PROSPECTUS

publishing in the City of Baltimore a
eily and Tri-Weekly Paper to be call-
ed the

LTIMORE POST AND COM-
MERCIAL TRANSCRIPT.

Post and Transcript will be devoted to
Politics, Commerce, Agriculture, Arts,
Literature and News.

POLITICS.—The Post and Transcript will be
firm and undeviating advocate of the doctrines of
OCRATIC REPUBLICANISM, which constitute the funda
tal elements of our social and political system. As
declaration imports, on the great question of Na.
l Politics, the paper will be of the "strict con.
ctionist" school, maintaining that the action of Go.
ment should be limited to the exercise of those
ers which are specifically enumerated in the consti.
on. It will consequently oppose the measures of
e, who by a loose interpretation of this MAGNI
ARTA of our liberties, seek the establishment of
emes subversive of the principles upon which the
fabric of our government is reared, and which, un.
cked, tend to confusion and anarchy from which no
f can be found but in despotism.

among these schemes, regarded as of obviously dan
ous tendency, is that of a National Bank, which,
ever harmless or useful it might be in the full
ngth and unanimity of the republic, would, in t
od of danger,—its branches penetrating every part
the country, and in the words of Jefferson, "acting
command and in phalanx,"—have power to inter.
e serious and alarming obstacles to the operations of
ernment.

The assumption of the right to impose a tariff be.
d the duties necessary to supply the constitutional
nts of government; the appropriation of the public
ney upon schemes of internal improvement, and the
erference of government with the domestic institu.
ns of the States, particularly with the institution of
very, will be equally opposed as encroachments up.
the constitution and upon the rights of States.

The liability of the Banks to periodical convulsions,
d their inability to comply, at all times, with the con
ions upon which they are employed by the Treasury,
evinced by the suspensions of 1837, render the mea.
re of dispensing with their agency in conducting the
cal operations of Government one of obvious necess.
y. The Post and Transcript will therefore advocate
e adoption of the Independent Treasury System, as a
asure calculated to relieve government from the con.
gencies to which its connection with Banks renders
liable—one which will insure stability and uniformity
its fiscal action, and reduce the potent influence of
e Executive over a league of deposite Banks, to the
ere power of appointing the few officers necessary to
rry out the system. But while the Treasury System
ill be supported as a judicious fiscal measure, Bank.
g Institutions will not be opposed. On the contrary
eir interests—with such checks as are calculated to
cure the object of their creation, will be supported as
sential to the prosperity and advancement of the
untry.

Such is the outline of the doctrines for the advocacy
which the new paper is to be commenced, and to the
fence and vindication of which, the Editor pledge
s best support. They are the doctrines of the present
dministration; and as their continuance and efficiency
pend much upon the energy and zeal of those to
hom the important office of carrying them into effect
entrusted, the paper will zealously advocate the re-
ection of MARTIN VAN BUREN to the Presiden
y, as one who has proved himself eminently qualified
uphold and defend them and insure their unembar.
ssed action. It is believed the Post and Transcript
ill not be found an unworthy co-adjutor of the demo-
ratic paper already engaged in the cause in this city.

On the subject of State politics the paper will adve
ate a judicious reform, consonant with the spirit and
rinciples of our republican institutions. Aware of
e great caution and deliberation with which this sub.
ct should be approached, it will nevertheless fearless.
advocate such changes as our own experience has
onvinced us to be necessary, or such as the history of
ther States in the confederacy has taught to be wise
nd salutary.

The all important subject of Internal Improvement
ill be earnestly pressed upon the public attention; the
reat necessity of a vigorous prosecution and early
ompletion of the great works in which the State is al
eady so deeply interested, will be urged as positively
ecessary to preserve unimpaired the public faith and
secure the true and permanent prosperity of our City
nd State.

II. *COMMERCE.*—The commercial department of
he paper will be attended to with the utmost care, and
o effort will be spared to render the information rela-
ive to foreign, domestic and local markets, and the ge-
eral state of trade, full and satisfactory.

III. *AGRICULTURE.*—This important subject
will receive more attention than has usually been paid
o it in similar publications; and besides detailing facts
f importance to the farmer and planter, it is intended
o discuss the principles of agricultural economy and
o claim for the husbandman that station as a citizen
nd an important producing agent, to which his inde.
endence and labours entitle him.

