IN M. WELCH, Adm'r. D. B. N.

\$100 REWARD. away from the subscriber, on the 13th stant, Negro man

BEN,
tout 55 years of age, about 5 feet5 or 6ingh, tolerable bright mulatto, rather sleali, slow of speech, speaks low, and has
look when spoken to, he has a small

re hair, about the size of a dollar, which

picuous. elthr Johnson, in 1825, and as he was risge driver, and has also been min, velled pretty generally throughout the and has a very general acquaintance about Annapolis and Baltimore. He about Annapolis and partners. He doubt make his best way through one se places out of the State, his object we to be Pennsylvania. Its probable that been furnished with a false pass, as sehave obtained them from an individual

neighbourhood within the last year.
cloathing being various, cannot be cordescribed, but will be found in part Irab rourdabout, a mixed roundabor, nialoons to match, also possibly a Casitatee, with a half worn black fur hit, above reward will be given if taken 40 or more from my residence, and 50 dissewhers, so that I get him again.

BASIL MULLIKIN.

Queen-due's, P. George's Co. Md.

Arundel County, Sc:

application to the Judges of Anne-Arundel minty Court by petition, in writing of Bele minty Court by petition, in writing, of Bester of Anne-Arundel county, stating that he is nonths, before the fourth Monday or October to appear before the said County Court, at the touse of said county, at ten o clock in the forf that day, for the purpose of recommending ce for their benefit, and to shew cause, if say lave, why the said Beale Gaither should set he henefit of the said act, and the supplements

TO .- WILLIAM S. GREEN. FOR ANNAPOLIS.

MBRIDGE AND EASTON. The Steam Boat MA-RYLAND, will conmence her regular muse for Annapolis, Cambridge (by Casile Haven.) and RIDAY MURNING NEXT, the ring, lower end Dugan's wharf, and con-to leave Baltimore on every fuesday and y Morning, at 7 o'clock, for the abere is throughout the season, alage to Castle Haven or Easten \$2.50; mapolis \$1.

B. All Baggage at the risk of the owner

LEML. G. TAYLOR, Capt.

SH FOR MEGROES. I WISH TO PURCHASE O LIKELY NEGROES,

Of both sexes.
from 12 to 25
years of age.
field hands
also, mechanica
of every de
me a calt; as I am determined to gire
HER PRICES for, SLAVES, than are
passed who is now or may be hereafter in the
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ompily attended to. I

The Atamband Gazette.

VOL. LXXXVII.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, JULY 5, 1832.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JONAS GREEN. Church-Street, Annapolis.

PRICE-THREE DOLLARS PER ANNUM.

THE MORE CONVENIENT SEASON.

Alone he sat and wept. That very night
The ambassador of God, with earnest zeal
Of cloquence, had warned him to repent,
And like the Roman at Drusilla's side,
Hearing the truth, he trembled. Conscience wro't,
Yet an allured. The struggle shook him sore,
The dim lamp waned; the hour of midnight toll'd;
Prayer sought for entrance, but the heart had closed

sed hamond valve. He threw him on his couch, Its clamond valve. He three him on his couch, And bade the Sprit of Als God depart. But there was war within him, and he mighed—Pep-et not utterly, thou Blested One! Return when youth is past, and make my soul Ferever thine." -- With kindling brow he trod

— With kindling brow he trod
The haunts of pleasure, while the stol's stoice
And beauty's smile his joyous pulses woke.
To love he knelt, and on his brow she hung
Her freshet myrtle wreath. For gold he stought,
And winged Wealth andulged him, till the world
Pronounced him happy. Manhood's vigorous prime
Swelled to its climax, and his busy days
And restless nights swept like the tide away.
Care struck deep root strough him, and each shoot
Sull striking earthward, like the Indian tree,
Slut out, with woven shades, the eye of heaven,
When lo! a message from the Crucified—
Hook unto me, and live!" Passing, he spike
Of weariness and haste, and wint of time,
And daty to his children; and besought
A longer space to do the work of heaven.
God spake again, when age hid shed its snows

God spake again, when age had shed its snows On his wan temples, and the pulsied hand Shrank from his gold gathering. But the rigid of Habit bound him, and he still implored

Is firm and free—my unquencied one delights. To view this pleasant world, and life, with me, May last for many years. In the calm hour of lingering sickness, I can better fit. Turvast eternity."

