

## THE TIMES.

ELLICOTT CITY, MD.  
SATURDAY, JANUARY 30, 1892.PUBLISHED BY  
THE TIMES PUBLISHING COMPANY,  
OF ELLICOTT CITY, MD.J. E. HILL, Editor.  
J. H. MORROW, Business Manager.TERMS:  
Per Annum, in Advance, \$1.00.  
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No subscription discontinued until arrears are paid.2. ADVERTISING RATES:  
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one insertion, \$1.50 for two insertions, and  
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less than six lines charged at squares. Adver-  
tisements payable upon first insertion. Special  
contract rates for mercantile work.At the Times Job Office executed Job  
work of all descriptions. TERMS CASH.All correspondence with this office should be  
addressed to "THE TIMES, ELLICOTT CITY, MD.""EED SOWN IN GOOD SOIL."  
CATONSVILLE, MD., January 12, 1892.

Editor THE TIMES—

Accept our sincere  
thanks for the fruits of our recent  
advertisement.Seed sown in good soil will grow, and  
experience has taught us that THE  
TIMES is the soil upon which to sow the  
seeds of advertising, and the sower will  
reap a rich harvest.We have made the acquaintance, and  
what is more, we have gained the friend-  
ship and patronage of people from the  
extreme corners of Howard and Mont-  
gomery counties through THE TIMES.Respectfully,  
VICTOR M. PRESSON,  
for Catonsville Supply Company.

AN ADJ. IN "THE TIMES" DID IT.

Mr. Walter Dorsey, of E. of the firm,  
Dorsey Bros., proprietors of the Dorsey-  
ville Steam Roller Mills, writes to THE  
TIMES:"Before we put our advertisement in  
your valuable paper we only averaged  
fifty barrels of flour per week. The first  
week after our ad. appeared in THE  
TIMES, we sold ninety-three and one-  
half barrels. You can claim the credit  
for this increase and publish it in your  
paper, if you think proper, as it is a fact."

MOST GRATIFYING RESULTS.

The agent of the Star Circulating Li-  
brary informs THE TIMES that one in-  
sertion of an advertisement in this paper  
was productive of most gratifying  
results.

AMEND THE CHARTER.

The city council held a meeting Tues-  
day night to consider the award of fran-  
chises to Mr. Joseph Schreiber in con-  
nection with the electric light plant which  
Mr. Schreiber is placing here.It is desired, and rightly too, to en-  
courage the enterprise with which Mr.  
Schreiber is identified. It is desired to  
do this in the cause of public improve-  
ment. In fact the council has already  
assured Mr. Schreiber of its support, and  
acting upon this assurance, he has gone  
to work in good faith and is now ready  
to put in the street lamps, having finish-  
ed his work in equipping private houses.Some doubt now arises as to the pow-  
ers conferred on the council under the  
present charter of ELLICOTT CITY, and  
City Solicitor Reuben D. Johnson is  
looking into the matter.It is a notorious fact that the present  
charter is antiquated and moss-grown  
instrument and not adapted to the  
needs of a town that desires to grow. It  
should not be allowed to interfere with  
ELLICOTT CITY's material welfare, and  
during the present legislative session is  
the time to so amend it as to confer  
some actual as well as nominal author-  
ity upon the city council.This is a very easy thing to do, and we  
feel sure that Senator Rogers will be  
very glad to introduce a bill in the Sen-  
ate looking to any amendments of the  
charter that present exigencies may de-  
mand. The problem is quite a simple  
one.We may say something at another  
time in regard to needed changes in the  
charter beyond those which will give the  
proper control of lighting facilities,  
streets etc. For the present we say  
amend the musty old charter so that El-  
licott City may get a move on her.It is absurd to charge the Democrats  
in Congress with being opposed to the  
World's Fair because they adopted a  
resolution asking for full information as  
to what money had been spent and as to  
what it is intended to spend. The Dem-  
ocrats are as deeply interested in making  
the fair a success as any other citizens  
of the country, but they do not propose  
to endorse extravagance in any form.  
Nor do they know or charge that there  
has been any extravagance, but it is just  
as well to get all the attainable facts  
before making the \$5,000,000 appropri-  
ation that is now asked for.Senator Quay confines his "vindica-  
tion" to Republican judges and juries.  
Why does he not tackle the New York  
World, which has charged him with  
almost every known crime, and has  
begged him in double, ay, and triple  
leading editorials, to give it a chance to  
prove them all in court, by bringing a  
suit? Evidently the vindication he  
sacks is only intended for home con-  
sumption.A broken promise is a broken promise,  
turn it and twist it as you will. The last  
Republican national platform promised  
one cent letter postage, but its party  
has not given it, nor is there even a re-  
mote prospect of getting it from a Re-  
publican administration.It makes little difference where the  
Democratic convention is held so that a  
good ticket is nominated and a sound  
platform adopted.