IV. *The ARTS*, both fine and mechanical, will have
heir appropriate department, and such discussion will
e entered into as will tend to evolve the true princi-
les upon which both are founded and to foster the ef-
forts of native genius and skill rather than of foreign
ngenuity.

V. *LITERATURE AND NEWS.*—The Post and
Transcript will aim at nourishing a sound and pure li-
erary taste, and at the same time will endeavour to
qual the best of its cotemporaries in judicious selec-
ions and in the promptitude, accuracy and extent of
s general intelligence, foreign and domestic.

The first number will be issued in the course of the
resent month, after which it will be regularly conti-
ued. It is desirable that the names of subscribers be
eturned as speedily as possible to the Publisher.

TERMS.—The POST AND TRANSCRIPT will be of the
argest class of newspapers—the DAILY at $8, and the
TRI-WEEKLY at $5 per annum, payable in advance, un-
uaranteed in the city.

☞All letters must be addressed to S. P. SKINNER,
Editor Post and Transcript, Baltimore, Md.

☞Those containing remittances may be forwarded
t the expense of the publisher; all others, must be post
aid.

PRINTING
Neatly executed at this
OFFICE.

The Maryland Gazette.

VOL. XCIV. ANNAPOLIS, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1839. NO. 40.

Printed and Published by
JONAS GREEN,
At the Brick Building on the Public
Circle.
Price—Three Dollars per annum.

Doctor W. EVANS' SOOTHING SYRUP, FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.

Prepared by himself.

TO MOTHERS AND NURSES.

The passage of the Teeth through the gums produces troublesome and dangerous symptoms. It is known by mothers that there is great irritation in the mouth and gums during this process. The gums swell, the secretion of saliva is increased, the child is seized with frequent and sudden fits of crying, watchings, starting in the sleep, and spasms of peculiar parts; the child shrieks with extreme violence, and thrusts its fingers into its mouth. If these precursory symptoms are not speedily alleviated, spasmodic convulsions universally supervene, and soon cause the dissolution of the infant. If mothers who have their little babes afflicted with these distressing symptoms, would apply Dr. William Evans' Celebrated Soothing Syrup, which has preserved hundreds of infants when thought past recovery, from being suddenly attacked with that fatal malady, convulsions.

A REAL BLESSING TO MOTHERS.

Dr. W. Evans' Celebrated Soothing Syrup, for Children Cutting their Teeth.

This infallible remedy has preserved hundreds of children, when thought past recovery, from convulsions. As soon as the Syrup is rubbed on the gums, the child will recover. This preparation is so innocent, so efficacious, and so pleasant, that no child will refuse to let its gums be rubbed with it. When infants are at the age of four months, though there is no appearance of teeth, one bottle of the Syrup should be used on the gums, to open the pores. Parents should never be without the Syrup in the nursery where there are young children; for if a child wakes in the night with pain in the gums, the Syrup immediately gives ease by opening the pores and healing the gums; thereby preventing Convulsions, Fevers, &c.

☞*Proof Positive of the Efficacy of Dr. Evans' Soothing Syrup.*

To the Agent of Dr. Evans' Soothing Syrup: Dear Sir—The great benefit afforded to my suffering infant by your Soothing Syrup, in a case of protracted and painful dentition, must convince every feeling parent how essential an early application of such an invaluable medicine is to relieve infant misery and torture My infant, while teething, experienced such acute sufferings, that it was attacked with convulsions, and my wife and family supposed that death would soon release the babe from anguish till we procured a bottle of your Syrup; which as soon as applied to the gums a wonderful change was produced, and after a few applications the child displayed obvious relief, and by continuing in its use, I am glad to inform you, the child has completely recovered and no recurrence of that awful complaint has since occurred, the teeth are emanating daily and the child enjoys perfect health. I give you my cheerful permission to make this acknowledgment public, and will gladly give any information on this circumstance.

WM. JOHNSON.

