ken goods.
Resolved, That a National Silk Journal glit to be established under the auspices of Executive Committee, and all the funds and above the support of said paper ght to be devoted to the advancement of

Under the laster resolution, J. S. SKINKER, stmaster, of Baltimore, was invited to beme the editor of the work, and has connted to do so-so far as may be consistent th the strict performance of his public da-

ace in the Convention, all the difficulties have been encountered, and which vet be apprehended, in the prosecution erican industry, were fully considered; and e result was an universal conviction that, ow, in the words of the resolution, Silk be grown in the United States, not onfor domestic purposes, but as a valuable ticle of commercial export. The suitaeness of our soil and climate to the growth nd health of the worm, and the trees which oly its food; the capabilities, the habits, price of American labour as compared that of sick-producing countries, all

ere fully canvassed, and the most sceptical estrained freedom in the entertainment and rines, religious and political, has imparted ous, as to our English ancestry, an omnierous appetite for knowledge, and a capaciuired in ages, where all is dull conformity as it happened in manufactures as in other ings: American ingenuity, unrestrained by e with silk. The only question is as to how ong it shall take us? With a monthly jou-al to concentrate and diffuse every ray of ion of the Convention that we may realize and enjoy, in our own day, the boon which ndolence and want of concert may procrasinate, but which nothing short of Turkish

pathy can finally defeat. Let all then who may feel any concern as cultivators, manufacturers, or venders of silk, or as patriots willing to offer suitable occupaion and bread to the unemployed and the nelpless, come forward in support of a work of be faithfully and honestly devoted to these bjects of private happiness, and of naticul

Though SILK, and every thing connected nachinery for its preparation and manufacof the journal, for the sake of agrecable and seful variety, a considerable portion of its pages will be dedicated to the justly popular

and kindred subjects of agriculture, kori-culture, and rural and domestic economy— Hence, the adjunctive title Rural Econo-The Journal of the American Silk Society will be published monthly, in pamphlet form, each number will contain thirty-two pages, printed on new type and handsome paper,

with a printed coloured cover. All persons friendly to the objects of the Journal will please collect at once and transmit the names and subscription money of

those who may feel disposed to patronize it. TERMS.

Two Dollars a year, or six copies for Ten Dollars, always to be paid before the work is sent. All subscriptions to begin with the first number of the year, and in no case will the work be sent to any subscriber longer than it shall have been paid for.

All Editors of papers who may desire to see Silk added to the list of American Staples; and who will have the kindness to inert this prospectus, will be entitled to a co-

W of the Journal.

Baltimore, January, 1839. February 7.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, ST. MICHAELS



The Steamboat MA. RYLAND will leave Baltimore on SUNDAY MORNING NEXT, at

eight o'clock, for the a-bove places from the lower end of Dugan's wharf. Wharf. Returning the next day, leaving Wye Landing at 8 o'clock for St. Michaels, Annapolis and Baltimore. She will continue this route throughout the season. Passage to Annapolis and St. Sc. Academic and Ca. Michaels and

to Annapolis S1 50, to St. Michaels and Wye Landing S2 50.

N. B. All Baggage at the owner's risk.

LEM'L. G. TAYLOR.

May 26.) etal 12 born 20/2 (117.

The President of the President of the Country of the Country of the President of the Country of the President of the Country o

YOL XCIV.

ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, MAY 2, 1839.

Printed and Published by JONAS GREEN, the Brick Building on the Public Circle. Price-Three Dollars per annum.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT.

In Nervous diseases, liver complaint, dyspereia, bilioss diseases, piles, consumption, coughs, colds, spitting of blood, pain in the chest and side, ulcers, female realises, mercurial diseases, and all cases of hypohemorises, low spirits, palpitation of the heart, ner-handriacism, low spirits, palpitation, exit deliberty, best of specific heart burners, lead-case, history, see as ickness, night mare, rheumatism, at these who are victims to that most exeruciating and these who are victims to that most exeruciating isorder, Gost, will find relief from their sufferings by a curse of Dr. Wm. Evans' medicine.

Also, nanca, venniting, pains in the side, limbs, head, stonato or back, dimness or confusion of sight, sides in the inside, alternate flushes of heat and chill-best tremors, watchings, agitation, anxiety, bad dreams, passes.

Principal Office, 100 Chatham st. New

THE FOLLOWING
INTERESTING & ASTONISHING FACTS, are amongs: the numerous CURES performed by the use of Dr.