Massachusetts is trying a revival of  
the old "blue laws," so far as they relate  
to Sunday observance. As soon as they  
get tired of putting themselves to all  
sorts of needless inconveniences, the pen-  
dulum will swing to the other extreme.  
There is a happy medium, reached in  
many places, and endorsed by a great  
majority, which should always be sought  
in dealing with this question.

Representative Holman voices the  
Democratic sentiment of the country  
when he said of the Chilian affair: "One  
thing is certain. The administration  
will receive the unqualified support of  
the Democratic side of the House in any  
measures necessary to uphold the honor  
of the Government."

Wings are at times and in certain  
places very useful attachments, but they  
can result in nothing but injury to the  
majority of the House of Representatives,  
and the Democratic voters have a right  
to expect unanimity of action from the  
men they have sent to Congress.

Baltimore and New York papers have  
been raking up the private affairs of a  
family in the publication of sensational  
stories regarding Mr. T. Swann La-  
trobe's shattered condition of body and  
mind. Why cannot the journalistic in-  
dignity desist?

That those three eminent Democratic  
Senators Gorman, Hill and Bruce, should  
be charged with being personal friends  
as well as political allies appears to  
have given every Republican editor in  
the land a horrible nightmare.

There were so many applicants from  
Anne Arundel county for places at the  
State House that two men were appointed  
for each position. Old Anne Arundel  
is as bad as the Eastern Shore.

Mr. Blaine appears to have a faculty  
for getting ill at critical times, or else  
he possesses one of those peculiar con-  
stitutions which a crisis always throws  
out of gear.

HERE'S YOUR PAUPER LABOR.

A Nut for the High Tariff Advocates to  
Crack.

John E. Millholland, chief of the con-  
tract laborers at the port of New York, di-  
rected by his assistants, John Conkling  
and Sylvester C. Osborne, to visit  
mining districts in Pennsylvania to as-  
certain the effects which the large im-  
migration of last year from Eastern  
Europe had upon mining interests. The  
inspectors have submitted their reports,  
and state that their investigations in the  
mining regions show that the padrone  
system yet flourishes; that cheap labor  
from Europe is doing the work of the  
mining contracts, and that the aliens are  
demoralizing the whole region. Of his  
visit to the Scranton region Mr. Conk-  
ling says:

"I learned that there has been a de-  
cided change in the character of the labor  
employed in the mines during the last  
few years. Heretofore the workmen  
employed were intelligent, English-  
speaking men and citizens, either by  
birth or adoption, of the United States  
and taxpayers. Their places are almost  
altogether taken now by aliens, who are  
not citizens of the United States, and  
whose information is that they do not  
intend to become either.

The aliens who have been brought out  
from Europe have been sent to the mines  
by offering them labor for small pay,  
I found are very vicious and hard to con-  
trol by the civil authorities, and are  
dangerous to the communities in which  
they live. They come to the mines im-  
poverished, and are willing to work  
for wages on which the American min-  
ner would not survive. The American  
miner, in consequence, gradually driven  
from the work by this competition, and  
they are earnest in demanding that the  
spirit as well as the letter of the law  
should be enforced against those aliens who  
are degrading and absorbing the labor of  
the country.