☞A gentleman who has made trial of Dr. W. Evans' Soothing Syrup in his family, (in case of a teething child,) wishes us to state that he found it entirely effectual in relieving pain in the gums, and preventing the consequences which sometime follow. We cheerfully comply with his request.—*N. York Sun.*

☞We believe it is generally acknowledged by those who have tried it, that the Soothing Syrup for Children Cutting Teeth, advertised in another column, is a highly useful article for the purposes for which it is intended. Highly respectable persons, at any rate, who have made use of it, do not hesitate to give its virtues the sanction of their names.—*Boston Traveller.*

☞*A SEVERE CASE OF TEETHING, WITH SUMMER COMPLAINT,* cured by the infallible American Soothing Syrup of Dr. W. Evans. Mrs. McPherson, residing at No. 8, Madison street, called a few days since at the medical office of Dr. W. Evans, 100 Chatham street, N. Y. and purchased a bottle of the Syrup for her child, who was suffering excruciating pain during the process of dentition, being momentarily threatened with convulsions, its bowels too were exceedingly loose, and no food could be retained on the stomach. Almost immediately on its application, the alarming symptoms entirely ceased, and by continuing the use of the syrup on the gums, the bowels in a short time became quite natural. As a tribute of gratitude for the benefit afforded the child, the mother came of her own accord, and freely sanctioned publicity to the above. Pray be particular in applying at 100 Chatham street, as there are several counterfeits advertised. No other place in the city has the genuine for sale.

☞*IMPORTANT TO MOTHERS.*—Children generally suffer much uneasiness from cutting their teeth. Whatever dangerous or fatal symptoms attend this process of nature, they are produced invariably from the highly irritated and inflamed condition of the parts—therefore the principal indications of cure are to abate the inflammation, and to soften, soothe, and relax the gums. If that is effected, the infant is preserved from subsequent fever, inflammation, spasmodic cough, twitching of tendons, croup, canker, and convulsions, displaying their fatal consequences. If mothers, nurses, or guardians have their babes tortured with painful and protracted dentition, and this notice attracts their attention, they should not be deterred from purchasing a bottle of *EVANS' SOOTHING SYRUP* for Children *Teething*, the incomparable virtue of which in completely relieving the most distressing cases (when applied to the infant's gums as directed) is invaluable. The remedy has restored thousands of children when on the verge of the grave, to the embraces again of their distracted parents, attacked with that awful and mortiferous malady—Convulsions.

DIRECTIONS.

☞*Please shake the bottle when first opened.*

When children begin to be in pain with their teeth shooting in their gums, put a little of the Syrup in a teaspoon, and with the finger let the child's gums be rubbed for two or three minutes, three times a day. It must not be put to the breast immediately for the milk would take the syrup off too soon. When the teeth are just coming through their gums, mothers should immediately apply the syrup; it will prevent the children having a fever, and undergoing that painful operation of lancing the gums, which always makes the next tooth much harder to come thro' and sometimes causes death.

Sold at Dr. W. Evans' Office, 100 Chatham street, New York; and by all his Agents throughout the Union.

Agent,
JEREMIAH HUGHES,
Annapolis, Md.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT.

Nervous diseases, liver complaint, dyspepsia, bilious diseases, piles, rheumatism, consumption, coughs, colds, spitting of blood, pain in the chest and side, ulcers, female weakness, all delicate and mercurial diseases are successfully treated at *Dr. EVANS' Medical Office*, 100 Chatham street, New York.

Dr. EVANS' CAMOMILE AND APERIENT PILLS.

ON LOW SPIRITS.

Low spirits is a certain state of the mind, accompanied by indigestion, wherein the greatest evils are apprehended upon the slightest grounds, and the worst consequences imagined. Ancient medical writers supposed this disease to be confined to those particular regions of the abdomen technically called hypochondria, which are situated on the right or left side of that cavity, whence comes the name hypochondriasis.

Symptoms. The common corporeal symptoms are, flatulency in the stomach or bowels, acrid eructations, costiveness, spasmodic pains and often an utter inability of fixing the attention upon any subject of importance or engaging in any thing that demands vigour or courage. Also languidness—the mind becomes irritable, thoughtful, desponding, melancholy and dejected, accompanied by a total derangement of the nervous system. The mental feelings and peculiar train of ideas that haunt the imagination and overwhelm the judgment, exhibit an infinite diversity. The wisest and best of men are as open to this affliction as the weakest.