Disease approached,
And reason fled. The maniac strove with death,
And grappled like a fiend, with shrieks and cries;
Tilldarkness smote his eye-balls, and a trick ice
Closed in around his heart-strings. The poor clay
Lev vanquished and distorted—But the soul—
The soul—whose promised eason never came
To hearken to its Maker's call, that gone
To weigh his suff'rance with its own abuse,
And bide the audit.

L. H. S.
Hantley J. February 1832. Hartford, February, 1832.

From the Christian II atchman.

THE REV. MR. JUDSON'S LETTER. To the Female Members of Christian Churches, in the United States of America.

Dear Sisters in Christ,—Excuse my publicly addressing you. The necessity of the case is my only apology. Whether you will consider it a sufficient apology for the sentiments of this letter, unfashionable, I confess. and perhaps unpalatable, I know not. We are sometimes obliged to encounter the hazard of offending those, whom of all others, we desire to please.—Let me throw investi at once on your mercy, dear sisters, allied by national consanguinity, professors of the same holy religion, fellow pilgrims to the same happy land. Pleading these endearing ties, let me beg you to regard me as a brother, and to listen with candour and forbearance

In raising up a Church of Christ in this heathen land, and in labouring to elevate the minds of the female converts to the standard minds of the female converts to the standard of the Guspel, we have always found one chief obstacle in that principle of vanity, that love of dress and display (I beg you will bear with me,) which has, in every age and in all countries, been a ruling passion of the fair set, as the love of riches, power and fame has characterized the other. The obstacle lately became more formidable, through the admission of two or three fashionable females native land. On my meeting the church, af ter a year's absence, I beheld an appalling profusion of ornaments, and saw that the demon of vanity was laving waste the female department. At that time I had not maturely department. At that time I had not maturely considered the subject, and did not feel sure what ground I ought to take. I apprehended also, that I should be supported, and perhaps opposed by some of my coadjutors. I confined my efforta therefore, to private exhortations, and with but little effect. Some of the ladies, out of regard to their pastor's feelings, took off their necklaces and ear-ornaments, before they entered the chapel, tied them up in a corner of their handkerchiefs, and on returning as soon as they were out of sight of the Mission House, stopped in the middle of the Mission House, stopped in the middle of the street to array themselves anew. In the mean time, I was called to visit the

Karens, a wild people, several days journey to the north of Maulmein. Little did I expect there to encounter the same enemy, in

mental parts of their clothing, constituted the fashions and the ton of the fair Karenesses. The dress of the female converts was not essentially different from that of their country women. I saw that I was brought into a situation that precluded all retreat-that

I must fight or die.
For a few nights I spent some sleeplers For a few nights 1 spent some subjects, hours, distressed by this and other subjects, which will always press upon the heart of a Missionary, in a new place. I considered the spirit of the religion of Jesus Christ. I opened to I Tim. ii. 9, and read these words of the inspired apostle; I will also that women adorn themselves in modest apparel, with shamefacedness, and subriety, not with broid-ered hair, or gold, or pearls, or costly array.' I asked myself, can I baptize a Karen wo-man in her present attire? No. Can I administer the Lord's Supper to one of the the baptized in that attire? No. Can I refrain from enforcing the prohibition of the apostle? of worship, do by your example spread the Not without betraying the trust I have received from him. Again, I considered, that the question concerned not the Karens only, but the whole Christian world; that its decision would involve a train of unknown conson would involve a train of pinknown con-sequences; that a single step would lead me into a long and perilous way. I considered Maulmein and the other stations; I considered the state of the public mind at home.— But, 'what is that to thee? Follow thou me,' was the continual response, and weighed more than all I renewedly offered myself to Christ, and prayed for strength to go forward in the path of duty, come life or death, come praise or reproach, supported or descrited, suc-

Soon after coming to this conclusion, a Karen woman offered herself for baptism. After the usual examination. Linquired whether sho could give up her ornaments for Christ? It was an unexpected blow! I explained the spirit of the gospel. I appealed to her own consciousness of vanity. I read her the a postle's prohibition. She looked again and again at her lands me necklace (she wore but one.) and then with an air of modest decision, that would adore, beyond all outward ornaments, any of my sisters whom I have the onour of addressing, she took it off, saying, Hove Christ more than this. The news began The Christian women made but little hesitation. A few others opposed, but the work went on.