It is not surprising that the letter and  
spirit of the alien contract labor laws  
are being constantly violated by man-  
agers and operators of the mines and by  
the steamship agents.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN HORSES.

The First's Better Work Due to Better  
Roads.

Says a correspondent (Dr. Holland) of the  
Springfield Republican, writing from  
England, after describing the kind of  
horses in use there:

"The point which I wish to impress  
upon my American reader is simply this,  
that the English horse, employed in the  
streets of the city, or on the roads of  
the country, does twice as much work as  
the American horse similarly employed  
in America. This is the patent, unden-  
iable fact. No man can fail to see it who  
has his eyes about him. How does he do  
it? Why does he do it? These are im-  
portant questions to an American? Is  
the English horse better than the Amer-  
ican horse? Not at all. Is he over-  
worked? I have seen no evidence that  
he is. I have seen but one lame horse in  
London. The simple explanation is  
that the Englishman has invested in  
perfect and permanent roads what the  
American expends in perishable horses that  
require to be fed. We are using today,  
in the little town of Springfield,  
just twice as many horses as would be  
necessary to do its business if the roads  
all over the town were as good as Main  
street in Springfield, Mass. We are drag-  
ging through holes that ought to be filled,  
over sand that should be hardened,  
through mud that ought not to be per-  
mitted to exist. We have the misery of  
bad roads, and are actually or practi-  
cally called upon to pay a premium for  
them. It would be demonstrably cheap-  
er to have good roads than poor ones.  
A road well built is easily kept in  
repair. A mile of good macada-  
mized road is more easily supported  
than a poor horse."

It would be the proper thing.

Governor Brown, it is reported from  
Annapolis, favors publishing the im-  
portant laws in the newspapers as soon  
as passed by the Legislature. This is  
what ought to be done. The people are  
entitled to know the laws they are ex-  
pected to obey, and they should be in-  
formed promptly, instead of postponing  
the publication until May—Westminster  
Democratic Advocate.

18 Pounds of Blood

Is about the quantity nature allows to  
an adult person. It is of the utmost im-  
portance that the blood should be kept  
as pure as possible. By its remarkable  
cures of scrofula, salt rheum, etc. Hood's  
Sarsaparilla has proven its claim to be  
the best blood purifier.

For a general family cathartic we con-  
fidently recommend Hood's Pills. They  
should be in every home medicine chest.

CONTAINS ONE HUNDRED RECIPIES FOR MAK-  
ING DELICIOUSLY TASTY AND PURELY  
NATURAL ICE CREAM. This book is given away at drug  
and general stores.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

A cream of tartar baking powder

Highest of all in leavening strength—

Latest U. S. Government Food Report

## SENATORS GORMAN AND HILL.

The Attention They Attract in Wash-  
ington—Mr. Gorman's Leadership.

The Washington correspondent of  
the Baltimore Sun, writing under date  
of January 17, says:

Senator Hill's titles with Senator Gor-  
man the distinction of being the most  
prominent and the most sought after  
Democrat in Washington, although the  
Maryland Senator easily retains the lead.  
Indeed, adept as he has proved himself in  
the science of the politics, the New York  
Senator has quietly and most cheer-  
fully dropped into line as chief of staff to  
his Maryland colleague. Mr. Gor-  
man undoubtedly has more callers than  
any other member of the Senate, either  
on the Democratic or Republican side,  
and next to him comes Mr. Hill. Persons,  
male and female, who desire office, ap-  
pear to think Mr. Gorman is as influ-  
ential as he was under the last adminis-  
tration. Then his associates on the  
Democratic side think no act of im-  
portance should be taken or should be  
before submission to him for his ap-  
proval. It is a fact recognized without  
question that the Democratic side of the  
Senate was never more compact than  
now, owing to the capital leadership of  
Mr. Gorman. It is a remark constantly  
falling from the lips of members of the  
majority in the House, "Oh, that  
we had Gorman on our side." House  
Democrats are constantly coming to the  
two Senators for consultation and ad-  
vice. Much of the political talk here  
relates to the efforts of the two Sen-  
ators to secure the nomination of Hill  
to the presidency, and frequent efforts  
are made to extract some expression  
on this subject from Mr. Hill or  
Mr. Gorman. Each effort is, how-  
ever, futile, as neither one of  
them can be persuaded or entrapped into  
the utterance of an opinion. This  
reticence does not apply to the Demo-  
cratic Senators who give their views  
without qualification or reservation.  
Mr. Hill, whatever he may be think-  
ing about the presidential nomi-  
nation, is apparently not giving any  
concern over it. He has buckled  
right down to business in the Senate  
and is rapidly familiarizing himself with  
the methods and details of national leg-  
islation. It will not be long before he  
will "know the ropes" as well as any  
one. He has already got in some fine  
work in executive session, although he  
has not once risen in his seat.