CURES Performed by the use of Dr. Wm. Evans' Medicines. PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 100 Chatham Street, New York, where the Doctor may be consulted personally, or by letter, (post paid) from any part of the United States, de. Persons requiring medicine and advice, must enclose a Bank Note, or Order.

Tr NORE CONCLUSIVE PROOFS of the ex-trectionary efficacy of Dr. W.M. EVANS celebrated CANOMILE and APERIENT ANTI-BILIOUS CANOMILE and APERIENT ANTI-BILIOUS
PILLS, in alleviating afflicted nankind.—Mx-Riobert
Carron, 101 Bowery. Disease, Chronic Dysentery,
or Eloody Flux. Symptoms, unusual flatulency in the
lords, severe griping, frequent inclination to go to
sad, tenesmus, loss of appetite, naussea, vounting, frecentry of pulso, and a frequent discharge of a peculirf firtil matter, mixed with blood, great doblity, serms
of lenning heat, with an intolerable bearing down of
the parts. Mr. Cameron is lenjoying perfect health,
well returned his sincere thanks for the catraordinary
leaft he had received.

ASTHMA, THREE YEARS'
TANDING.—Mr. Robert Monroe, Schrytkill, affeted with the above distrussing malady. Symptoms:
Grat languor, flatnlency, disturbed rest, nervous headside, difficulty of breathing, tightness and stricture across the breast, diszuness, nervous irritability and rest.
Issuess, could not lie in a horizontal position without
the sensation of impending sufficiation, palpitation of
the beart, distressing cough, contiveness, pain of the
somach, drowsiness, great debility and deficiency of
the nervous energy. Mr. R. Monroe gave up every
longht of recovery, and dire despair sat on the counteause of every person interested in his existence or
happiness, till by accident he noticed in a public paper
some cares effected by Dr. Wm. Evens' Medicine in
the complaint, which induced him to purchase a packize of the Fills, which resulted in completely removing
turn symptom of his disease. He wishes to say his
notire for this declaration is, that those afflicted with
the same or any symptoms similar to those from which
the is happily restored, may likewise receive the same ne or any symptoms similar to the same apply restored, may likewise receive the same

C LIVER COMPLAINT, TEN TEARS' STANDING.—Mrs. Hannah Browne, wife of Joseph Browne, North Sixth st. near Second street, Williamsburg, afflicted for the last ten years with Liver Complaint, restored to health through the treatment of Dr. Wm. Evans. Symptoms: Habitual constipation of the bowels, total loss of appetite, exeruciating pain of the epigastric region, great depression of spirits, langur and other symptoms of extremo debility, disturbed step, inordinate flow of the menses, pain in the right side, could not lie on her left side without an aggravation of the pain, urino high coloured, with other symption of the pain, urine high coloured, with other symptoms indicating great derangement of the functions of

the liver.

Mrs. Browne was attended by three of the first physicians, but received but little relief from their medicine, till Mr. Browne procured some of Dr. Wm. Etans invaluable preparations, which effectually relieve ther of the above distressing symptoms, with others, which it is not essential to intimate.

JOSEPH BROWNE.

City and Counts of New York. 22.

City and County of New York, ss.

Joseph Browne, Williamsburgh, Long Island, being chy swern, did depose and say that the facts as set firth in the within statement, to which he has sub-

name, are just and true.

JOSEPH BROWNE,

Husband of the said Hannah Browne,
fore me, this 4th day of January, 1837.

PETER PINCKNEY, Com. of Deeds.

A CASE OF TIC DOLOREUX.

A CASE OF TIC DOLOREUX.

Mrs. J. E. Johnson, wife of Capt. Joseph Johnson, of Lynn, Mass, was severely afflicted for ten years with Tie Doloreux, violent pain in her head, and vomiting, with a burning heat in the stomach, and unable to leave to room. She could find no relief from the advice of everal physicians, nor from medicines of any kind, until after she had commenced using Dr. Evans' medicine, of 100 Chitham street, and from that time she began to amend, and feels satisfied if she continue the medicine a fgw days longer, will be perfectly cutred. Reference can be had as to the truth of the above, by calling at Mrs. Johnson's daughter's Store, 359 Grand st. X.Y.

