VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS, November Session, 1800.

The following refolution being propounded to the house, was read the first and second time, affented to, and

fent to the fenate by the clerk.

RESOLVED, That all proceedings heretofore had, and now pending, on the bonds passed by James Booker, Philemon Willis, Richard Barneby and William Rofe, of Talbot county, as fecurities to the state of Maryland for the payment of two thousand four hundred and thirty-eight pounds fixteen shillings and eleven-pence, due from William Stoddart Bond, late of faid county, on a certificate of furvey called Bone's Meadows, lying in Allegany county, be and the same are hereby suspended until the first day of January, eighteen hundred

The following message being prepared, was read, agreed to, and sent to the senate, with the bill to alter such parts of the constitution and form of government as relate to voters and the qualification of voters, by the clerk. BY THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES, DECEMBER 19, 1800.

GENTLEMEN OF THE SENATE,

WE have received your answer to our message, and equally impressed with yourselves with the opinion, that each branch of this legislature have an equal constitutional power to act on this important and interesting subject, we shall only state, in a few words, why we conceive you do not adhere in your amendment to the principles on which you inform us it was originally grounded. We admire the principle laid down by the bill of rights, that every man having property in, a common interest with, and an attachment to, the community, ought to have the right of suffrage; but will this be effectuated by your amendment? We conceive not, for no one will by it be suffered to vote, unless he has property affefied or taxed to a certain amount; the consequence will then be, that those men who possess every tie, except the mercenary qualification of fortune, to endear and to attach them to fociety, will be deprived of the right of fuffrage, and we cannot, confident with the principles of liberality and of nature, suppose that taxable property is the only interest or attachment that binds men to society; and when we reflect that liberty is the common and natural right of all men, we cannot agree to fanction that doctrine which makes property the measure of it. Admitting your second objection in the fullest latitude, yet we conceive it cannot affect the principles of the bill to which it is applied; for it will be difficult to point out the man, however humble and obscure his situation, who does not consume some taxable article, and thereby contributes his mite to the support of government.

We cannot, being the representatives of an independent people, agree to make error, though fanctioned by

the example of other states, a rule for our conduct.

The advantages arifing from the written evidence of the qualification of voters may be great, when compared with the offensive mode hitherto used, but on resection you will find the confidence reposed in the people, by the

provisions of our bill, will remedy the evil now existing, and render all written evidence unnecessary.

We are happy to find, that by your amendment you meant not to exclude any person now constitutionally entitled, to the privilege of voting; on this subject permit us to refer you to the amendment itself, and only to obferve, that if words are there used to convey ideas in their general accepted sense, the consequence would be that no man, unless actually affeffed, could be admitted to vote.

Your fecond amendment we have agreed to, and return the bill for your reconfideration.

By order, W. HARWOOD, clk. The clerk of the sensete delivers the resolution respecting James Lytle, endorsed; "By the senate, Decem-" ber 19, 1800: Read the first and second time by especial order and abented to.

"By order, W. S. GREEN, clk." The bill to revive and continue the acts of affembly therein mentioned, enderfied; "By the fenate, Decem-

"ber 18, 1800: Read the first time and ordered to lie on the table.

"By order, W. S. GREEN, clk. " By the fenate, December 19, 1800: Read the fecond time by especial order and will pass with the proposed " amendments.

"By order, W. S. GREEN, clk." - Which amendments were read the first and second time, agreed to, and the bill ordered to be engrossed. The additional supplement to an act, entitled, An act for the relicf of fundry insolvent debtors, endorsed; " By the fenate, December 19, 1800: Read the first time and ordered to lie on the table.

"By order, W. S. GREEN, clk.

" By the fenate, December 19, 1800: Read the fecond time by offecial order and will pufs.

"By order, W. S. GREEN, clk."

Ordered to be engroffed.

The following refolution being propounded to the house, was read, viz.

Whereas by the infolvent alls passed this session, each insolvent, at the time he petitions for relief, is to pay a tax of five dollars each, which was intended for the chanceller, in confideration of the additional duties imposed on him: And whereas doubts are entertained whether, confiscatly with the bill of rights and the constitution, the money arifing from faid taxes can be paid over to the chancellor, and it being unreasonable that additional duties should be imposed on a public officer without compensation; therefore, RESOLVED, That the treat furer of the western shore pay to the chancellor the sum of five hundred dollars, in addition to his salary.