Causes. A sedentary life of any kind, especially severe study, protracted to a late hour in the night, and rarely relieved by social intercourse or exercise, a dissolute habit, great excess in eating and drinking, immoderate use of mercury, violent purgatives, the suppression of some habitual discharge, (as the obstruction of the menses) or long continued eruption; relaxation or debility of one or more important organs within the abdomen is a frequent cause.

Treatment. The principal objects of treatment are, to remove indigestion, strengthen the body, and enliven the spirits, which may be promoted by exercise, early hours, regular meals, pleasant conversation—the bowels (if costive) should be carefully regulated by the occasional use of a mild aperient. We know nothing better adapted to obtain this end, than Dr. Wm. Evans' Aperient Pills—being mild and certain in their operation. The bowels being once cleansed, his inestimable Camomile Pills, (which are tonic, anodyne, and anti spasmodic) are an infallible remedy, and without dispute have proved a great blessing to the numerous public.

Some physicians have recommended a free use of mercury, but it should not be resorted to; in many cases it greatly aggravates the symptoms.

Agent,
JEREMIAH HUGHES,
Annapolis, Md.

THE BARON VON HUTCHELER HERB PILLS.

These Pills are composed of Herbs, which exert a specific action upon the heart, give an impulse or strength to the arterial system; the blood is quickened and equalized in its circulation through all the vessels, whether of the skin, the parts situated internally, or the extremities; and as all the secretions of the body are drawn from the blood, there is a consequent increase of every secretion, and a quickened action of the absorbent and exhalent, or discharging vessels. Any morbid action which may have taken place is corrected, and obstructions are removed, the blood is purified, and the body resumes a healthful state.

These Pills, after much anxious toil and research, having been brought by the Proprietor to the present state of perfection, supersede the use of the innumerable other medicines; and are so well adapted to the frame, that the use of them, by maintaining the body in the due performance of its functions, and preserving the vital stream in a pure and healthy state, causes it to last many years longer than it otherwise would, and the mind to become so composed and tranquil, *that old age when it arrives, will appear a blessing, and not* (as too many who have neglected their constitutions, or had them injured by medicines administered by ignorance) *a source of misery and abhorrence*

They are so compounded, that by strengthening and equalizing the action of the heart, liver, and other viscera, they expel the bad, acrid or morbid matter, which renders the blood impure, out of the circulation, thro' the excretory ducts into the passage of the bowels, so that by the brisk or slight evacuations, which may be regulated by the doses of the **Herb Pills**, always remembering that while the evacuations from the bowels are kept up, the excretions from all the other vessels of the body will also be going on in the same proportion, by which means the blood invariably becomes purified.

Steady perseverance in the use of the Herb Pills will undoubtedly effect a cure even in the most acute or obstinate diseases; but in such cases the dose may be augmented, according to the inveteracy of the disease; these Pills being so admirably adapted to the constitution, that they may be taken at all times

In all cases of Hypochondriacism, Low Spirits, Palpitations of the Heart, Nervous Irritability, Nervous Weakness, Fluor Albus, Seminal Weakness, Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Flatulency, Heartburn, General Debility, Bodily Weakness, Chlorosis or Green Sickness, Flatulent or Hysterical Faintings, Hysterics, Headache, Hiccup, Sea Sickness, Night-Mare, Gout, Rheumatism, Asthma, Tic Douloureux, Cramp, Spasmodic Affections, and those who are victims to that most excruciating disorder, *Gout*, will find relief from their sufferings, by a course of the Herb Pills.

Nausea, Vomiting, Pains in the Side, Limbs, Head, Stomach or Back, Dimness or Confusion of Sight, Noises in the inside, alternate Flushings of Heat and Chillness, Tremors, Watchings, Agitation, Anxiety, Bad Dreams, Spasms, will in every case be relieved by an occasional dose of the Herb Pills.

One of the most dangerous epochs to females is at the change of life: and it is then they require a medicine which will so invigorate their circulations, and thus strengthen their constitutions as may enable them to withstand the shock. This medicine is the Baron Von Hutcheler Herb Pills.

Those who have the care and education of females, whether the studious or the sedentary part of the community, should never be without a supply of the Herb Pills, which remove disorders in the head, invigorate the mind, strengthen the body, improve the memory, and enliven the imagination.