## SENATOR CHARLES H. GIBSON.

Sketch of His Eventful Career Covering  
Just a Half Century.

Hon. Charles Hopper Gibson, who was  
last week, as stated in THE TIMES, elected  
to the United States Senate by the leg-  
islature to fill the unexpired term of the  
late Senator Ephraim K. Wilson, was  
born in Queen Anne's county, Maryland,  
January 19, 1842. He was the son of  
Dr. William H. Gibson, of Centerville,  
one of the most prominent citizens of  
the county. He received his early edu-  
cation at the Centerville Academy and at  
the Archer School, in Harford county,  
afterwards entering Washington Col-  
lege, at Chestertown, where he completed  
his studies. Admitted to the bar in  
1864, he began the practice of law in  
Easton with Col. Samuel Hambleton.  
He was appointed collector of internal  
revenue for the Eastern Shore district  
by President Lincoln, but his appoint-  
ment was rejected in the Senate by one  
vote.

In 1869 he was appointed commissioner  
in chancery, and in 1870 and 1871 he  
was elected to the legislature to accept  
an appointment by the Circuit Court  
to fill the three years' unexpired term  
of State's Attorney of Talbot  
county. He was re-elected to this  
position for four years in 1871 and again in  
1876. He declined a re-nomination for a  
fourth term.

Senator Gibson was a member of the  
Forty-ninth, Fiftieth and Fifty-first  
Congresses, and was last year a candi-  
date for re-nomination, but was defeated  
by Col. Henry Page, who now represents  
the district. The last year he was a prom-  
inent candidate for one of the most prom-  
inent offices in the gift of the House of  
Representatives and was believed to  
possess the excellent chance of success, but  
he retired from the contest for the place  
on being appointed by Governor Jack-  
son to serve as United States Senator in  
place of the Hon. E. K. Wilson, deceased,  
until the General Assembly should fill  
the vacancy.

Senator Gibson was married in Louis-  
ville, Ky., about five years ago to the  
widow of the late Richard C. Holt, Sec-  
retary of State of Maryland for a  
number of years. Mrs. Gibson, by her  
charming manners, has made many  
friends in Washington. She will be  
undoubtedly assisting to Senator Gibson  
in sustaining Maryland's reputation for  
refined hospitality.

No one should neglect a cough, cold or  
sore throat. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup  
cures these and prevents consumption.  
Price 25 cents.

Did you ever have toothache? If so, we  
need not tell you how it feels. Now, Sal-  
vage Oil will cure toothache, and from  
the masses of evidence you will be ready  
to that effect, we have reason to believe  
that it will do so every time. 25 cents.

S. D. Holdman, Dilworth, Buckingham  
county, Va., says: I used two barrels of  
Powell's Prepared Chemicals last spring  
on three acres of corn. The land was  
very poor, and the crop was very small.  
I used five bushels of corn, and I am sat-  
isfied I will now make two hundred and  
fifty bushels. My neighbors, Mr. Willis  
Newton and Dr. H. H. Ayer, have also  
made good crops with Powell's Prepared  
Chemicals.

Neal's Dining and Lunch Rooms the  
coziest and finest place in the city for  
ladies and gentlemen. When in town stop  
in and make yourself at home. 524 and  
526 West Baltimore street.

MARRIED.

