

and such condition is and shall be effectual as a condition, according to the intent thereof. -- Nov. 1787, c. 17, § 2.

2. If such offender shall be a slave, and the condition of such pardon shall be on leaving this state, or on transportation, the governor may direct the sheriff, in whose custody such offender shall be, to contract and take proper security for the transportation of such slave, agreeably to the condition of his pardon; and the sheriff may either sell such slave subject to such condition, or empower some other person to sell him in the place to which he shall be transported, for the benefit of the state, and the owner of such slave shall be paid as if the same slave had been executed. -- *ibid.* § 3.

3. If any person, pardoned on condition of leaving this state, shall return contrary thereto, such person may be arrested by warrant from any judge or justice of the peace, and if, on examination, it shall appear to such judge or justice, that there is reasonable ground to believe that the person arrested is the same person who was convicted and pardoned, and that he returned contrary to the terms of such pardon, he shall be committed to close custody in the prison of the county where arrested, and the sheriff shall bring him before the general court, or the county court, which shall first happen after such commitment, and if, on appearing, such person shall acknowledge himself to be the same person convicted and pardoned on condition of leaving the state, and that he returned contrary thereto, the court shall record such confession, and proceed to pass such judgment as the law requires for the crime committed, and if the person shall deny the same, the court shall direct the fact to be tried by a jury with all convenient speed, and if they find against the person, the court shall pass such judgment as the law requires for the crime committed. -- *ibid.* § 4. See *Criminal jurisdiction of Baltimore*, 12, *Governor*, 5.

P A R I S H B O U N D S.

1. **T**HE justices of the several counties, wherein the bounds of any parish are uncertain, or ambiguously expressed, are empowered to ascertain and regulate the same; and shall cause their proceedings therein to be entered in the county records. -- 1713, c. 10, § 2.

2. Where a parish lies in two counties, the justices of that county, wherein the disputable bounds of such parish is contained, shall determine, and cause such determination to be recorded. -- *ibid.* § 3.

3. For the original power whereby the several county courts were authorized to divide their respective counties into parishes, and ascertain their bounds, See 1692, c. 2.

PARTITION