A perfect cure effected by the treatment of Dr. W. L.
reas. Mr. John Gibson, of North Fourth street, Williamsburgh, afflicted with the above complaint for three
years and nine reanths; during which time he had to
secrutches. His chief symptoms were excruciating
pain in all his joints, but especially in the hip, shoulder, knees and ankles; an aggravation of the pain towards night; and for the most part all times from the
external heat, an obvious thickening of the fascia and
ligaments, with a complete loss of muscular power.—
For the benefit of those afflicted in a similar manner,
Mr. Gibson corresivos it meet to say that the pains have
entirely ceased, and that his joints have completely recurrend their natural tone, and he foels able to resume
his ordinary business. PARALYTIC RHEUMATISM.

ter inability of engaging in any thing that demanded vigour or courage, sometimes a visionary idea of an aggravation of her disease, a whimsical aversion to particular persons and places, groundless apprehensions of personal danger and poverty, an irksomencies and weariness of life, discontented, disquietude on every slight occasion, she conceived she could neither die nor live; she wept, lamented, desponded, and thought she led a most miserable life, never was any one so bad, with frequent mental hallucinations.

most miserable life, never was any one so bad, with fre-quent mental hallucinations.

Mr. Kenny had the advice of several eminent phys-cians, and had recourse to numerous medicines, but could not obtain even temporary alleviation of her dis-tressing state, till her husband persuaded her to make rial of my mode of treatment.

trial of my mode of treatment.

She is now quite relieved, and finds herself not only capable of attending to her domestic affairs, but arows that she enjoys as good health at present as she did at any period of her existence.

J. Kenny, husband of the aforesaid Anne Kenny.

Sworn before me, this 14th day of Docember, 1836.

Peter Pinckney, Com. of Deeds.

. IT' A Letter from Mr. Sheldon P. Gilbert, to Dr. Wm. Evans, proprietor of the celebrated Camomile

Dear Sir.—Had the immortal Cowper known the me-dical qualities of the Camomile Plant, he as well as thousands since (besides myself,) would have experien-cod its wonderful effects on the nervous system. The ced its wonderful effects on the nerrous system. The public utility of Cowper was blighted in the bud, thro the natural effect of his nerrous debility upon the mental powers, which made it necessary for him to seek relief beneath the rural shade, but the calm retreat gave his physical nature no repose. If some one then had his physical nature no repose. If some one then have known the secret of concentrating the medical virtues of Camonnile, the discoverer would have been immor of Camonile, the discoverer would have been unnecessarily talized with poetic zeal as the benefactor of suffering

The above lines were prompted from the effect I have experienced from Dr. Wm. Evans' Camomile Pills.
Yours, with exteem,
Sheldon P. Gilbert.

Durham, Green Co., N Y.

Dr. Another recent test of the unricalled virtue of Dr. Wm. Rosns' Medicines.—DYSPEPSIA, TEN YEARS' STANDING.—Mr. J. McKenzie, 176 Stanton street, was afflicted with the above complaint for 10 years, which incapacitated him at intervals, for the pariod of six years, in attending to his business, restored to perfect health under the salutary treatment of Dr. Wm. Evans.

to perfect health under the salutary treatment of Dr. Wm. Evans.

The symptoms nere—A sense of distension and oppression after eating, distressing pain in the pit of the stomach, nausea, impaired appetite, giddiners, palpitation of the heart, great debility and emaciation, depression of spirits, distrebed rest, sometimes a bilious vomiting, and pain in the right side, an extreme degree of langers and faintness; any endeavour to pursue his business causing immediate exhaustion and weariness.

Mr. McKenzie is deily attending his business, and none of the above symptoms have recurred since he used the medicine. He is now a strong and healthy man. He resorted to snyriads of remedies, but they were all ineffectual. He is willing to give any information to the afflicted respecting the inestimable benefit rendered to him by the use of Dr. Wm. Evans' medicine.

CP An Extraordinary and Remarkable Cure.—Mrs. Mary Dillon. Williamsburgh. corner of Fourth and North streets, completely restored to health by the treatment of Dr. W. Evans, 100 Chatham st.

The symptoms of this distressing case were as follows: Total loss of appetite, palpitation of the heart, twitching of the tendons, with a general spasmodic affection of the muscles, difficulty of breathing, giddiness, langour, lassitude, great depression of spirits, with a fear of some impending evil, a sensation of fluttering at the pit of the stomach, irregular transient pains in different parts, great emaciation, with other symstoms of extreme debility.

The above case was pronounced hopeless by three of the most eminent physicians, and the dissolution of the patient daily awaited by her friends, which may be authenticated by the physicians who were in attendance. She has given her cheerful permission to publish the above facts, and will also gladly give any information respecting the benefit she has received, to any inquiring mind.

MARY DILLON.

mind.