BRADENBURG—THOMAS.—At El-  
licott City, Md., Sunday, January 24th,  
1892, by Rev. Isaac C. Woodward, Esq.,  
ELIAS BRADENBURG and MISS JAMES  
AMELIA THOMAS, both of Howard  
county, Md.

DIED.

BENNETT.—On January 26th, aged 69  
years, KATE BENNETT, wife of J. F. Ben-  
nett, died at her residence, No. 2112  
North Charles, Baltimore.

KENNADY.—Suddenly, on the morn-  
ing of January 27, WILLIAM KENNADY,  
aged 74 years, died at his residence, No. 2112  
North Charles, Baltimore.

Funeral services at his late resi-  
dence, "The Maples," Laurel, Md.,  
Friday afternoon, January 29, at two  
o'clock.

## THERE WILL BE NO WAR.

Chili Is Willing to Make Amends for Her  
Bad Conduct.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The war cloud  
has entirely disappeared and Chili has  
eaten humble pie. President Harrison  
informed Congress yesterday of Chili's  
retraction in a special message and all is  
now serene. Chili will make reparation.  
No action by Congress will be neces-  
sary, as the relations are so simplified  
and Chili is so willing to make amends  
that diplomacy may now be depend-  
ed upon to settle the difficulty. So  
there will be no war.

President Harrison transmitted to  
Congress Monday his promissory mes-  
sage relating to the trouble with Chili, grow-  
ing out of the attack on the sailors of  
the cruiser Baltimore on the streets of  
Valparaiso in October last, in which  
Chili-American were killed and a large  
number wounded. The reading of the  
message was followed closely in both  
houses. The President took the posi-  
tion that the demand of the United  
States for reparation and apology should be  
enforced. The message was referred to  
the committee on foreign affairs in each  
house.

A dispatch from Santiago, Chili, dated  
January 25, says:

"The Chilian government has sent a  
reply to the ultimatum of the United  
States. The reply is in effect as fol-  
lows:

"Chili agrees to withdraw the offen-  
sive note sent to the United States. The  
Chilian ministers admit and acknowl-  
edge that its issuance was due to an  
error of judgment.

"Chili also withdraws its request for  
the withdrawal of United States Minis-  
ter Egan.

"In addition to this the Chilian gov-  
ernment in its answer proposes that the  
offense of the Baltimore should be sub-  
mitted to the arbitration of some neutral  
tribunal. The United States government  
suggests that the matter be submitted to  
the decision of the Supreme Court of the  
United States."

It was admitted at the State Depart-  
ment Tuesday that a cablegram had  
been received from Mr. Egan submit-  
ting propositions of the Chilean  
government to withdraw the note  
called the Matia circular, which gave  
offense to the United States, and apol-  
ogize for having sent it. It is said that  
this proposition is entirely satisfactory  
to the President, and that the incident  
of the Matia circular may be regarded  
as practically closed. It was also pro-  
posed to submit to arbitration the ques-  
tion of the seizure of the Chilean ship  
on the coast of the United States. This  
proposition should be made for the Bal-  
timore affair. This proposition would not  
be considered by the United States for  
an instant. The only point on which  
the United States would be willing to  
arbitrate is said to be the amount of in-  
demnities to be paid by Chili, and before  
this can be done the Chileans must admit  
that they have committed an offense.  
They have not yet made any such admis-  
sion and there is nothing to indicate that  
they have any intention of doing so. In  
fact, the situation is now such that the  
United States government is giving up  
the communication received Tuesday. It  
inspired the hope, however, that these  
propositions would be followed  
by other articles, but his proposition  
States. On the other hand it was  
openly asserted in some quarters that  
Chili was playing a deep and consummate  
game of waiting for the United States  
to make a mistake, and then to strike  
home by bringing war vessels abroad  
and making every preparation for hos-  
tilities.

## SENATOR GORMAN INFORMED.

The delegation appointed by the leg-  
islature of Maryland to inform Senator  
Gorman of his re-election waited  
upon him here Wednesday evening.