When the Nervous System has been too largely drawn upon or overstrained, nothing is better to correct and invigorate the drooping constitution than these Pills.

Agent,
JEREMIAH HUGHES,
Annapolis, Md.

September 12,

☞DR. WM. EVANS, proprietor of the newspaper called "The Doctor," hereby particularly requests all Proprietors and Publishers of Newspapers who send their papers to his Office, to direct them to the Editor of "The Doctor," No. 100, Chatham street, New York.

April 25.

Anne-Arundel County, Sct.

ON application to the subscriber, Chief Judge of the Orphans Court of said County, and State of Maryland, by petition in writing, of John H. Hall of said county, stating that he is in actual confinement for debt, and for no other cause, and praying for the benefit of the act of Assembly, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at December session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, as far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his petition, and the said John H. Hall having satisfied me, by competent testimony, that he has resided two years within the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and having also satisfied me by the certificate of the officer that he is in confinement for debt only, and for no other cause, and the said John H. Hall having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up of his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the next County Court of Anne-Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed James D. Weems his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from the said John H. Hall a conveyance and possession of all his property, real, personal and mixed, (the necessary wearing apparel excepted) and certified the delivery into his possession of all the property of the said petitioner mentioned in his schedule, I do hereby order and adjudge, that the said John H. Hall be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in the city of Annapolis, once a week for the fourth Monday of October next, to appear before Anne-Arundel County Court to be held at the city of Annapolis on the fourth Monday of October next, to shew cause, if any they have, why the said John H. Hall should not have the benefit of the said act, and supplements, as prayed.

R. WELCH of Ben. Chief Judge of the Orphans Court A. A. Co'ty.

July 26. 3m.

ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY, Sct.

ON application to the subscriber, Chief Judge of the Orphans Court of said County, and State of Maryland, by petition in writing, of Jacob McCeney of Ben. of said county, stating that he is in actual confinement for debt, and for no other cause, and praying for the benefit of the act of Assembly, entitled, An act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms therein mentioned, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors, so far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his petition, and the said Jacob McCeney of Ben. having satisfied me by competent testimony that he has resided two years in the state of Maryland immediately preceding the time of his application, and having also satisfied me by the certificate of the officer that he is in confinement for debt only, and for no other cause, and the said Jacob McCeney of Ben. having taken the oath by the said act prescribed for the delivering up of his property, and given sufficient security for his personal appearance at the next County Court of Anne-Arundel county, to answer such interrogatories and allegations as may be made against him, and having appointed John H. Hall his trustee, who has given bond as such, and received from the said Jacob McCeney a conveyance and possession of all his property, real, personal and mixed, (the necessary wearing apparel and bedding of himself and family excepted,) and certified the delivery into his possession of all the property of the said petitioner mentioned in his schedule, I do hereby order and adjudge, that the said Jacob McCeney be discharged from imprisonment, and that he give notice to his creditors, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published in the city of Annapolis, once a week for the term of three months, before the fourth Monday of October next, to appear before Anne-Arundel County Court, to be held in the city of Annapolis, on the fourth Monday of October next, to shew cause, if any they have, why the said Jacob McCeney of Ben. should not have the benefit of the said act, and supplements, as prayed.

R. WELCH of Ben. Chief Judge Orphans Court A. A. County.

Test, WM. S. GREEN, Clk.

Jul. 18. 3m.

MORUS MULTICAULIS.
40,000 *and upwards of MORUS MULTICAULIS TREES.*

THE subscriber, acting as the agent for the Growers in this city and its vicinity, offers for sale by the Bud or Tree, the above number of Trees, and will warrant them to be genuine. The Trees are of a most luxuriant and superior growth, and cannot be surpassed by any that may be produced elsewhere. They will be ready for delivery in November next. Persons addressing me on the subject through the Post Office, will pay the postage. EDWARD DUBOIS.

Annapolis, August 15, 1839]

POETRY.

From the Lycoming Gazette.

On reviewing the traces of a path formerly used by a Tribe of Indians, now extinct.

Come silently, oh! softly tread,
In twilight's gath'ring gloom,
The pathway press'd by mighty dead,
Who fill the mould'ring tomb!
Come, for that hush'd and holy hour,
Breathes not of sad decay;
Nor magic spell's resistless pow'r
Tells of the pass'd away.