OPDYSPEPSIA AND HYPOCHON-DRIACISM.—Interesting Case.—Mr. William Salmon, Green street, above Third, Philadelphia, afflicted for several years with the following distressing symptoms. Sickness at the stomach, headache, dizziness, palpitation of the heart, impaired appetite, sometimes acid and putrescent eructations, coldness and weakness of the extremities, cuarcition and general debility, disturbed rest, a sense of pressure and weight at the stomach after eating, nightmare, great mental despondency, severe flying pains in the chest, back and rides, costiveness, a dislike for society, or conversation, involuntary sighing and weeping, languor and lassitude upon the least exercise.

Mr. Salmon had applied to the most eminent physicians, who considered it beyond the power of medicine to restore him to health; however as his affliction had reduced him to a very deplorable condition, and having been recommended by a relative of his to make trial of Dr. Wm. Evans' medicine, he with difficulty repaired to the office and procured a package, to which, he says, he is indebted for his restoration to life, health and friends. He is now enjoying all the blessings of health. Persons desirous of further information, will be satisfied in every particular as to this astonishing cure, at Dr. Wm, Evans' Medical Office, 100 Chatham st. N. Y.

A severe case of Piles cured at 100 Challana street.—Mr Daniel Spanning, of Shrewsbury, Eden Town, New Jersey, was severely afflicted with Piles for more than 20 years. Had had recourse to medicines of almost every description, also the advice of several coninent physicians, but never found the slightest relief from any source whatsoever, until he called on Dr. Evans, of 100 Chathan street, N. Y. and procured some medicine from him, from which he found immediate relief, and subsequently a perfect cure.

by Dr. Wir. Evans, of 100 Chatham st. N. Y.—Mr. W. W. of 160 Eldridge street, was labouring under a disease, which was by many physicians considered incurable, and could find no relief from any source whatever, until he made application to Dr. Evans, and placed himself under his successful course of treatment, from which he began to find immediate relief, and in a few weeks was perfectly cured.

For the benefit of those afflicted in a similar manner, Mr. Gibson conveivos it meet to say that the pains have entirely ceased, and that his joints have completely recreed their natural tone, and he fools able to resume his ordinary business.

If Mrs. Anne F. Kenny, No. 115 Lewis street, between Stanton and Houston sts., afflicted for ten years with the following distressing symptoms: Acid eructation, daily spasmodic pains in the head, loss of appearance, and often profuse sweating, unatties, palpitation of her heart, giddiness and dimness of sight, could not lie on her right side, distarbed vest, ut-

sense of tightness across the chest, likewise a great want of due energy in the nervous system.

The above symptoms were entirely removed, and a perfect cure effected by Dr. Wiss. Evens.

BENJ. S. JARVIS.

City of New York, ss.

Benjamin S. Jarvis being duly sworn, doth depose and say, that the facts stated in the above certificate, subscribed by him, are in all respects true.

BENJ. S. JARVIS.

Sworn before me, this 25th of November, 1836.

W.M. SAUL, Notary Public, 96 Nassau st.

The above medicine for sale by

J. HUCITES,

Druggist, Annapolis G. W. WILSON, Also, by Upper Murlbro'.

> POETRY. From the Knickerbocker. A PSALM OF DEATIL

"Dear, beauteous death! the jewel of the just, Shining nowhere but in the dark, What mysteries do lie beyond thy durt, Could we outlook that mark!"

THE REAPER AND THE FLOWERS. There is a reaper whose name is Death, And with his sickle keen, He reaps the bearded grain at a breath,

And the flowers that grow between "Shall I have nought that is fair," saith he: "Have nought but the bearded grain? Though the breath of these flowers is sweet to I will give them all back again."

He gazed at the flowers with tearful eyes, He kissed their drooping leaves; It was for the Lord of Paradise He bound them in his sheaves. "My Lord has need of these flowers gay,"

The reaper said, and smiled; Dear tokens of the earth are they, Where he was once a child." "They shall all bloom in fields of light, Tranpl:nted by my care,

And saints upon their garments white These sacred blossoms wear." And the mother gave, in tears and pain, The flowers she most did love;

But she knew she should find them all again, In the fields of light above. Oh, not in cruelty, not in wrath, That reaper came that day;

MISCELLANEOUS.

Twas an angel visited the green earth,

And took the flowers away.

AMERICAN OURANG-OUTANG.

We learn from the Boston Times, that Robert Lincoln, Esq. has just returned from the St. Pe-ter's river, near the head of steam boat naviga tion on the upper Mississippi, bringing with him a living American Ourang Outang, or Wild Man of the Woods, with two small cubs, supposed to about three months old.

