially brought into view; their motives and designs have been exposed; they have been faithfully, and it is believed, correctly, classed into their several grades and orders, in a manner too, it is supposed, susceptible of the clearest comprehension, to the most ordinary capacity. In this descriptive train of arrangement, it will be discovered that the first and second classes of democrats, are by no means given up; they are viewed as political faith, and the able com innocently involved, in this chaotic patriots with whom he acted, both mass, by the deceptive machinations in the camp and the senate, should, of those to whom they look for in- in our hands, prove abortive, would formation, instead of which they be a stigma on the present generaare duped, deluded and deceived; tion, not to be effaced, if ever, in a they wask for bread and receive a stone; they solicit a fish and obtain faithful centinels, guard the sacred a serpent," "they seek" but do not temple erected by their hands, and "find." These classes are moreover viewed as honest and conscientious, the holy flame, and suffer not the and requiring nothing but the necessary means to make good republicans. Under these impressions I now earnestly invite them to "take like republicans, worthy to be called heed to themselves, "to watch, to view men and things and principles | cestry of political progenitors, stand as they are, not as they are told, by designing office hunters and demacopies, by "wolves in sheep's hazard—handing down to posterity clothing," in short by democrats, those precious boons, not only unshade. He was thus standing in sign; and he cannot reasonably It is therefore confidently hoped, impaired but strangthened, and, if

upon which they have, under a WASHINGTON and those like him, and indeed a higher elevation awaits those sacred, those truly republican principles, which always actuated that great and good man, that Saviour of his country, upon every occasion, whether he moved in the tented field or deliberated in the cabinet. Surely with a conviction of the truth of these assertions, no honest man, to whatever, party he may belong, will for a moment hesitate to make at least one experiment. This done, I pronounce them free, independent and happy, and that no sophistry, no delusion, will thereafter ever triumph over them, but that like the rock they will be "stediast and immoveable," following the track heretofore tredden, by their great leader, and in reality, enjoying the fruits of our excellent republican institutions.

The third class of democrats are not entirely given over-among them are a few, very few, of whom some hopes are yet entertained. diminutive as their number is, to reflect, and they are safe, they will ters of democracy, and indignantly hurl the pieces on the heads of their oppressors. The fourth class are beyond, far beyond all hope of recovery; moreover they are not desirable as a constituent part, of any quantity, however pure, by amalga-Let us then with one accord, with mation; they are therefore, fit subunanimity, attempt the mighty work-let us invoke the genius of

jects of exclusion from all parties, After this candid and impartial description, &c. after this honest appeal to those democrats yet susceptible to conviction to correct republican principles; permit me to address that virtuous, intelligent and patriotic band of brothers, em phatically called federal republicans -those men who have withstood the storms, the tempests, the whirlwinds of the times, whether amiist the roaring of cannon and clangor of the trumpet; whether in the councils of the nation or the walks of private life, under the shade of persecution and political denunciation-those men whose theme is their country's glory, and whose aim national and individual happiness-those men who, but for a spurious slave interest, form the majority of the nation; whose talents are pre eminent, whose patriotism is unbounded, whose integrity as public men stands unrivalled and unassailable-I say, let me remind them that much remains to be done your guard. Whilst honor, patriotism and virtue, eminent characteristics of republicans, forbid a resort to democratic finesse and deception; yet stand united, act in unison, with vigilance, industry and perseverance, and there is no danger. Your principles are founded in truth and shielded under the panoply of justice. For the want of this concert and activity you have often been defeated by the democrats. It is hoped that you now see the necessity of a different course, and that at the

approaching election, "big with the fate" of the state of Maryland, every republican will rally. That the toils and the labours of a Washington, that founder of our century to come. Let us, then, as temple erected by their hands, and dedicated to us; let us keep alive one to be demolished by gothic hands, or the other extinguished by deleterious breath; but, like men, descendants of so illustrious an anin their defence and perpetual preservation, at every risque and hazard-handing down to posterity

can be done only by a strict and close adherence to virtue and patris otism, and a "frequent recurrence

For the Maryland Gazette. ABORIGINAL GAMBLING.

Extracted from Clarke's and Lewis' Journal to the Pacific Ocean. A proof that games of hazard, of what we call in civil life gambling; is a natural pession, and therefore should not be prohibited, but regulated by proper laws-making all manner of cheating is equal to theft or robbery, &c.

"The games are of two kinds. In the first, one of the company assumes the office of Banker, and plays against the rest. He takes a small stone about the size of a bean, which he shifts from one hand to the other with great dexterity, repeating at the same time a song adapted to the game, and which serves to divert the attention of the company; till having agreed on the stake, he holds out his hands, and the antagonists wins or loses as he succeeds or fails in guessing in which hand the stone

After the Banker has lost his noney, (his all be it what it may, Let me entreat, let me implore such, for they have no money.) or whenever he is tired; the stone is transferred to another, who in turn chalburst the bands and break the fet- lenges the rest of the company .-The other game is something like the game of nine pins. Two pins are placed on the floor, about the distance of a foot from each other. and a small hole made between them. The players then go about ten feet political association: like the bad from the hole, into which they try leaven they would spoil any given to roll a small piece resembling the to roll a small piece resembling the men used at draughts, if they succeed in putting it into the hole, they win the stake; if the piece rolls between the pins, but does not go into the hole, nothing is won or lost; but the wager is wholly lost if the chequer rolls outside of the pins .-Entire days are wasted at these games, which are often continued through the night, round the blaze of their fires, till the last article of clothing, of the last blue bead, is won from the desperate adventurer." Here we behold gambling in its native colours, unrestrained by legislative acts, not considered a vice but an amusem nt. Nor can it be conceived that their games are imitation of the games of the old continents. They partake of the characteristic marks of originality.

To the foregoing extract, permit me to add the following from Samuel Hearne's journey from Prince of Wales' Fort, in Hudson's Bay, to the Northern Ocean, in the years, 1769, 1770, 1771, 1772.

"Beside these diversions, (he is speaking of their naked dances,) they have another simple in-doorfrom hand to hand several times, asking their antagonist, which hand it is in? When playing at this game, which only admits of two persons, each of them have ten, fifteen, or twenty small chips of wood like matches, and when one of the players guesses right, he takes one of his antagonists sticks. and lays it to his own; and he that first gets all the sticks from the other in that manner is said to win the game, which is generally for one load of powder and shot, an arrow, or some other thing of inconsiderable value." Here we behald a custom as uniform, as the colour of their hair and skin universally prevail from the borders of the North Atlantic Ocean, to the coasts of the North Pacific Ocean, authenricated by men of unimpeached truth, and of extensive experience.

Constable's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias from Rezin D. Baldwin, Esq. to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Wednesday the 15th day of August next, a Negro Woman by the name of Phillis, and a negro boy by the name of Richard. Seized and ta. ken as the property of Benjamin Sevrell, and will be sold to satisfy a debt due John White, Sale to commence at 7 o'clock A. M. at the market-house, Terms Cash

CHRISTOPHER HOHNE,