At length, the evil which I most dreaded came upon me. Sone of the Karen men had been to Maulmein, and had seen what I wished they had not. And one day when we were discussing the subject of ornaments, one of the Christians came forward in my face, and declared, that at Maulinein, he had actually

declared, that at Maunien, he and actuary scen one of the great female: terchers werring a string of gold beads around her neck!!

Liv down this paper, dear sisters, and sympathise a moment with your fallen Missionary. Was it not a hard case? Was it not cruel for that sister, thus to smite down to the dust her poor brother, who, without to the dust her poor brother, who, without that blow, was hardly able to keep his ground? But she knew it not. She was not aware of the mischief she was doing. However, tho' cast down, I was not destroyed; though sorely bruised and wounded, I endeavoured to maintain the warfare as well as I could. After some conflict the enemy fled the field, and when I left those parts, the female converts were, generally speaking, arrayed in modest apparel.

On arriving at Maulmein, and partially re-covering from a fever which I had contracted in the Karen wood, the first thing I did, was to crawl out to the house of the patroness of the gold beads. To her I related my adven-tures,—to her commiscration I commended isto the church, and the arrival of seven mis sionary sisters, dressed and adorned in that manner which is too prevalent in our beloved these beads, I dress more plain than ministers' wives and professors of religion in our native These beads are the only ornament wear; they were given me when quite a child, by a dear mother whom I never expect to see by a dear mother whom I never expect to see again (another hard cases) and she enjoined it on me never to part with them, as long as I lived, but to wear them as a memorial of her!

O ye christian mothers, what a lesson you have before you. Can you, dare you give injunctions to your daughters, directly contraon a postolic commands? But to the honour of my sister, be it recorded, that as soon as the understood the merits of the case, and the mischief done by such example, off went the gold beads; and she gave decisive proof, that she loved Christ more than father or mother. Her example, united with the efforts of the rest of us at this station, is beginning to exercise a redeeming influence in the female department of the church.

the finger rings set with diamonds and rubies, the rich variety of ornamental head-dress; 'the mantles and wimples and the crisping pins' (see the rest in Isaiah 3d chap.,) they will cast a bitter, reproachful, triumphant glance at their old teachers, and spring with fresh a-vidity, to re-purchase their long neglected e-legancies; the cheering news will fly up the Dah-gyang, the Laing-bvai and the Sal-wen; —the Karenesses will reload their necks and ears, and arms, and ancles;—and when after another year's absence, I return and take my seat before the Burmese or the Karen church, I shall behold the demon vanity, enthroned in the centre of the assembly, more firmly than ever, grinning defiance to the prohibitions of apostles, and the exhortations of us who would fain be their humble followers. And thus you, my dear sisters, sitting quietly by your mountains, and wilds of this far distant land; and while you are sincerely and fervently praying for the upbuilding of the Redeemer's kingdom, are inadvertently building up that of the devil. If on the other hand, you divest yourself of all meretricious ornaments, and your sisters and daughters, who come hither, will be divested of course; -the further supplies of vanity and pride will be cut off; and the churches at home being kept pure, the churches here will be pure also.

Dear Sisters,—Having finished my tale, and therein exhibited the necessity under

which I lay of addressing you, I beg leave to submit a few topics to your candid and prayer-

ful consideration.