In fancy, then, grim, dusky trains
Blend with the dark'ning shade:
In fancy, then, wild martial strains
Ring through the leafy glade:
Again we view the Indian brave,
With noiseless tread go by,
Free as the breeze whose whisp'rings wave
Each eagle plume on high.

And shudd'ring mark the fitful glow
That lights each swarthy cheek,
As the thrill whoop of coming foe
Through the deep forests sweep:
And wilder hear the startling cries,
Mid the dark pathway peal,
As the dusky warriors burning eyes
Glance on that foeman's steel.

And when the roar of war is still,
Again this haunt they roam—
Mark how their savage bosoms thrill,
For it conducts them home.
To that far home, so lone and wild,
Where the lov'd Indian maid,
The graceful wife, and smiling child,
Sport through the sunny glade.

To that far home where brightly shine
Their "blazing council fires;"
And 'neath the shade of rocking pine,
Muse their stern haughty sires;
That forest home, oh! where is now
The spot so lone and dear?
Where the dark forms, with lofty brow.
That trod so proudly here?

Gone! like a "shadow or a dream"
Pass'd from the earth away;
Gone! like the last bright golden beam
That dies at closing day,
Gone! but to fancy's ear still rings,
Where these dark branches wave,
The requiem of those forest kings,
The free born and the brave!

SARAH.

Williamsport, September 6th. 1839.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MEXICO.

AS IT WAS IN THE DAYS OF MONTEZUMA.

When Hermando Cortez conquered Mexico in 1516 the city of Mexico contained a population of upwards of sixty thousand families. It was divided into two distinct parts, in one of which lived the nobility, and in the other the lower castes. The public edifices and the dwellings of the court and nobility were built of stone. The temples were magnificent. The one dedicated to Vitzpartzli, the god of war, and the most worshipped of all their deties, was the most spacious. Besides the dwelling of the priests erected on the inside, and the great number of squares, it contained many for other inferior deities to which the people had to pay homage on their entrance this great edifice would accommodate more than ten thousand persons who came to dance at their regular festivals. One of the squares was set out with trees, at regular distances, through which iron bars were passed, whereon were suspended the heads of victims who had been sacrificed to the gods. In another department was a large stone, terminating in an acute angle, upon which the priest suspended the victim to be sacrificed, cut open his breast and took out his heart. A splendid chapel contained the grand idol. It was the figure of a man setting upon a high altar. His head was crowned with a helmet of burnished gold. In the right hand is held a serpent, and in the left a shield with four arrows. The countenance was most horrific. The priests slowly withdrew the curtains when they permitted the people to pay their adoration to the deity of their worship. On the left was another idol of a similar display and characteristic, pretending to be his brother, and equally an object of profound adoration.

The city council contained eight temples of a similar description. The chapels in these edifices amounted to not far from two thousand, dedicated to different deities. They were constructed with great magnificence, and their appendages and trappings were of inestimable value.

No one could approach the royal presence except being barefoot, with profound awe, and 'my great loard' uttered in a suppressed tone. When he dined in public, (which was frequent,) he sat by himself at a superb table; being first helped from his choice of two or three hundred dishes, and then leaving the rest to the nobility. He drank several kinds of liquors from richly ornamented cans. The crowds were kept out by a rail. They could look on and see the royal gormandizing in the distance. Buffoons displayed themselves to amuse the royal eyes, and all sorts of music saluted the royal ear. And then the people went to the public square, to wrestle, shoot, and run, to please his grace.

The vast mines contributed much to Montezuma's prodigious wealth; besides he drew by usage about one third of the whole productive wealth of his subjects. The nobility were compelled to make him vast annual presents in person. The Emperor was the law in all things, and the slightest disrespect towards him cost the life of a subject. Every town in the empire had a regular militia; and it is even said that Montezuma had upwards of thirty vassals, from each of which he could have brought into the field one hundred thousand men.

DEPENDENCE OF THE INDIANS UPON THE BUFFALO.