Mr. Lincoln went out to the northwest as a. ent of the New-York Lumber Company, in fully last, with a view to establish extensive saw-mills in the immensely valuable pine lands near the Falls of St. Anthony. In the states of Illinois and Missouri, and the territories of Wisconsin and Jowa, there is little or no pine, and the inhabitants are obliged to use oak and walnut for common building purposes, and the labor of working such materials is very great .-Throughout this extensive region, therefore, pine timber is in great demand, at high prices; York company. The Times gives a detail of the operations of the company, which were prosecuted with great success until the setting in of winter. That paper then relates the following particulars connected with the capture of the Ourang Outang.

"During the winter, Mr. Lincoln and several of the workmen made frequent excursions in rsuit of game, which was very abundant, and their camp was one continued scene of festivity.

The Indians brought in large quantities of furs. which Mr. Lincoln purchased for a mere trifle, and lined his cabins with them throughout, which rendered his rude buts very warm and comfortable. The whole party were as hearty as bucks, and appeared to enjoy themselves ex-

About the 15th of January, two of the carpenters who had been in pursuit of a gang of wolves, that had proved very troublesome, came into the camp, and reported that they had this city. He arrived here on Saturday afterseen a huge monster in the forest, on a branch of the Mississippi, having the form of a man but much taller and stouter, covered with long hair, and of a frightful aspect. They stated that when first seen, he was standing on a large log, looking directly at them, and the moment they raised their muskets, he daried into the thicket and disappeared. They saw him a gain in about half an hour, apparently watching them, and when they turned towards him he a gain disappeared. Mr. Lincoln was at first das. posed to think lightly of this matter, b lieving that the men might have been mistaken about the size and height of the object, or supposing it might have been a trick of the Indians to frighten then. He was informed, however, by some of the natives, that such a being had often been seen on the St. Peters, and near the falls of the Mississippi, and they proposed to guide a party of the workmen to a bluff where it was thought he might be found. The men were all a horse.

ready for an adventure, and arming themselves | with rifles and hunting knives, they started for the bluff under the direction of Mr. Lincoln and the Indian guides. On the way they were join ed by several of the natives, and the whole par-

ty numbered twenty three.

They arrived at the bluff late on the after. noon of the 21st of January, and encamped in a cave or grotto, at the foot of the hill. Early the next morning, two of the Indians were sen out to reconnoitre, and in about an hour returned, and said they had seen the wild man, on the other side of the hill. The whole party immediately prepared for the pursuit. Mr. Lincoln gave positive orders to the men, not to fire upor him unless it should be necessary in self defence, as he wished, if possible, to take him alive. The Indians stated that although a very powerful creature, he was believed to be perfect. ly harmless, as he always fled at the approach of men. While Mr. Lincoln was giving his men their instructions, the wild man appeared in sight. He ordered them to remain perfectly quiet, and taking out his pocket glass surreyed him minutely. He appeared to be about eight or nine feet high, very athletic and more like a beast standing erect than a man. After satisfying himself with regard to the character of the creature, Mr. Lincoln ordered his men to advance. The Indians had provided themselves with ropes prepared to catch wild horses, with which they hoped to ensuare and bind the

creature, without maiming him. The instant the company moved toward the wild man, he sprung forward with a loud and frightful yell, which made the forest ring; the Indians followed close upon him, and Mr. Lincoln and his men brought up the fear. The mining upon the object of their chase, and now almost losing sight of him. The trees, how ever, were quite open, and free from underbrush, which enabled them to make their way very ra-Whenever they came very near him, be started forward again with a yell, and appeared to increase his speed. He finally darted into a thicket, and although they followed close and made much search, they were unable to find

The then began to retrace their steps to wards the place of encampment, and when within about a mile of the cavern, the wild man crossed their path, within twenty rods of the main body of the party. They immediately gave chase again, and accidentally drove the creature from the forest into an open field or prairie .-The monster appeared to be much frightened at his situation, and leaped forward, howling hideously. At length he suddenly stopped and turned upon his pursuers. Mr. Lincoln was then in the advance. Fearing that he might attack them, or return to the woods and escape he fired upon him and lodged a charge of buck shot in the calf of his leg. He fell immediate-ly, and the Indians sprang forward and threw their ropes over his head, arms and legs, and with much effort succeeded in binding him

He struggled, however, most desperately, gnashed his teeth, and howled in a frightful manner. They then formed a sort of litter of branches and limbs of trees, and placing him upon it, carried him to the encampment. A watch was then placed over him; and every effort made that could be devised to keep him quiet, but he continued to how! most piteously all night. Towards morning two cubs, about three feet high, and very similar to the large monster, came into the camp, and were taken without resistance. As soon as the monster saw them he became very furious-gnashed hi teeth, and howled, and thrashed about, until he teeth, and howled, and thrashed about, until he burst several of the cerds, and came very near effecting his escape. But he was bound anew, and after that was kept most carefully watched and guarded. The next day he was placed on the litter and carried down to the mills on the Saint Peters.