1. Let me appeal to conscience, and inquire, what is the real motive for wearing or-namental and costly apparel? Is it not the desire of setting off one's person to the best advantage, and of exciting the love and admiration of others? Is not such dress calculated to gratify self-love, to cherish the timents of vanity and pride? And is it not the nature of these sentiments to acquire strength from indulgence? Do such sentiments comport with the meek, humble, self-denying religion of Jesus Christ? I would here respectfully suggest, that these questions will not be answered so faithfully in the midst of company, as when quite alone, kneeling

2. Consider the words of the apostle quoted above from 1 Tim. ii:—'I will also that women adorn them themselves in modest apparel, with shamefacedness, and sobriety, not with broidered hair, or gold, or pearl, or costiy array." I do not quote a similiar command recorded in 1 Peter, iii. 3. because the verrecorded in 1 Feter, in. 5. because the verbal construction is not quite so definite, though the import of the two passages is the same. But cannot the force of these passages be evaded? Yes, and nearly every command in Sripture can be evaded, and every doctrinal assertion perverted, plausibly and handsomely, if we set about it in good earnest. But preserving the posture above alluded to, with the inspired volume spread open at the passage in question, ask your hearts simplicity and godly sincerity, whether the meaning is not just as plain, as the sun at noon-day? Shall we then bow to the authorinoon-day? Shall we then how to the authority of an inspired apostle, or shall we not? From that authority, shall we appeal to the prevailing usages and fashions of the age? If so, please to recall the Missionaries you have sent to the heathen; for the heathen can vindicate all their superstitions on the same

u; and behold the eye of your benignant Sa-viour ever gazing upon you with the tender-est love,—upon you, his daughters, his spouse, wishing above all things, that you would yield your hearts enfirely to him, and become holy as he is holy, rejoicing when he sees one and another accepting his pressing invitation, and entering the more perfect way for, on that account, he will be able to draw such precious souls into a rearer union with himself, and place them at last in the higher spheres, where they will receive and reflect more pious communications of light, from the great Fountain of light, the uncreated

4. Anticipate the happy moment, hastening on all the wings of time, when your joyful spirits will be welcomed into the assembly of the spirits of the just made perfect. You appear before the throne of Jehovah; the spirits of the roving smile of Jesus fixes your everlasting happy destiny; and you are plunging into bottom or a shore." Stop a moment;—look back on yonder dark and miserable world that you have left; fix your eye on the meagre, vain contemptible articles of ornamental dress, which you once he sitated to give up for Christ the King of glory; and on that glance, decide

on the fingers, bracelets on the wrists and arms, long instruments of some metal, perforating the lower part of the ear, by an immost prying curiosity, regarding them as the mense aperture, and reaching nearly to the shoulders, fancifully constructed bags, enclosions the hair, and suspended from the back into the hair, and suspended from the back the most prying curiosity, regarding them as the freshest representations of the christian religion, from that land, where it flourishes in all its purity and glory. And when they see the most prying curiosity, regarding them as the freshest representations of the christian religion, from that land, where it flourishes in all its purity and glory. And when they see the most prying curiosity, regarding them as the freshest representations of the christian religions their present state, can be so disposed of, as to feed the hungry, clothe the maked, relieve the sick, enlighten the dark-minded, disseminate the Holy Scriptures, anneal the glorious gospel throughout the on the fingers, bracelets on the wrists and dressed. And the female converts will run shall I do next? An important question de- with, in compliance with the apostolic com- arms, long instruments of some metal, per- around them, and gaze upon them, with the serving serious consideration. The ornaments mand.—Wait not, therefore, for the fashionspread the glorious gospel throughout the world. Little do the inhabitants of a free christain country, know of the want and dis-tress endured by the greater part of the in-habitants of the earth. Still less idea can they form of the earth. Still less idea can they form of the awful darkness, which rests upon the great mass of mankind, in regard to spiritual things. During the years that you have been wearing those useless ornaments, how many poor creatures have been pining in want?—How many have languished and greated and areas and appeals of abject weatchedness? and groaned on beds of abject wretchedness? How many children have been bred up in the blackest ignorance, hardened in all manner of iniquity? How many immortal souls have gone down to hell, with a lie in their right hand, having never heard of the true God and the only Saviour? Some of these miseries might have been mitig ited; some poor wretch have felt his pain relieved; some widow's heart been made to sing for joy; some help-less orphan have been rescued from hardened depravity, and trained up for a happy life here and hereafter. Some, "ca many precious souls might have been redeemed from the souls might have been redeemed from the quenchless fires of hell, where now they must lie and suffer to all eternity, had you not been afraid of being thought unfashionable, and not blike other folks." had you not preferred adorning your persons and cherishing the sweet seductive feeling of vanity and pride!