I cannot convey any just impression of the total dependence of the remote western tribes on buffalo for their very existence, without giving a sketch of the various purposes for which that animal is, by their ingenuity, rendered available. First, their flesh is their principal, sometimes their only food, eaten fresh on the prairies during their hunt, and dried in their winter villages. Secondly, the skin is put to various uses; it forms the materials of their lodges, of their bales for packing the meat, of their bed by night and their clothing by day; the coarser parts they make into saddles, or cut into laryettes or halters; and more than all, it is now their chief article of trade with the whites, and thus is the source whence they must derive blankets, knives, beads, and every other produce of civilization. Thirdly, they use the sinews as strings to their bows, and the smaller fibres instead of twine or thread; the brains serve to soften and dress the skins; the hoof, at the end of the shank bone, is made to answer the purpose of a mallet. Fourthly, the bones are very useful; some of them being serviceable as scrapers or coarse chisels, others are pointed, and used with the finer fibres as needle and thread; and the ribs, strengthened by some of the stronger fibres, are made to furnish the bow with which other buffalos are to be destroyed; this last is the triumph of Indian ingenuity. The first bow that I saw constructed in this manner caused so much surprise and admiration, that I offered nearly the value of a horse for it, but was refused. When I add to the foregoing particulars, that on the barren prairies the Indians frequently depend upon the buffalo for their fuel, and on its bladder for the means of carrying water, it will not be denied that the animal is essential to their existence; and where the buffalo is exterminated, the Indian of the prairies must perish.—*Murray.*

DR. WM. EVANS' CELEBRATED FEVER AND AGUE PILLS.

These pills, so admirably adapted to afford uniform relief in the different modifications of these distressing maladies, are particularly recommended to public notice. On the accession of the cold stage, when the face and limbs of the sufferer become pale, and the sensation of cold and languor is felt pervading the whole system—their administration is accompanied with astonishing success—they soon lessen the subsequent distressing shivering and violent shaking, and by continuing in their use, (as directed) will ultimately cure the most obstinate ague. These pills are of signal utility in those distressing cases, where there is a sallowness of complexion, pain in the region of the liver, tension and distress in the epigastic region, with other symptoms indicating the existence of morbid action, or chronic disease of the stomach, liver, bowels, mecentery or spleen, which consequences so generally supervene from protracted intermittents. They permanently overcome these diseases—at the same time give tone to the stomach, cleanse and strengthen the bowels and impart health, vigour and energy to the system.

Many persons emigrate to the rich and fertile soil of the West, in the hope of attaining a future competency, but alas! ere long that hope becomes blasted, when they appear with impaired and enfeebled constitutions, resulting from attacks of that direful terror of the West, Fever and Ague. If such persons had resorted to the use of the above pills, the sunken pallid countenance would have been restored to its florid hue, the vital energy re-established, and the whole system purified and invigorated. They are now regarded as an inestimable public blessing, and indispensable to the health, comfort, and even the local prosperity of the inhabitants of many portions of our western country.

In all cases of Bilious and Nervous Fever, Hypochondriacism, Low Spirits, Palpitations of the Heart, Nervous Irritability, Nervous Weakness, Fluor Albus, Seminal Weakness, Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Pains in the Side, Limbs, Head, Stomach or Back, will invariably be removed by the use of the Pills.

On first feeling the premonitory symptoms occur, it is advisable at once to clear thoroughly the stomach and bowels. In no way can this be better and less inconveniently effected, than by taking a few doses of

Dr. EVANS' PURIFYING PILLS,

the value and well-authenticated virtues of which medicine have been, and still are, too apparent to call for further comment. They tend to promote a healthy secretion of the Bile, and render the system capable of receiving with benefit the Invigorating and Strengthening Pills.

Directions are as follows:—Take four or more of the Purifying Pills on the first accession of Fever, and continue the same number every other night, till with the additional use of the Invigorating Pills, a permanent cure is obtained.

Take three of the Invigorating Pills in the morning, three at noon, and three in the evening, on the days when the attacks do not occur.

The attacks usually occur every other day.

Price One Dollar a pack, containing both kinds of Pills. Sold at Dr. EVANS' Medical Establishment, 100 Chatham street, N. Y. and by his authorised Agents throughout the Union.

Agent,
JEREMIAH HUGHES,
Annapolis, Md.

September 26.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber being desirous to settle up his business, respectfully calls upon all persons indebted to him to call and settle their accounts either by Cash or Notes, on or before the first day of September next.

WM. BRYAN.

July 18.