The committee was received by Senator  
Gorman and was presented by Misses  
Daisy and Alice C. Gorman, and Mrs.  
Owens and Miss Minnie Owens,  
of ELLICOTT CITY. A magnificent supper  
was served and the delegation which had  
waited upon Senator Gibson assisted in  
doing justice to the spread. The com-  
mittee was composed of Senators L. L. Wa-  
ters, of Somerset, James P. Gortler, of  
Baltimore, city, and Charles C. Brown,  
of P. Joyce and Conway W. Sams, of Bal-  
timore. Col. James G. Berrett, of Cal-  
roll, was also a member of the com-  
mittee, but he was detained by other  
duties. The delegation was very pleas-  
ant, and all the while the spokes-  
man, in his remarks was eulogistic of  
Senator Gorman's career and worth.

"When the applause which greeted his  
remarks subsided," the spokesman said,  
"I deeply appreciate this high mark of  
esteem and confidence which the rep-  
resentatives of the people of Maryland  
have bestowed in me, and with  
pleasure and all the ability I can com-  
mand that I shall endeavor to serve  
them faithfully during the next six years  
in the United States Senate. I have no  
greater ambition than to discharge the  
position that of serving the people of  
our State in the United States Sen-  
ate." This remark called forth great  
applause, and the delegation was  
glad to hear that he could also serve  
the people of Maryland at the White  
House.

## CAPITAL NOTICES.

Senator Gorman Wednesday intro-  
duced a resolution in the Senate as to  
the admissibility of the government  
purchasing a collection of autographs  
and historical papers collected by the  
late James C. McGuire, formerly of  
Baltimore, city, and now of Wash-  
ington, D. C. The collection is now in  
the possession of State's Attorney Joseph  
D. McGuire, of Howard county.

A large number of letters were re-  
ceived in Washington to Mr. W. E. Shreve and M. V.  
Shipley, of ELLICOTT CITY, Md.

The Navy Department has learned  
that Chili has bought a remarkably  
fast and powerful battleship.

Associate Justice Joseph P. Bradley,  
of the Supreme Court of the United  
States, died Friday morning of last  
week at his residence in Washington, aged  
seventy-eight years.

Mr. Crisp presided over the House  
Monday for the first time since his re-  
cent illness. But little business was  
transacted, the reading of the President's  
message being the absorbing incident.  
In the Senate the death of Associate  
Justice Bradley was formally announced,  
and eulogies delivered by Senators Mc-  
Pherson and Hoar.

The February Periodicals.

Professor Lanciani's paper on "The  
Pagani at Rome in the Year 17 B. C.,"  
has the foremost place in the Atlantic  
Monthly, Houghton, Mifflin Co., Bos-  
ton.

Mr. Crawford's second installment  
of "Don Quixote," gives incidentally an  
idea of the mania for speculation and  
building lately rife in Rome, and  
contains a vivid description of the  
poor assailing at a service at St. Peter's.  
"Another sketch of the Italian  
is by a young man, a printer, published in  
the Sixteenth Century." Venice is  
the scene of a charming little sketch  
called "The Descendant of the Deas."  
Harriet Leach, a contributor to "The  
Herald," who showed us "Count  
Tolstol at Home," in a recent number  
of the Atlantic, has an article on "A  
Journey on the Volga," a graphic de-  
scription of the life of the Russian  
Dana discusses "What French Girls  
Study." Professor N. S. Shaler, of Har-  
vard University, a Kentucky boy by birth,  
writes with knowledge on "The Border  
State Men of the Civil War." Professor  
E. P. Evans writes about "The Nearness  
of Animals to Men," and Mr. Albert H.  
Tolman devotes an able paper to "Stu-  
dent's Union." A discussion of "The  
League as a Political Instrument," and  
reviews of a dozen or more volumes of  
recent literature, under the title of "The  
Short Story," complete a number well

composed, and thoroughly worth read-  
ing.