On christain sisters, believers in God, in Christain sisters, believers in God, in

Christ, in an eternal heaven and an eternal and can you hesitate to ask what you shall do? - Bedew those ornaments with tears of contrition; consecrate them to the cause of charity; -- nang them on the cross of your dying Lord. Delay not an instant. Hasten with all your might, if not to make reparation for the past at least to prevent a continuance of the evil in future. And be not content with individual exertion. Remember that u-nion is strength. Take an example from the Temperance Societies, which are rising in heir might, and rescuing a nation trom the brink of destruction.

Unite, christian sisters, of all denominations, and make an effort to rescue the Church of God, from the insidious attacks of an enemy, which is devouring her very vitals. As a counterpart to the societies just mentioned, may I respectfully suggest that Plain Dress Societies be formed in every city and village throughout the land, recognising two fundamental principles, the one based on 1 Tim. ii. 9, -all ornaments and costly dress to be disused: the other on the law of general benevo-lence,—the avails of such articles, and the sacings resulting from the Plain Dress sys-tem to be devoted to purposes of charity. Some general rules in regard to dress, and some general objects of charity may be easily ascertained and settled. Minor points must, of course, be left to the conscience of each individual. Yet free discussion will throw light on many points at first obscure. Be not deterred by the suggestion, that in such discussions, you are conversant about small things. Great things depend on small; and in that case, things which appear small to short-sighted man, are great in the sight of God. Many there are, who praise the principles of self-denial in general, and condemn it in all its particular applications, as too minute, scrapulous and severe. Satan is well aware that if he can secure the minute units, the sum total will be his own. Think not any thing small, which may have a bearing upon the kingdom of Christ, and upon the destincts of eternity. How easy to conceive, from many unknown events, that the single from many unknown events, that the single fact of a lady's divesting herself of a neck-lace, for Christ's sake, may involve conse-quences, which shall be 'felt in the remotest part of the carth, and in all future genera-tions to the end of time; yea, stretch away into boundless eternity, and be a subject of praise, millions of ages after this world and all its ornament shall be burnt up.

Boware of another suggestion made by weak and erring souls, who will tell you, that there is more danger of being proud of plain dress and other modes of self-denial, than of fashionable attire and self-indulgence. Be not ensuared by this last, most finished, most insiduous device of the great enemy. Rather believe, that He. who enables you to make a believe, that He. who enables you to make a sacrifice, is able to keep you from being proud of it. Believe that he will kindly permit such occasions of mortifications and shame, as will preserve you from the evil threatened. The severest part of self-denial consists in encountering the disapprobation, the envy, the hatred of one's dearest friends. All who enter the straight and narrow path in good earnest, soon find themselves in a climate extension to the growth of pride. tremely uncongenial to the growth of pride.
The gay and fashionable will in many cases,

But notwithstanding these favourable signs, nothing really nothing is yet done. And why those wilds, horrid and dark with o'ershadowing trees. But I found that he had been there before me, and reigned with a peculiar sway, from time immemorial. On one Karsaway, from time immemorial of all colours, sizes and famaterials. Three was the average. Brass belt above the anoles, neat braids of black when they arrive, they will be dressed in their usual way, as christian women at home are be the last to engage in this holy undertaking. then, one of the caveliers of the court? "I am, fair maid; but I shall the queen's favour and my place, if I lose this hawk." 'Santa Maria! it is against you, cavellers of the court, my aunt has charge! me especially to bar the door." 'Against wicked caveliers, doubtless; but I am none of these but a simple, harmless page, who will be ruined and undone if you deny me this request."