The next day he was placed on the Saint Peters.

The next day he was placed on the Saint Peters. Saint Peters.

For two or three days, Mr. Lincoln says, he efused to cat or drink, or take any kind of food, but continued to howl at intervals for an hour at a time. At length, however, he began to eat, but from that time his howls ceased, and he has remained stupid and sullen ever since. The cubs took food very readily, and became quite active and playful. Mr. Lincoln is a native of Boston, and some

of the workmen engaged at his mills are from noon in the brig St. Sharles, Stewart, master, from New Orleans, with the wild man and the cubs, and they were all removed from the vessel that evening. By invitation of Mr. Lincoln, who is an o'd acquaintance, we went down to his rooms to examine this monster. He is a horrid looking creature, and reminds us very strongly of the fabled satyrs, as we have pictured them to our own mind. He is about eight lect three inches high, when standing erect, and his frame is of giant proportions in every part. His legs are not straight, but like those of the dog and other four-footed minals, and his whole dog and other four-footed animals, and his whole body is covered with a hide very much like that of a cow. His arms are very large and long, and ill proportioned. It does not appear from his manner that he has ever walked upon "all fours." The fingers and toes are mere bunches, armed with stout claws. His head is covered armed with stout claws. His head is covered with thick, coarse, black hair, like the mane of

The appearance of his countenance, if such it may be called, is very disgusting-nay, alm horrible: It is covered with a thinner and lighter coat of hair than the fest of the body; there is no appearance of eye-brows or nose; the mouth is very large and wide, and similar to that of a baboon. His eyes are quite dull and beavy, and there is no indication of cunning or activity about them. Mr. Lincoln says he is beyond dispute carnivorous, as he universally rejects bread and vegetables, and cats flesh with great avidity. He thinks he is of the ourang outang species: but from what little we have seen, we are inclined to consider him a wild say the least, one of the most extraordinary creatures that ever has been brought before the public, from any part of the earth, or the waters under the earth, and we believe will prove a difficult puzzle to the scientific. He lies down like a brute, and does not appear to possess more instinct than common domestic animals. He is now quite tame and quiet, and is only confined by a stout chain attached to his legs.

This is the first creature of the kind, we believe, ever found on this continent. It was to be expected, however, that in penetrating the remote recesses of the new world, monsters would be found, and great natural curionities brought to light; and it has been a matter of surprise to many that so little of the marvellous has been discovered. But we cannot tell what the wilds of the Northwest, the shores of Lake Superior, the regions of the Rocky Mountains, and the vast territory of the Oregon, may yet bring

It is Mr. Lincoln's intention to submit these animals to the inspection of the scientific for a few days, in order to ascertain what they are, and after that to dispose of them to some person for exhibition. Mr. Lincoln himself will return to the Saint Peters in the course of two or three

THE Commissioners for Anne-Arundel county will meet at the court house in the city of Annapolis, on TUESDAY, the 11th day of June next, for the purpose of hearing appeals and making transfers, and transacting the ordinary business of the be-

By order, R. J. COWMAN, Clk.

STATE OF MARYLAND, SC. Anne-Arundel County, Orphans Court,

April 20th, 1839.

N application by petition of Robert Welch of Ben. and Edmund Clagett. Executors of the last Will and Testament of William H. Woodfield, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that they give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, for the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.
SAM'L. BROWN, Jun'r.

Reg. Wills A. A. County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the subscribers of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne Arundel county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of William H Woodfield, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at or before

STATE OF MARYLAND, Sc. Anne-Arundel County, Orphuns Court,
April 23d, 1859.

N application by petition of Alexander. Duvail, Administrator of James Armiger, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, and that the same be published once in each week, or the space of six successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Annapolis.
SAM'L. BROWN, Jun'r.

Reg. Wills A. A. County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the subscriber of Anne-Arundel county, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Anne-Arundel county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of James Armiger, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at

PRINTING Neatly executed at this Office.