Scribner's Magazine for February con-  
tains eight illustrated articles represent-  
ing the work of Robert Blum, W. L.  
Metcalfe, Irving L. Wiles, J. H. Twacht-  
man, W. L. Taylor, and other skillful  
artists. In the group of Australian  
articles there is a vivid and picturesque  
description of a life on the great  
sheep ranches which are peculiar to that  
country, fully illustrated. The notable  
group on Practical Charities is repre-  
sented in this issue by "A Model Work-  
ing-Girls' Club." The perilous work  
done by the Revenue Cutter Service of the  
United States in assigned during the  
winter months in relieving vessels in dis-  
tress, is described by Lieutenant Percy  
W. Thompson. Dr. Benjamin Sharp,  
who accompanied Lieutenant Perry  
to Greenland, tells about the iso-  
lated race discovered in 1813, in North  
Greenland. Mr. Coffin's second article  
describes the foundation of the "Poetry"  
discusses a notable group of artists.  
Another article is the unpublished re-  
miniscences of Henry Greenough, which  
describe the foundation of the "Poetry"  
discusses a notable group of artists.  
The fiction includes short  
stories by Octave Thanet, Edwin C.  
Martin, Bliss Perry, and the sixth in-  
stallment of "The Wreckers and the  
Wreckers," by the author of "The  
Wreckers and the Wreckers," a com-  
plete number which appeals to a  
wide circle of readers interested in many  
things.

\$100 Reward. \$100

The readers of THE ELLICOTT CITY  
TIMES will be pleased to learn that there  
is at least one dreaded disease that sci-  
ence has been able to cure in all its  
stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Cat-  
arrh Cure is the only positive cure now  
known to the medical fraternity. Cat-  
arrh being a constitutional disease, re-  
quires a constitutional treatment. Hall's  
Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting  
directly upon the blood and mucous  
surfaces of the system, thereby destroy-  
ing the foundation of the disease, and  
giving the patient strength by building  
up the constitution and assisting nature  
in doing its work. The proprietors  
have so much faith in the merits of  
their remedy, that they offer One Hundred Dollars  
for any case that it fails to cure. Send  
for list of testimonials. Address  
P. J. CHENEY, & CO., Toledo, O.  
Sold by druggists, 75 cents.

By order,  
WM. J. ROBINSON, Clerk.

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS  
will meet on the First and Third Tues-  
day of every month for the transaction  
of business.

By order,  
WM. J. ROBINSON, Clerk.

THE BUSINESS which has been so suc-  
cessfully carried on by Mrs. M. E. Buz-  
by for the past twenty years has been  
transferred to Mr. John C. Mooney. The  
same will be conducted by Mrs. Mooney  
and daughters on the same princi-  
ples, whereby they will be able to sell  
goods at the lowest possible rates. The  
stock has been replenished and all who  
may favor them with their presence can  
be accommodated as heretofore. Mrs.  
Buzby intends remaining in ELLICOTT CITY  
for some time, and can be seen at the  
old stand, where she will be pleased to  
see all her old patrons before her final  
departure, especially those who are in-  
debted to her for past favors, and who  
have not yet settled their old accounts for  
the past year. She respectfully requests  
all who are indebted to her to call and  
settle in full before the 1st of April,  
1892. All bills remaining unpaid at  
that time will be given to a collector  
for collection.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

A FINE FARM in the Fifth district of  
Howard county, near Highland. Con-  
tains 128 ACRES. Well watered and in  
good state of cultivation. Known as  
the Cissel Farm. Improved by a large  
FLAMM D.W. needs and necessary  
outbuildings. For further information  
apply to the undersigned.

MRS. JAMES HARBAN,  
Dayton P. O.,  
Howard county, Md.

J. E. SHIPLEY & BRO.,  
LISBON, MD.

CARPENTERS  
and Builders.

Work done by contract or by the day.  
All work guaranteed.

ALL KINDS OF  
VEGETABLES.

MRS. MARGARET HOLTMAN

would most respectfully announce that she  
keeps constantly on hand a full stock of  
VEGETABLES, which she is prepared to fur-  
nish to the customers at the shortest notice  
and at the most reasonable terms. Her  
store is always stocked with

Fresh Fruit,

Pure Groceries,

Flour and Feed.

Do not experiment by buying elsewhere, but  
purchase your GROCERIES at home. Then  
you know where to place the blame for an  
inferior article.