See Fourth page.

able to set an examples wait not for one another; listen not to the news from the next town, but let every individual go farward, regardless of reproach, fearless of consequen-ces. The eye of Christ is upon you. Death is hastening to strip you of your arnaments, and turif your fair forms into corruption and dust. Many of those for whom this letter is designed, will be laid in the grave, before it can ever reach their eyes. We shall soon tan ever reach their eyes. We shall soon appear before the judgment seat of Christ, to be tried for our conduct, and to receive the things done in the body. When placed before that awful bar, in the presence of that Being, whose eyes are as a flame, and whose irreworable for will fix you forever in heaven irrevocable fiat will fix you forever in heaven or hell, and mete out the measures of your or hell, and mete out the measures of your everlasting pleasures and pains, what course will you wish you had taken? Will you then wish, that in defiance of his authority, you had adorned your mortal bodies with gold and precious stones, and costly attife, chrishing self love, vanity and pride? Or will you wish you had chosen a life of self-denial, renounced the world, taken up the cross daily, and followed him? And as you will then wish you had done, do now. wish you had done, do now.

Dear sisters,
Your affectionate brother in Christ,
Maulmein, Oct. 1831. A. JUDSON.

TALES OF THE ALHAMBRA. BY WASHINGTON IRVING.

LEGEND OF THE ROSE OF THE AL-HAMBRA.

'Among those who attended in the train of the monarchs was a favourite page of the queen, named Ruyz de Alarcon. To say that he was a favourite page of the queen was at once to speak his eulogium; for every one in the suite of the stately Elizabeth was chosen for grace and beauty, and accomplishments. He was just turned of eighteen, light and blithe of form, and graceful as a young Antinous. To the queen he was all deference and respect; yet he was at heart a roguish strippling, petted and spoiled by the ladies of the caurt, and experienced in the ways of women far beyond his years. This loitering page was one morning regulation. loitering page was one morning rambling about the groves of the Generalife, which overlooked the grounds of the Alhambra. He had taken with him, for his amusement, a favourite ger-falcon of the queen. In the course of his rambles, seeing a bird vising from a thicker, he unbooded the hawk and let him fly- The falcon towered high in the air, made a sweep at his quarry, but missing it, soared away, regardless of the calls of the page.—
The latter followed the truant bird with his eye, in its capricious flight, until he saw it alight upon the battlements of a remote and lonely tower in the outer wall of the Alhambra, built on the edge of a ravine that separate of the same for the same of rated the royal fortress from the grounds of the Generalife. It was, in fact, the tower of the 'Tower of the Princesses.' The page descended into the ravine and approached the tower, but it had no entrance from the glen, tower, but it had no entrance from the glen, and its lofty height rendered any attempt to scale it fruitless. Seeking one of the gates of the fortress, therefore, he made a wide circuit to that side of the tower facing within the walls. A small garden, enclosed by a trellis work of reeds overhung with myrtle, lay before the tower. Opening a wicket the page passed between beds of flowers and thickets of roses to the duor. It was closed and holted. A crevice in the door gave him and bolted. A crevice in the door gave him a peep into the interior. There was a small Moorish hall with fretted wolls, light marble columns, and an alabaster fountain surrous-led with flowers. In the centre hung a gilt cage containing a single bird; beneath it, on a chair, lay a tortoise-shell cit, among reels of silk and other articles of female labour, and a guitar decorated with ribands, leaned against the fountain. Ruyz de Alarcon was struck with these traces of female taste and elegance in a lonely, and, as he supposed, deserted tower. They reminded him of the tales of enchanted halls current in the Alhamqra; and the tortoise-shell cat might be some spell bound princess. He knocked gent-ly at the door; a beautiful face peeped out from a little window above, but was instantfrom a little window above, but was instantly withdrawn. He waited, expecting that the door would be opened, but he waited in vain; no footstep was to be heard within—all was silent. Had his senses deceived him, or was this beautiful apparition the fairy of the tower? He knocked again, and more loudly. After a little while the beaming face once more peeped forth; it was that of a blooming damsel of fifteen. The page immediately doffed his plumed bonnet, and entreated, in the most courteous accents, to be permitted doffed his plumed bonnet, and entreated, in the most courteous accents, to be permitted to ascend the tower in pursuit of his falcon. I dare not open the door, senor, replied the little damsal, blushing; 'my aunt has forbidden it.' I do beseech, you, fair maid; it is the favourite falcon of the queen; I dare not return to the palace without it. Are you, then, one of the caveliers of the court? ... I

See Fourth page.