MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest edicioes, Foreign and Demestic.

WEDNESDAY, December 9, 1747.

were error the planing of the Inspection Law, and deligated tren or the Press of Agit con aims some ingenieus Hints. tren or the first of A wantage to the Province, we bege there needs no fur her Apology for it's Publication.

So ESSAY on the Mart of Improving the Irade of MARYLAND.

SECTION I.

黄春春春 GBACCO is a Commodity which the Europeans are to extremely fond or, that they must and well have it, in spire of the high Duties that are almost கூடித்த corry where laid upon it ! Yet they cannot be iuppaci with it, in any cordiderable Quantity, but

from this and the neighborring Province. There are Circumfarces un en, if but rightly improved, might render Tonacco a more vel lable Branch of Commerce, in P oportion to the Numer of France employed in it, than the Sugar Trade; for in the the Free of are our formicable Rivas, but in the other we have no Con petitors that attempt to appear with as at the

YET, of late, Tobacco has harely cleared to us of this Colony the Coth of making it; tho im Firginia it bears on extractionary Price. There are feveral concurrent Caules that eccasion this Difference, which would all cease on an Inspeci-ING LAW.

I. THE principal one is, that the Tobacco experted from Pergrapa is all jound and good; whereas out s is maxid with a great deal of Truth, which can fell for nothing, yet pays as much kreight, Infurance, Commission, Er. as that which is merchantable.

II. THE Train obliges us to fell our Staple to the Franch and Dutch, from whom we must therefore take just what they please to give us for it.

THE Toracco confumed in England must, by realist of the great Duty on it, cost the Retailers about 8 d. Sterning Pound; and therefore, if they could be tumerently supplied from Firginia, they would never run the Rifque of partialing ary from neace; for by every Pound of Flath in a Hoghead they lote 8 d. Steril g. For a like Reason we are in a Manner Excluded from vending our Staple in most other Countries in Lursy, and which are the best overless for it.

BUT the Duty on Goods imported into Hilland being vegry small, and laid on the Value of the Commodity, the Date! take off a co. fiderable Quantity of our Tobacco. Take off a confiderable Quantity of our Tobacco. I depredable Part, however, is told to the Farmers General in resonation, in Confideration of a great yearly Rent paid to the Lown, have the fole Privilege of importing Tobacco into that Kingcom; and it being also retailed on their Account, they cannot fusier by the Traft, as the Tobaccounts do in England and other Piaces. But tho hey therefore do buy the greatest Part of what we make, yet being combined to fell it to them, as pur Traft excludes us from almost every other Nietket, and there being no other Piachalers at owed in France, that might there being no other Purchasers allowed in France that might hid for the Commodity, we must let them have it on their own Terms: Nor can it be imagined, that for their Leavings the Dutch will give us a greater Price.

III. THE bad Quality of a great Part of our Staple, as non in Trade accounted for in a different Manner. k is occasioned by the ill Curing, unleasonable l'ressing, and o-

At the Request of fiveral of our good Cuttomers, we shall, as ther careless Management, must necessarily lessen the Demand, we have focum, push in the following Performance, and make in the homo, piece or three or four Papers. It was an econologically the Free of it. Whereas, if it was all found, make in the homo, piece or three or four Papers. It was an imagement, the Contamption even among the French and Durch would be much increated.

> TOBACCO badly cured, or spoiled in the pressing, contradt, a thinky loatinisme ocen, that must relief it very un-beautry, and ratte an Aversion to the Tayers to the Commodi-ty itself. The Farmers of the French Revelue cannot but be ve y fenfible of this; and in Fact, we fie that they rather chafe to parenase Virginia Tonacco at almoit any Price, than accept of ours at the lowest Rate, by which they run the Rifque of duruning their Cultomers, from whom they get near as many Smillings for a Pound of Tobacco as they pay Pence for it.

THE Reader will readily observe, that whatever lesiens the Value of our Staple in Zurop, must also ank the Price of it in

IV. BUT there is another Reason why Tobacco sell's io low in this Co ony, compared to what it yields in Firginia; and that is, the much quicker Dispatch given to Vesiels, and the greater Haie in purchaing the Commodity there than here.

THE Notes given by the Infpectors for the Tobacco of the neighbourns, Province, to exceedingly facilitate the Exchange or it, whether for Money or Goods, that one Factor there can parenase, in less Time, and with much less Trouble and Charge, more l'obacco than 4 or 5 Factors can do here; fo that a Merchant, who lends a Veilel with a Cargo to purchase a load of Toeraceo in Maryland, is at four or five Times the hyperce that he would be at in Firginia. And the Com-moch being there collected in public Warehouses, his Vestel may be soon dispatched from thence after her Arrival; whereas here, a Ship fometimes waits four or five Months for her Load-Ces equally good.

AFTER having observed, that the Shippers are affected by the Delay which Verfels meet with, but not by the Difficulte or purchasing Tobacco;

I i may be objected, That the Freight from Maryland none is lower than from the neighbouring Colony; and that therefore the Dispatch given there to the Snipping can be no Residu why our l'obacco yields less here, or netts less at nome, than that of Firginia.

TO which it is answered, That here the Master of a Vessel november, a bill of Lacing but for the Hogshead; but in Virginia new obliged not only to sign the Bill for the Hogshead, put tor tae Weight of it; and therefore the Factor to whom the Tobacco is configned, mult account for every Pound of it to the Salpper: But what goes from hence always lustains an intolerable Lois by the Weight. From whence it follows, that a Merchant who fends a Veilel here on Freight, which haraly ever happens but for the Sake of the Confignments, may gain more by taking in Tobacco at 141. per Tou, than he could do at 101. in Virginia. Therefore, admitting the Fact to be true, as I believe it is, on which the Objection is grounded, nothing can be concluded from it against the Affertion laid down, that our TOBACCO must nett less at home, than that from Fuginia (and consequently must yield less here), by reason of the greater Dispatch given to Venels in that Province than I mould be glad, however, to see to edd a Phomomo-