

hath a right to be informed of the accusation against him; to have a copy of the indictment or charge in due time, if requisite to prepare for his defense; to be allowed counsel; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have process for his witnesses; to examine the witnesses for and against him on oath, and to a speedy trial by an impartial jury, without whose unanimous consent he ought not to be found guilty.

Art. 22. That no man ought to be compelled to give evidence against himself in a criminal case.

Art. 23. That no man ought to be taken, or imprisoned, or disseized of his freehold liberties or privileges; or outlawed, or exiled, or in any manner destroyed or deprived of his life, liberty, or property, but by the judgment of his peers, or by the law of the land.

Art. 24. Slavery shall not be permitted in this State.

Art. 25. That excessive bail should not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel or unusual punishment inflicted by the courts of law.

Art. 26. That all warrants, without oath or affirmation, to search suspected places, or to seize any person or property, are grievous and oppressive; and all general warrants to search suspected places, or to apprehend suspected persons, without naming or describing the place, or the person in special, are illegal and ought not to be granted.

Art. 27. That no conviction shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture of estate.

Art. 28. That a well regulated militia is the proper and natural defense of a free government.

Art. 29. That standing armies are dangerous to liberty, and ought not to be raised or kept up without the consent of the Legislature.

Art. 30. That in all cases, and at all times, the military ought to be under strict subordination to and control of the civil power.

Art. 31. That no soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner;